

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOLUME 33.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1904.

NUMBER 29.

Not War with Japan and Russia

—BUT—

A Slaughter in Goods
at prices never known
to be so cheap before.

Furniture.

A new line of Buffets, Bedroom Suits, Couches, Dining Tables, Etc.
at the right prices.
New Furniture of all descriptions arriving every day.

Crockery.

Fancy Crockery of all designs, never was so large an assortment shown
in Chelsea before.
25 in. Glass Vases, worth 50c, at 35c.
100 piece Dinner Sets, worth \$10.00, for only \$7.00.
A new stock of Chamber Sets and Combinations.
We have Glass Lamps to burn.
Call in and look over our stock it will save you money.

We carry a large assortment of Sterling Silver and Plated Ware.

Rogers' 1847 Goods always in stock.

New Crepe Paper and Shell Paper just arrived.

Hardware.

Our Hardware department is complete in all lines.
A 10 gal. Buhl Milk Can at \$1.75. Dinner Pails at 30c, and everything else in proportion.
Washing Machines, Bench Wringers and Wringers of all descriptions.
A complete line of Builders' Hardware at lowest prices.

Farm Implements.

Now is the time to look over Farm Implements to see if you are not
in need of a new Plow, Harrow, Drag, Corn Planter, Land Roller, Hay
Loader, Hay Rake, Hay Tedder, Mower, Binder, or Corn Harvester.
We have a full line of Buggies, Road Wagons, Spring Wagons and
Farm Wagons on hand at all times.

Sewing Machines from \$12.00 up

Leave your order for Lamb Woven Wire Fence for spring
delivery.

HOLMES & WALKER

A Man's Clothes

Reflect His Character.

We make clothes that are alike a credit to the wearer and to us.
We guarantee that the Suits and Overcoats we make will fit and
have the right appearance.

The Cloth Has Quality.

The Work Has Excellence.

The Suits Have Style and Fashion.

J. GEO. WEBSTER,

The Merchant Tailor.

WM. BACON-HOLMES CO.

DEALERS IN

Lumber, Coal, Salt, Cement, Etc.

See Us before You Sell or Buy.

We are Headquarters for the purchase and sale of
all kinds of

Poultry, Grain, Grass Seed and Beans.

Honest Weights and Square Dealings Guaranteed.

As Good as Our Neighbors.

OFFICE: IN THE LITTLE WOODEN COTTAGE

North of M. C. E. R.

BILL BACON, Manager.

Advertise in the Herald.

TAXES WERE UNPAID

And Municipal Treasurers Levied on the
Jackson & Suburban Traction Com-
pany's Cars.

The township treasurers of Leoni
and Grass Lake and the city treas-
urer of Jackson made a levy upon
the rolling stock of the Jackson &
Suburban Traction Company Mon-
day afternoon, and the city street
car system is tied up.

For about a month it has been
known the company was in financial
difficulties and steps had been taken
toward reorganization. It was un-
derstood that New York capitalists
stood ready to put the property,
which is considerably run down,
upon a firm basis.

Monday afternoon was the last
day for the payment of taxes, and as
promises did not materialize, the
several treasurers levied on the roll-
ing stock. The amount of taxes due
is \$5,300 and all the city lines will
be tied up until a settlement is
made. W. A. Boland, the principal
owner, is ill in New York.

Satisfactory arrangements were
made yesterday and the cars again
started running last evening.

It is understood that steps are be-
ing taken in New York, where the
chief officers of the company live, to
reorganize it on a firm financial foot-
ing.

DEATH OF MORTON F. CASE.

Pittsfield's Well Known Former Supervisor
Passed Away Very Suddenly.

Morton F. Case, the well known
ex-supervisor of Pittsfield, died very
suddenly Saturday, Feb. 27, at his
home in that township, of hemor-
rhage of the brain. Mr. Case was
one of the best known of the super-
visors of Washtenaw county. He
represented his township on the
board of supervisors for 24 years, and
so watchful was he of the financial
transactions of the county that he
acquired the name of "the watchdog
of the county treasury." He was a
staunch Republican, a good citizen,
clear sighted in his judgment, and
his advice was much sought after,
great confidence being placed in it.
He enjoyed the marked respect of
everyone, even those who did not
agree with his views, and one and all
acknowledged his honesty and up-
rightness of character. The funeral
held at his late home yesterday was
largely attended by the public men
of the county.

Washtenaw Will Have a Fair.

The Washtenaw County Fair
Association decided at its meeting
Thursday afternoon to hold a fair
this year. They will not set the
date until their next meeting, March
17. The committees that will make
the arrangements for the fair are:

Transportation—Leo Gruner.
Printing—E. D. Hiscock, Chas.
Miller, John Weston, Leo Gruner.
Premiums—William Lay, G. W.
Phelps, John Gillen, J. M. Braun,
E. D. Hiscock.

Pedigree—John Keppler, G. W.
Phelps, Wm. Clements.

By-Laws—Wm. Bolgus, J. M.
Braun, Joseph Gauntlett.

Auditing—E. E. Leland, Charles
Gauntlett, Chas. Braun.

Guarantee Fund—John Gillen, E.
D. Hiscock, Chas. Miller.

Superintendents—General, John
Gillen; cattle, Geo. W. Phelps;
horses, Joseph Gauntlett; sheep, O.
C. Burkhardt; poultry, Eber W.
Owen; culinary, Mrs. B. D. Kelly;
flowers, Mrs. T. Brogan; fine arts,
Chas. Miller; farm and garden, John
Weston; fruits, J. M. Braun; man-
ufacturing products, J. Keppler;
miscellaneous, Fred Hutzler; schools,
Chas. E. Foster; merchants' displays,
Chas. Miller; pioneer display, Mr.
and Mrs. D. B. Harris.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Dantforth, of La Grange, Ga.,
suffered for six months with a frightful
running sore on his leg; but writes that
Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in
five days. For ulcers, wounds, piles, it's
the best salve in the world. Cure guaran-
teed. Only 25 cents. Sold by Glazier &
Stimson, druggists.

Waterloo.

Orson Beeman is on the sick list.
Mabel Rowe visited Mary Parks
Sunday.

Chas. Vicary and wife visited over
Sunday in Detroit.

John and Nellie Gordon visited at
S. A. Collins' last Saturday.

Mrs. L. L. Gorton went to Detroit
last week to order spring goods.

Mrs. Wm. Horning visited Mrs.
Geo. Beeman one day last week.

Ben Barber and family called on
C. A. Barber and family Sunday.

Miss Rose Harris, of Unadilla, is
visiting S. A. Collins and family.

E. Rowe and wife visited Fred
Artz and wife, of Chelsea, Sunday.

Masters William and John Leh-
man spent Sunday at Eylert Mus-
bach's.

S. A. Collins visited with friends
and relatives in Stockbridge last
Saturday.

Jacob Rummel has logs enough
on hand to keep his mill running
until June.

Henry Lehman and wife and Geo.
Beeman and family spent Sunday at
J. Musbach's.

Rev. G. W. Gordon has been at-
tending the revival meetings in
Chelsea the past week.

Delton Foster is going to Grand
Ledge this week where he has em-
ployment for the summer.

A party of young people from
here attended Al. G. Field's Minstrels
in Jackson last Friday night.

Rev. and Mrs. Griffin have been
visiting among their parishioners at
North Waterloo the past week.

Geo. Goodwin and Harrison Had-
ley and their wives spent one day
last week with E. Rowe and wife.

Miss Edna Barber entertained
some of her schoolmates one night
last week. Flinch was the order of
the evening.

Two sleigh loads of young peo-
ple from Francisco had a very pleas-
ant evening at Henry Lehman's
Wednesday, Feb. 24.

The M. E. Ladies' Aid met at
Mrs. Sanford Dunbar's last week
Thursday. There was a large turn-
out and a good time.

Mrs. J. E. Foster is very busy at
this season of the year weaving
carpets. She is an expert at it, and
is worthy of a liberal patronage.

Rev. Dr. Bancroft, P. E., of Ann
Arbor, will preach in the M. E.
church Sunday evening, March 6, at
7 o'clock p. m. Communion ser-
vices after the preaching.

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those
tireless, little workers—Dr. King's New
Life Pills. Millions are always at work,
night and day, curing indigestion, bilious-
ness, constipation, sick headache and all
stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy,
pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25c at Glazier
& Stimson's drug store.

Southwest Sylvan.

Mrs. Fisk is on the sick list.

D. Heim sold a valuable horse to
Martin Merkel last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Walz went to Jack-
son Saturday on business.

Claud Gage is expected home
from California Saturday.

Miss Louise Heselschwerdt, of
Ann Arbor, is spending this week at
home.

Clarence Gage and wife spent
Sunday with her mother Mrs. Main
in Francisco.

Mr. Fred Smith, of Hanover, and
Mrs. Emma Jane VanHorn were
married in Jackson, Wednesday,
Feb. 24.

Unadilla.

The newly elected officers of the
Unadilla Farmers' Club for the en-
suing year are: President, Z. A.
Hartsuff; vice president, L. W.
Ostrander; recording secretary, Mrs.
Nettie Marshall; treasurer, Blanche
Glenn; corresponding secretary,
Erma Pyper. The next meeting of
the club will be held March 19, at
the home of A. C. Watson and wife.

Lima.

Carl Easton is ill with measles.
Otto Lniok spent Sunday in Lodi.
E. B. Freer spent Sunday in Ann
Arbor.

Geo. Schanz left Monday for St.
Louis, Mo.

Jay Wood and wife visited at Geo.
English's in Sylvan Saturday.

Miss Emmu Grosshans returned
to her home in Leslie last week.

Miss Eva Freer visited her sister
in Chelsea Saturday and Sunday.

Otto Stierle has leased Dr. C. L.
Parker's farm on the electric line.

Mrs. Frank Guerin and daughter,
Lola, of Chelsea, visited Mrs. O. B.
Guerin Friday.

Mesdames Fred Wedemeyer and
Chauncey Stephens, of Chelsea,
visited Mrs. Elijah Keyes Saturday.

Lyndon.

Miss Mary Gorman spent Sunday
with friends in Ann Arbor.

Jas. Howlett and wife spent Tues-
day of last week in Ann Arbor.

Elmer Jacox has sold his farm to
Willis Pickell and W. B. Collins.

Archie Clark received a carload of
cedar posts from the north recently.

Dr. T. I. Clark, of Jackson, spent
last Sunday at home with his parents
Mr. and Mrs. John Clark.

A. J. Boyce has purchased 40
acres of land from Allan Skidmore
off from the Sam West farm on the
south side of the road.

Sylvan Center.

Lewis Kellogg and Theo. Wolf
visited the school Monday.

Miss Luella Buchanan is spending
some time with her mother at this
place.

Geo. Merker, of Jackson, spent
Sunday with his mother at this
place.

Frank Cooper, wife and daughter
Mina, of Lima, visited relatives in
this vicinity Sunday.

Emmet Dancer and Mrs. J. Dan-
cer spent Thursday of last week
with Herman Pierce and family, of
Lima.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following are recent real
estate transfers in this vicinity:

Julia Foster to Edward Weber et al,
Dexter, \$200.

Lewis Hadley, by Power of Sheriff, to
Jas. L. Babcock, Lyndon, \$2,760.

David Rowe and wife to John E. Irwin,
Sharon, \$273.

John E. Irwin and wife to Max H.
Irwin, Sharon, \$4,600.

Wm. A. Boland and wife to Jackson,
Ann Arbor & Detroit Traction Co., Washtenaw
and Jackson counties, \$17,000.

Ernest Gutekunst and wife to Wm. A.
Foote, Scio, \$550.

Casper Wagner, by heirs, to Wm. A.
Boland, Scio, \$800.

Wm. C. Foster, by executors, to Wm.
A. Boland, Scio, \$95.

Michael F. Wurster and wife to Jackson,
Ann Arbor & Detroit Traction Co., Scio,
\$1,000.

Henry Chase, Jr., to Mary Millen, Lima,
\$1.

Mary Millen to White Portland Cement
Co., Lima, \$1.

Wm. J. Beach and wife to White Port-
land Cement Co., Dexter, \$600.

Elmer Beach et al to White Portland
Cement Co., Dexter, \$600.

Christopher McGuire to White Portland
Cement Co., Lima, \$3,630.

Henry J. Heininger and wife to White
Portland Cement Co., Lima, \$789.40.

Michael McGuire to White Portland
Cement Co., Lima, \$1,376.

John Lucht and wife to White Portland
Cement Co., Lima, \$941.40.

Eather E. Kishpaugh to A. P. Tutill,
Manchester and Sharon, \$3,888.

William Cassidy to J. W. Cassidy, Lyn-
don, \$700.

Lyndon School Report.

Report of school in District No.
13, fractional, Lyndon. Average
standing: Mary Gorton 96, Irene
McIntee 95, Herbert McIntee 93,
Alice Hankerd, Walter, Harr, Geo.
Rowe, Mabel Rowe, Emmet Hank-
erd, John Prendergast, Leo Pren-
dergast, Alva Beeman, 90. Herbert
McIntee and Alva Beeman have not
misspelled a word in written spelling
during the month, Alice Hankerd
missing but one.

MARGARET CONWAY, Teacher.

A Reminder

That we are here
for the purpose of
doing business. . .

3 Reasons why we are doing
business.

1st. Because we buy the best we
can get.

2nd. Because we sell as cheaply
as possible.

4th. Because we try to keep our
store neat and clean, use everybody
alike, are courteous to our custom-
ers, and aim to keep up with the
times.

A Few Bargains.

Peruna, 75c a bottle.
Swamp Root, large size, 75c a bottle
Lydia Pinkham's Comp., 75c a bottle
Compound Syrup White Pine and
Tar, 20c and 40c.
All Porous Plasters, except Rex, 18c.
Little Liver Pills, 50 doses, 18c.
Peptonized Beef, Iron and Wine,
large size, 75c.
Guaranteed Hot Water Bottles and
Syringes at lowest prices.
4711 Toilet Soap, 3 cubes for 25c.
Private Stock Sherry,
Old Reserve Port and
Sweet Catawba Wines, for medicinal
purposes, 50c a bottle.
International Stock Food, 25 pounds
free with every 100 pounds order.

Yours for Business,

FENN & VOGEL.

Druggists. Grocers.

GEORGE E. DAVIS,

Everybody's Auctioneer.
Headquarters at THE CHELSEA HERALD
office. Auction bills furnished free.

SAMP'S Spring Lift Hay Loader.

(PATENT ON FILE)
This loader has many advantages over
any other hay loader. It will load hay
from either side of the wagon from bunch
or windrows. It will also load cornstalks,
bean pods, and, in fact, anything that is
loadable.
The machine itself is manufactured from
the best materials, is durable, and war-
ranted to do the work required.
For further particulars inquire of the
inventor

CHAS. L. SAMP, Chelsea, Mich.

Choice Baked Goods.

Caspary's is the place you will al-
ways find them fresh and good.

Bread, Cakes, Pies,

Cookies, Cream Puffs,

Maccaroons and Lady Fingers.

Finest : Candies

of all kinds always in stock.

WILLIAM CASPARY

TERROR OF THE SEAS

UNCLE SAM'S FIRST STEAM WARSHIP,
THE DEMOLOGOS.

Fulton's Masterpiece That Startled
England, but Was Never in a
Fighting Career Ended
in an Unfortunate Tragedy.

In these days of naval activity all over the world, when each new scheme in marine architecture is perfected only to be surpassed by some newer invention, it is seldom recalled that the first steam battleship the world ever saw was built by an American for America. The story of the Demologos is an all but forgotten incident in naval annals, yet she was the wonder of her day and her career, before her mysterious and tragic passing, quite picturesque enough to warrant the retelling.

Planned by Robert Fulton, built by order of James Madison, the Demologos appears in history in 1814. Those were days when the good folk of the towns along the Atlantic seaboard walked in fear of attack from English ships and slept lightly through troubled dreams. Our fleet of privateers had borne themselves gallantly and well at sea, but the coast lay unprotected. President Madison and his advisers at Washington were quite as much concerned over this as the fishermen of Maine and Delaware, and then came Fulton with his proposal of a "floating battery."

The strange little craft of his suggestion corresponds most nearly perhaps to what we of today might call an unprotected gunboat for coast and harbor service, but she had "freak" features. In addition to the boilers that were to supply steam for the first time to a fighting ship she was to be fitted with furnaces in which her shot might be heated before firing. In addition to her twenty-six thirty-two pounders she was to carry four guns, two forward and two aft, which it was planned should be hung over bow or stern, as the case might be, with the idea of discharging heavy shot into the side of an enemy well below the water line. She was to be fitted with pumps and pipes through which large quantities of water might be spouted upon the decks and into the ports of her adversary. "She will be the most formidable fighting ship ever constructed," wrote Mr. Fulton in conclusion.

The scoffers laughed, and the objectors argued, but James Madison approved and worked to such good purpose that on March 14, 1814, the houses of congress appropriated \$220,000 to build the craft. Fulton was named engineer, and before June had passed the keel had been laid in the New York yards of Adam & Noah Brown. On Oct. 29 she was launched, the focus of a national celebration, with thousands gathered along the river fronts and upon the shipping that filled New York bay to cheer, not the Fulton the First, as the president had suggested the vessel be christened, but the Demologos, or "defender of the people," a name chosen by the designer himself, who turned to the classics as well as to the elements for his inspirations.

She was a mighty craft. The boiler, over which the doubters shook their heads in fear, was 22 feet long by 12 wide and 8 deep. Her 2,475 tons were to be driven by a water wheel sixteen feet in diameter. She was 156 feet over all, 56 feet beam, and her greatest depth was 20 feet.

This is how the commission entrusted by President Madison with her construction described the Demologos: "She is a vessel resting upon two keels, separated from end to end by a canal fifteen feet wide and sixty-six long. One section contains the caldrons of copper to prepare her steam. The vast cylinder of iron, with its piston, levers and wheels, occupies the other. The great water wheel revolves in the space between. She is propelled by her machinery alone.

"The main, or gun, deck supports her armament and is protected by a bulwark four feet ten inches thick of solid timber. This is pierced by portholes to enable her 32 pounders to fire redhot shot. Her upper, or spar, deck is plain."

Small wonder that England was terrified! One of the London journals whose agent in New York had gathered his information through many devious channels gave this account of the Demologos under the line "Terror of the Seas:"

"Length on deck, 300 feet; breadth, 200 feet; thickness of sides, 13 feet, of alternate oak planks and cork wood; carries forty-two guns, four of which are 100 pounders, the quarter deck and fore-castle guns being 44 pounders. Further to annoy an enemy attempting to board her, she can discharge 100 gallons of boiling water a minute and by mechanism brandish 300 cutlasses with the utmost regularity over her gun-wales; works also on an equal number of iron pikes of great length, dashing them from her sides with prodigious force and withdrawing them every quarter of a minute."

But this marvelous and dreaded vessel never faced an English foe. She made her trial trips, three of them, in the summer of 1815, establishing a "record" of fifty-three miles in eight hours without her armament and of five and a half miles an hour when fully fitted. And then, just as she might have cut for herself a place in history with her redhot shot and boiling water and "submarine" guns, peace with England was declared.

The good Demologos was never put into commission. What had a country at peace with all the world to do with so formidable a craft? She is completed, they said at Washington, and she can be got ready for service at short notice. Send her over to the new navy yard at Brooklyn. And so the "terror of the seas" crossed the bay and steamed up the East river and was anchored off the flat that lay abreast of the sta-

tion in those days, when river and harbor improvement committees were things not yet imagined. And there for fourteen years she watched the changing seasons, her protected wheel, unrolled, asleep in its well, her water unboiled, and her shot unheated, yet not wholly useless, for she was the receiving ship.

The end came on a June evening in 1820, came suddenly, mysteriously, tragically. There were visitors aboard, examining, perhaps, those four famous "submarine" guns of which such mighty things had been expected, when there came an explosion, and the Demologos lay a ruined and blackened wreck, with twenty-five dead upon the decks that had never before been stained with blood. This much the official reports tell, though they throw no light on the cause of the catastrophe. And so closed in bloodshed the peaceful career of the world's first steam battleship—Warwick James Price in New York Mail and Express.

NAPOLEON'S DOWNFALL.

Some Popular Delusions About the
Battle of Waterloo.

Three of the commonest delusions about Waterloo are:

First.—That Napoleon had the finest army he ever commanded. Nothing is more false. The men mistrusted their officers, the officers mistrusted the future. Every department was hopelessly short of capable leaders, and as for the marshals whom he had relied on for his former triumphs he now lacked Massena, Lannes, Davout, Marmont, Murat, Berthier, to take but six. As for the Old Guard of Austerlitz, Jena and Wagram, it had died in Russia, and especially at Vilna, while those of his men who were not "Maria Louises" had either been cowed in Prussian fortresses or Russian prisons or broken at Vittoria or after Leipzig. His cavalry was undisciplined and badly led, his horses untrained and half starved.

Second.—That Wellington, as he declared, had an "infamous army," the worst he ever commanded. It is true that the Americans can lay unction to their souls from the fact that the best regiments we had at Waterloo were those they had just so severely repulsed at New Orleans. Henceforth their pride in Waterloo is that "des vainqueurs des vainqueurs du monde." Yet men of the rifle brigade, of the King's Own and of the Forty-fourth regiment were not troops that even Wellington could justly decry. It is true that of his 68,000 troops only 24,000 were English, but the German legion, the Hanoverians and the Brunswickers were as good.

Third.—That, as Sir William Fraser considered, Wellington, unassured of Blucher's aid, would have declined the battle. Whether Wellington could have declined battle without losing Brussels or the campaign is a problem for experts, but he had certainly no right to count on Blucher for the 18th. Wellington had half promised to help Blucher at Ligny, but found himself unable to do so, though pinned by an inferior general and a smaller army than his own. After Ligny, Wellington might hope for a juncture with Blucher, but he could not reasonably expect sufficient of the Prussian army to extricate him. Blucher himself was likely enough to turn up—in fact, Napoleon told Gourgaud that this cerviceur brute would have rushed to Wellington, if only with two battalions.—Henry Foljambe Hull in Spectator.

A Medical Incident in "Romola."

It is not surprising that George Eliot, with all her knowledge of the innermost workings of the human mind, should have lost her way when dealing with the morbid changes of mind and brain? Tito's father, Baldassare, had been a great scholar, but after a long illness his memory upon recovery became a perfect blank; he could recall nothing of his scholarship, though he had not forgotten who he was. With all this, Baldassare is not represented as having lost his reason. He remembers his past life, but he can no longer read or write or recall any of his scholarship for which he had been so distinguished. It was not amnesia or agaphia with which he was afflicted. It was a form of cerebral disease known only to the eminent novelist.—British Medical Journal.

A Matter of Opinion.

Time was—and this, too, in modern ages—when no one was considered a scholar unless he could discourse in Greek, and in one age of the world red eyes were in the highest type of beauty. In China now the greatest beauty is the one with the smallest feet. In Peru a lady is not considered dressed unless her face is hidden. A dozen different doctors will maintain conflicting opinions touching both diagnosis and remedy in a sick patient. A story is told of a certain artisan who was designing so simple a thing as an axe handle. Seven different people who professed to know what was the correct thing advised him to make it in seven different ways. He followed no one's advice, but made a perfect handle—this according to his own opinion.—Exchange.

The Size of the Moon.

As seen by different persons, the size of the moon varies from that of a cart wheel to a silver dollar. To many it seems about a foot in diameter, from which Professor Young concludes that to the average man the distance of the surface of the sky is about 110 feet. It is certain that artists usually represent the moon much too large in size in their paintings. Occasionally they represent it in evening scenes with the horns turned downward instead of upward, whereas they must always point away from the sun. The true angular size of the moon is about half a degree, so that it can always be concealed behind a lead pencil held at arm's length.

ESSENTIALS of THE AGREEABLE MAN

By Mrs. FRANK
LESLIE



THE agreeable man must not be selfish, or at least he must by education and good breeding have learned so to DISGUISE that "original sin" common to every child of Adam that it shall not offend other people. As for eliminating it, I do not suppose that is ever done, and perhaps it would not be well if it could be, for if self preservation is the first law of nature a certain amount of selfishness is as NECESSARY to the protection of every man as claws are to a cat. The thing is to keep those same claws sheathed in a velvet paw.

But an agreeable man must not make SELF his perpetual topic, especially in society or with mere acquaintances. There are, to be sure, occasions and companies when he can do nothing better than to talk of himself, but he must have that divine gift of tact to know WHEN those occasions present themselves. Between man and man I doubt if these occasions ever do present themselves or if a man is ever interested in getting an interior view of another man's character unless in the way of business or for legal investigation or some other practical result.

But a woman—that is to say, an intelligent woman—is generally keenly interested in studying the "TRUE INWARDNESS" of masculine human nature. She loves to point out the faults she discovers and to bestow much sage advice, exhortation and warning. She loves to exclaim in pretty wonder at modes of thought and action so different from her own, to argue which method is better and to ask explanations of what is contrary to her own experience. In fact, there are appropriate occasions when a man can establish himself as an agreeable man in no way so surely as BY TALKING ABOUT HIMSELF, but, as I said before, he has to know how and when.

But there is ONE topic perfectly safe for a man to choose if a woman is his sole auditor, and that is herself. It is an infallible rule for being agreeable—that is to say, of course, if he knows how to treat the topic. A STRANGER MUST NOT PLUNGE AT ONCE INTO PERSONALITIES unless, indeed, his auditor is one of those women with whom an inordinate love of flattery outruns self respect. Such women there are, to whom a man in the first half hour of their acquaintance may praise her face, her figure, her dancing or her clothes and meet with complacent acceptance.

THERE ARE OTHER WOMEN, HOWEVER, WHO WOULD MEET SUCH AUDACITY WITH FREEZING REBUKE, SO THAT A MAN HAS NEED TO BE VERY CAREFUL IN THE BEGINNING OF AN ACQUAINTANCE, ALTHOUGH HE MAY BE PRETTY SURE THAT IF HE KNOWS MY SWEET LADY DISDAIN LONG ENOUGH HE WILL COME TO THE SAME POINT IN THE END.

THE FARMER IS THE BALANCE WHEEL OF PROSPERITY

By JAMES WILSON, Secretary of Agriculture

TO one familiar with the situation it must appear that there will be no panic in this country now, so long as the farmer of the United States is able to produce good and salable crops. THE AMERICAN FARMER SUSTAINS THE COUNTRY and feeds a great portion of the world. He is virtually independent of any other class.

Let me premise by giving a few figures. From 1880 to 1890 the average of exports of farm products was more than \$703,000,000. In 1901 they were \$952,000,000. In 1903 the surplus, which we did not need in this country and was sold abroad, amounted to \$878,000,000.

It was the farmer who held the balance of trade with the United States. Excluding the products of the farm, there was during the period from 1899 to 1902 an annual adverse balance of trade amounting to \$62,000,000. Including the farm products, THIS BALANCE IS WIPED OUT, and we have left \$275,000,000 to the credit of this country. During 1903 there was an unfavorable balance of trade in exports and imports other than those of the farm, which amounted to \$56,000,000, but when the farmer's part in the international commerce is included the balance in our favor is just about \$367,000,000.

HERE YOU HAVE THE TREMENDOUS RESERVE SUSTAINING POWER OF THE FARMERS OF THIS COUNTRY. THEY ARE THE PEOPLE WHO PAY THE FOREIGN BONDHOLDERS.

I will tell you that the farmers are independent of the banks, the money lenders or anybody else. They are prosperous. In the east anybody can see it for himself. They are getting good prices for their grain, hay, milk, butter, cheese, fruits and other produce. Think of the prices for eggs and poultry! Then they have the advantage over their western brethren in not having the long haul and heavy freight rates.

The farmers of the west were NEVER in such easy circumstances. Their crops have been good, and the demand from abroad has been such as to keep the prices at a comfortable figure. This is true of everything the farmer raises to sell—hogs, cattle, wool, etc.

On the Pacific coast the story is the same. There the trade is opening with the orient, and there the farmers have the advantage of a soil which will raise almost everything, including fruits which outsell the tropical fruits and which can be sent across the country and shipped to Europe at a profit. THEY ARE DOING SPLENDIDLY.

In the south the farmer who raises even a small crop of cotton has provided for himself. Tobacco was never in greater demand. The south is rapidly becoming AS PROSPEROUS AS THOSE OTHER SECTIONS of the country which escaped the devastations of civil war.

NO THOROUGHFARE

By KATH EDWARDS

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"Well, I never!" Gladys sat down on the bank of the little stream and gazed despairingly at the rustic bridge above her. "If that isn't just like him! 'No Thoroughfare' and the gate locked and too high to climb. Now, what on earth am I to do anyway?"

The whispering wind and the lapping waves gave her no reply, and, pulling a letter out of the front of her blouse, she read it for the third or fourth time that day. It seemed to restore her self confidence. She laughed to herself wickedly. "Hum! Mrs. Graham is a dear, but I fancy I've fooled that conceited Jack of hers. No, thank you; no four mile drive with him. I'm down here, to be sure, but I won't speak two words to him all the time I stay if I can help it. So! Oh, dear, I wish I had a boat!"

As if in answer to her desire a red canoe shot out from beyond the bend and came noiselessly down the river. A man sat in the stern wielding the paddle with a swift grace. Gladys arose among the long grass and the daisies. Her mind was made up.

"I beg pardon," she called as he came abreast of her. "Can you tell me if there is a way of getting to Mr. Graham's estate except by this bridge? It seems to be closed."

The man in the canoe rested his paddle across his knees and gazed at her admiringly.

"Why, I—" he began, then stopped. "There is an approach by the road," he said, "but it is quite two miles to the other side."

"Oh," she said, "I know! But I've walked so far already." She glanced ruefully down at her dusty patent leather ties.

"Would you allow me?" he asked eagerly. "I could take you across in my canoe."

She blushed charmingly. "I hate to trouble you."

"I assure you it would give me the greatest pleasure," he said, with another admiring glance.

With a dextrous stroke or two he brought the graceful little craft up to the bank and landed. He was tall and brown and broad shouldered, and as he stood looking down at her he saw a little slender girl with the longest eyelashes that ever drooped over a pair of gray eyes, in a dark blue foulard, bare-headed in the golden sunlight, a big black hat held in one hand. On her forehead and around her ears danced little tuant wisps of curly hair.

He helped her into the canoe and piled the gay cushions at her back, then stepped in after her.

"Where are you going?" she asked as he pointed the canoe up stream. "I understood you to say you would take me across," she added, with some statelyness.

"That's such a nasty place to land," he replied apologetically. "It's much better a little farther up."

His dark eyes sought hers, and they both laughed. It was obvious to the most casual observer that the sloping shore on the other side was most admirably adapted for beaching the canoe.

"You seem well acquainted with the river," she said demurely. "Do you know the Grahams?"

He did not answer immediately. "Yes; charming woman, Mrs. Graham," he admitted at last.

"Oh, yes; lovely. It's a pity her son doesn't take after her," Gladys replied, with high scorn.

Her companion grinned. "It's evident you know him," he said.

"Well, I haven't seen him in years, but when I saw him last he was absolutely the most disagreeable, most conceited and altogether most hateful boy I ever came across." Gladys sat up quite straight among her cushions with a sudden energy.

"Poor Jack!" murmured her companion. "Still, if you haven't seen him for years it isn't impossible that he has improved."

"Improved! Well, I'm sure I hope so. There certainly was room for improvement. But I don't believe he has. The idea of shutting people out by locking up that bridge the way he has! It's just like him. So afraid he would get into his domains. Just as though any one with sense would want to."

"Exactly. But possibly he wants to keep out that class of people supposed to be braver than angels, you know."

"Fools?" she questioned. Then they both laughed again.

"You're not very polite," she said.

"How can you expect me to be sympathetic when the bridge being locked has given me this pleasure?"

"Oh!" she exclaimed, with incredulous eyes. "Anyway, I forgive you. But if I'd had my way I shouldn't have been here at all."

"Now, it's you that are impolite," he said.

"Yes, and ungrateful," she admitted frankly. "It's simply lovely out here. It's the only pleasant thing about the whole trip. Goodness, if you only knew how I hated to come! I wept day and night for weeks. But mother was adamant."

He looked at her appreciatively, wondering how any human being could be proof against eyes like those filled with tears.

"Mothers are inconsistent at times," he said. "Mine, for instance, has been systematically indulging and spoiling me all my life and now has taken it into her head that I must marry a girl

she had picked out for me whether I want to or not."

"Why, that's just the question on which mother and I differed," Gladys gasped. "She and his mother arranged it all years ago, it seems, and he's unmanly enough to keep her to her word, though he must know I hate him. You wouldn't find a girl doing a thing like that!"

"Wouldn't you, though? This particular young lady of whom I speak is of so clinging a disposition that, according to my mother, she will never know happiness unless I brace up and woe. Why in thunder she should be in love with a man she hasn't seen since she was a child is more than I can conceive!" He paddled angrily for a moment. Then once again his eyes met hers, and they laughed.

"We seem to be figuratively as well as literally in the same boat," she remarked. "The thought makes me quite fond of you."

"Ah, if I could but believe you in earnest!" he sighed, with exaggerated gallantry.

She darted him another look from under her lashes.

"Weren't you smoking when I called to you?" she asked presently. "Why, there's your pipe. Do let me fill it for you. I love to fuss with pipes."

"It's all I need to complete my happiness," he assured her as he handed her his pipe. "My pouch is in the left hand pocket of my coat. Can you get it? It's right behind you there."

She leaned back and secured the thin serge coat, rummaged in his pocket and brought forth a chamouis pouch elaborately embroidered with the initials "J. G." in crimson. She looked at the inscription for a moment, then at its owner.

He watched her as she pressed the tobacco into the bowl with a delicate thumb. "There," she said as she handed it to him. "Lean over, and I'll light it for you."

She shaded the sputtering match with her hand and applied the flame to the tobacco. Her face was very near his, and it was a face to set a man longing.

She settled herself once more among the cushions. "Isn't this comfy?" she sighed, with satisfaction. "When I remember that walk from Digby in all the dust, I can't realize it's me!"

"Great Scott! Did you walk from Digby?"

"Yes. You see, they wrote that a certain person would meet me at Grahamsford, so I got out at Digby and walked. Anything was better than a four mile ride with—the person who was coming to meet me. That's why I'm here."

"What a coincidence!" he exclaimed as he knocked the ashes from his pipe. "At this moment I am supposed to be driving home from Grahamsford with a young lady whom I didn't want to meet. That's why I'm here!"

She was busy watching the ripples that followed the canoe.

"It appears to me our mothers have been fibbing," she said musingly.

"Bless their hearts!" he exclaimed fervently. "I forgive them, don't you? Besides, I am just discovering that your mother at least spoke the truth. And I mean to be obedient in all things from this time forth forever more," he added boldly.

"Amen," she said, with mock solemnity. But how self sacrificing! Then, with a look that set his heart beating, "Well, I will not be outdone in filial devotion." Her lashes flickered against her reddening cheek. With one stroke he beached the canoe among the shadows of the trees.

An hour later Mrs. Graham came to meet them down the long avenue bordered with oaks.

"My dear children!" she cried joyfully. "I see it is all right. I knew that ride from the station would be just the thing."

The Stem Winder.

When Michael McGurk was a longshoreman Mrs. McGurk took to washing and called herself a "washer lady," but when Mike became a stevedore and gathered together the emoluments of his bossing his wife put on airs and decided that her two daughters should be educated and marry millionaires. Bridget McGurk found it somewhat difficult to induce "fine people," as she called them, to invite her girls to their parties. Once she got them in at a "social" and went with them as chaperon, dressed in a stunning sea green silk with red trimmings.

They had decided to get there early and not miss anything to be seen of "society." Other guests were, as usual, late in arriving, and one lady of very humble lineage fidgeted nervously till Mrs. McGurk beamed upon her and said it was "a fine evening." And the ice being broken, the nervous lady asked the lady in green the time. That lady felt around her corpulent anatomy and, with a sigh of regret and a look of sadness, said:

"Begorra, ma'am, I'm sorry, but I've left the self feeder at home."—New York Herald.

Misunderstood.

This illustrates the way in which children are misunderstood:

A car, crowded full of people, a little girl squeezed down in one corner among bundles and looking over the top of a bandbox containing a dress for a fashionable lady uptown—a poor, little, half pinched up, shriveled little girl.

In walks a fashionable young woman, superbly dressed, and bounces herself down on a seat. This little girl keeps her eyes on this young woman; never takes them off. The young woman gets a little restive about it. Finally as she starts to get out she says:

"The next time a lady gets into the car I'll thank you not to stare her out of countenance."

The little girl says, "Ah, miss, I was only thinking how beautiful you were."—Schoolmaster.

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SURRENDERED HIS BEAT.

Colorado Representative Voluntarily Leaves the House.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Representative Shaffroth of the first district of Colorado has furnished a profound sensation in the house by voluntarily relinquishing his seat as a member of the house. The many and earnest words of the Colorado member fairly took the breath of the house as he proceeded to put the first case on record in that body where a member gave up his seat, acknowledging that his election had been tainted by fraud.

For this fraud Mr. Shaffroth declared he was not in any way responsible nor was he aware that it had been perpetrated until the evidence had been deduced before the elections committee of the house. It was not done, he said further, for the purpose of causing his election. As he announced the conclusion of eight years' service in this manner, most unsatisfactory to himself, his voice betokened the emotion he felt. The hush which spread over the floor and galleries when the purport of his remarks was realized became almost painful. But when he got down with words of thanks on his lips for the treatment he had received from his colleagues on both sides of the chamber applause burst forth and continued long and hearty. Mr. Olmstead, chairman of the committee in charge of the contest, recognized the unusual position Mr. Shaffroth had taken. He said the investigation by his committee exonerated Mr. Shaffroth from any connection with the irregularities which had been shown. The stand taken, he said, was a most manly and courageous one. The committee had taken no action toward formulating its report to the house on the case and the surprising initiative taken by Mr. Shaffroth, as had been explained by him, was based on the showing made by the handwriting expert employed to examine the ballots.

Following the suggestion of Mr. Shaffroth in his speech to the house, Mr. Olmstead hastily drew up the proper resolution for his unseating and the seating of Mr. Bonyne, and this was agreed with silent assent, whereupon the house adjourned.

Tri-State Sportmen's Show Opens.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 16.—Although working against tremendous difficulties in shape of the zero weather, the third annual exhibition of the Tri-State Automobile and Sportsmen's show association opened its doors to the public last night in Light Guard armory with the biggest display of vehicles and sundries yet seen in Detroit. The crowd, while not as large as on some of the nights at last year's record-breaker, was amply satisfactory in view of the weather handicap. Most of the exhibits were in shape.

Shot by Man He Discharged.

Lawrenceburg, Ind., Feb. 16.—Thomas Meaney, a gang foreman for the Shutt Improvement Co., near Weisberg, was fatally shot by an Austrian laborer whom he had discharged. Although the shooting was witnessed by more than a hundred men, the Austrian escaped. A posse of officers and men are in pursuit.

Michigan Census Bill Passed.

Washington, Feb. 16.—The senate has passed the house bill authorizing the director of the census to co-operate with the state of Michigan in taking the census of manufactures of that state. The bill also provides for a like co-operation in other states.

Bulgarians Dynamited a Bridge.

Salonica, European Turkey, Feb. 16.—A band of Bulgarians on Feb. 15 dynamited a bridge between Demirhisar and Djumbala. Seven workmen and two soldiers were killed.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Michael Davitt, the Irish leader called on President Roosevelt Monday and presented him with a black thorn stick.

The ice bridge and ice mountain at Niagara Falls have reached unusual proportions. Such a large mass of ice has been brought down from the lake that the mountain has approached to within twenty-five feet of the crest of the cataract.

Dr. E. A. De Schweinitz, chief of division in the agricultural department Washington, and one of the foremost chemists in the country, is dead of uremia. In recent years he had been dean of the medical school of the Columbian university.

A consolidation was effected at a meeting held in Springfield, Ill., of the directors of the fraternal Army of Loyal Americans and the Royal Circle. The consolidated organizations will be known as the Loyal Americans.

New Mormon colonies are to be established in the southern state of Tabasco on the Guatemalan line, Mexico. A large hacienda has been purchased for the colonists and in a few days a party of mormons will arrive at San Juan Bautista, capital of Tabasco.

During the patriotic demonstrations at Warsaw, Russia, on Sunday a certain Count Dembsky became demented and fired into a crowd from the balcony of his residence. He killed three persons and wounded twenty. He tried to commit suicide before he was secured.

Representative Maynard of Virginia has introduced a bill into congress appropriating \$3,000,000 and providing for a government board to arrange the Jamestown, Va., expedition in 1907 in celebration of the 300th anniversary of the first English-speaking settlement in North America.

GAMES OF CHILDREN

SURVIVALS, AS A RULE, OF ANCIENT RITES AND CUSTOMS.

"London Bridge" Possesses an Exceedingly Sinister Significance, and "Hopscotch" Originated in the Old Myth of the Minotaur's Labyrinth.

It is a fact that English boys and girls in their plays and pastimes are the unconscious keepers of the archaic archives of our forbears. Children are instinctive conservatives. They play the old games and repeat the old rhymes century after century with little if any variation.

"Blind man's buff," for example, a survival of the rites peculiar to the worship of Odin, the sightless deity, is played today exactly as it was played 2,000 years ago.

So, too, is "tag," which was originally a fragment of a sacred pantomime or miracle play, portraying the old, old story of Diana and her nymphs.

In "London bridge is broken down" we are treated to the entire ritual of the foundation sacrifice, that widespread hideous custom which decreed that a living child must be sacrificed to the god of the structure ere it could be expected to stand firm.

First, it will be remembered, the children urge alternative measures. "London bridge is broken down!" cry the two leaders, standing with uplifted hands clasped so as to form an arch, beneath which the other little players race as if in dread.

"Build it up with bricks and mortar," is the reply.

"Bricks and mortar will mold away." "Build it up with penny loaves, with gold and silver, set a man to watch all day, set a dog to bark all night," and the rest of it.

Then, lastly, the hands are unclasped, the "arch" falls, catching one of the players, preferably a little girl, in its mock descent, after which all the children shout in unison: "Hurrah! Hurrah! Now 'twill last for aye and a day, with a fair lady."

An allied game is called "threading the needle." A chain of children pass under an arch formed by the uplifted joined hands of two other children, one being eventually taken prisoner in the usual way. Sussex children say this "makes the wheat grow." French children cry in unison while racing under the arch: "Oats, oats, oats! May the good God prosper you!"

Here we get a relic of the immolation of the meriah, or sacred sacrificial victim, to the corn god of the ancients, a custom once everywhere prevalent, and continued until quite lately at Benin city, in India, and elsewhere.

"Hopscotch" is an old game. Its germ was almost certainly the labyrinth and the well nigh universal myth of the Minotaur. Afterward, on the introduction of Christianity, the labyrinth was abandoned, to be replaced by the ground plan of the basilica, the earliest Christian church.

The players divided it in seven parts, as they believed heaven to be divided, and placed paradise in the position of the altar, the inner sanctum of their earthly church. The whole game came then to represent the progress of the soul from earth to heaven through various intermediate states, the name given to the last "court" being invariably "paradise" or its equivalent.

Well worship, one of the earliest and most widespread of religious cults, is symbolized in many games, notably in the one where the children sing:

Draw a pall of water
For a lady's daughter.

The seesaw movement of the players at the beginning of this ancient and still popular game is intended to represent the raising of the water from the well. Next is announced the arrival of the devotee, "my lady's daughter," collecting flowers for decking the well (shrine), making a cake for presentation to the god (or goddess) of the well, offerings of jewelry, and so on. It can be played by no mere chance that a game played by rustic village children today duplicates step by step each detail of the ritual of the primitive well worshippers.

It is the same with almost all the genuine old children's games. Everywhere can be traced degenerate, fragmentary survivals of the social life, ceremonies and religious practices of our early ancestors.

"Here we go round the mulberry bush," for instance, is a survival of tree worship. "Cat cradle," played practically by all savage and civilized peoples the world over, has its hidden significance of horrid rites. It is a commonplace, the important part played in black magic by string, cords and knots.

But it is the so-called matrilinial games that throw the most lurid light on the social manners and customs of our prehistoric savage forefathers.

"Here we come gathering nuts in May" symbolizes that earliest form of sexual union, marriage by capture. In this game, as played to this very day on many a British village green, there enters absolutely no element of love or courtship. The object of each male child is to obtain possession of a female child by brute strength, and he always tries his luck or his skill "on a cold and frosty morning," of course.

In those dim, faraway days there were no roads. Across the frozen mires into the wildest recesses of the swamps "forest primeval" he could swampy "forest primeval" he could under such atmospheric conditions bear his bride in safety.

"Kiss in the ring" brings us down to a far later date. The evolution of marriage has reached the point at which choice or selection becomes the dominant factor, although there is still the pretense of running away, the feigned resistance to capture and its concomitant betrothal.

Still more modern is the game known as "knights from Spain," in which one

lad stands out pre-eminently from the others.

"I am a gentleman come from Spain; I've come to court your daughter Jane," chants the child suitor, to which the "mother" of the assembled girls makes reply:

"My daughter Jane is yet too young To listen to your forward tongue."

There is much more in the same style, but it ends up with the chorus, sung by both sides (all the children) in unison:

"Let her be young or let her be old
For her beauty she must be sold."

Here we get, of course, marriage by purchase, which everywhere superseded in course of time marriage by capture and which is not even yet by any means entirely extinct.

The worldwide custom which decreed that the bride should make and bake some dainty for her spouse on the wedding eve is faintly symbolized in the favorite old Kentish singing game:

(Polly) made a pudding so nice and sweet,
And (Johnnie) got his knife and cut it
round so neat.

Saying, "Taste, love, taste, love, don't say nay,
For tomorrow-morrow-morrow is our wedding day."

Our wedding cake is of course an unsentimental survival of this pretty custom.

But perhaps the most interesting from the ethnologist's point of view of all children's games is that where the players sing the old familiar refrain, commencing:

Sally, Sally, water,
Sprinkle in the pan,
Cry Sally, cry Sally,
For a young man.

Here "water" is not the surname to Sally, but actual water, as the context, "sprinkle in the pan," plainly shows. It is a relic of water worship, which everywhere has to do with love, marriage and children. "Cry" does not mean to weep, but to "cry" aloud her wish (for a young man), as the town "crier" to this day "cries" things or as children "cry" forfeits.

Note that it is the girl now that makes known her need of a husband. The game is, in fact, a survival of the matriarchate of our remote pre-Celtic progenitors, that strange, little understood custom which gave to the women the privilege of wooing, of ruling, of inheriting, and relegated man to an altogether subordinate position in the communal homestead.—Pearson's Weekly.

COLOR BLIND PEOPLE.

Their Affliction Causes Them to Do Queer Things at Times.

A well-known oculist, while discussing some of the various defects of the human eye which are not noticeable to the ordinary observer, had this to say about color blind people:

"The world must be a curious place to color blind people, of whom there are forty males and three females to every thousand persons. Some are blue-yellow blind, and everything seems either red, green or gray to them. Others are red-green blind, and all things appear to them to be yellow, blue or gray of various shades, and others again perceive no distinction of color at all, but the whole world wears an unchanging aspect of dull gray."

"To these last a visit to a picture gallery would reveal merely a collection of engravings or photographs. But the two former have the compensation of seeing their own two colors much more brightly than ordinary people."

"The color blind do extraordinary things at times. An officer of the navy went one day to buy material for a coat, vest and trousers. He bought a blue coat and red trousers, believing them of the same color. A British admiral painted a landscape and was very proud of his performance, but he made the tree red, thinking it the same color as green. When he purchased a pair of trousers he chose green ones, suspecting them to be brown."

"An architect's pupil, being directed to copy the picture of a brown house, made the house green, the sky scarlet and the roses blue."

"A postoffice clerk was always short in his accounts because he could not distinguish the different colored stamps, and a sedate Quaker has been known to buy a green coat for himself and a red gown for his wife, thinking they were both brown."

"If you see a man in the street with a preposterous display of colors, charitably believe him to be one of the color blind."

"Just why the eyes of women are less defective in the matter of distinguishing colors than those of men is one of the things in nature that are unexplained. The construction is the same, yet woman's superiority in matching colors has always been recognized even where man has had the advantage of long experience."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Winter Fodder in Kashmir.

In Kashmir they have a novel method of putting fodder up for winter use. The country lies in a valley among the Himalayas. The chief industry of the people consists in raising fine wool and in making this into fabrics which have carried the name of the country all over the world. As in winter snow lies some five or six yards deep, supplies of hay are hung among the branches of trees, where they are easily reached by the flocks of sheep.

Nothing in It.

Two men were tashing the air violently and hurling epithets at each other.

"Hold on," said a passerby to his companion. "Let's wait and see the scrap."

They stood and watched for a moment until it became evident that one of the disputants was afraid and the other "dassent."

"Come on," said the companion. "It's only a scrap of conversation."—Brooklyn Eagle.

In the House of the Loving Heart

By Keith Gordon

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"The idea of any wise person caring for money, especially in New York," she glibed as they sank down upon one of the benches at the entrance to the park. The carriages were hurrying feverishly after one another as if happiness lay at the other end or else rolling sadly back again as if to indicate that it was not there after all.

Hazard turned an astonished face toward her.

"You're glib," he observed disapprovingly. "New York's the place where one needs it most. Every one knows that."

"Every one," she echoed with scorn. "And why? Simply because 'every one' is suffering from the greed of possession. They want to possess, not to enjoy. They buy—buy! Then they put what they have bought into a safe deposit vault and hurry off to Europe, where they begin all over again. There's one of them now." And she nodded gayly in response to a bow from a lady in a passing victoria.

"Who is it?" asked Hazard laconically.

"Mrs. Lofly," laughed the girl, following the disappearing carriage with derisive eyes. "Poor thing!"

"Then you'd rather be Ellise Sherwin, student of art, and sit here on a bench with a poor young lawyer than be Mrs. Lofly, would you?" he asked, watching a lock of hair which the spring wind blew softly across her cheek.

"I certainly would," she replied with promptness. "She never has any time for enjoyment or cultivation or reading or—anything that counts," she edged vaguely. "You see, she has responsibilities. There are the servants. Of course I don't need to tell you about the awfulness of the servants. Then there is her house, one of those fearful places that just grip you by the throat when you enter and throttle you."

She paused for breath, with a reminiscent expression. Then she continued: "You feel as if some one has just died—or perhaps 'demised' would be more in accord with the furnishing."

"But one doesn't need to do such things with money," her companion interrupted with argumentative intention.

"No, I don't suppose one does. And yet they generally do. You see, no-blesse oblige seems to demand that when you have a million or upward you copy one of the royal palaces of Europe and live your poor little republican life in it, though I'm sure I don't know why," she finished thoughtfully.

"Still, money is a good thing, and you can't say that it isn't. A fellow must have decent clothes, and it strikes me that that simple little tailor made gown that you are wearing cost"—he screwed his face up in the effort at appraisal—"about \$100."

"Only \$75," she corrected and returned to her subject somewhat hurriedly.

"There's another thing. When you're rich you just have to have a complexion—and no mere man can know what a fearful responsibility that is. It's worse than servants! You have to employ beauty doctors and have little pots of greasy stuff about. You should see Mrs. Lofly's supply. It is immense."

Hazard smiled in an absent way and then began with the air of a man who is weighing his words, "If you really prefer a castle in Spain to anything"—

She cut him short.

"Have I ever told you about mine?" He shook his head.

She pointed in the direction of the great, dark hotel which frowned down upon them.

"It's a vanishing, nest pas?" she mimicked. "Behold in its place my House of the Loving Heart! I think the name especially telling since it is situated, as you see, on what we might call the Street of Love of Money."

"I hope you see the house plainly. The style is a sort of modified Italian, with a projecting cornice and an inner court."

Hazard nodded.

"Don't you think the boxes of hyacinths in the windows and the big, low entrance give it a friendly look? That is what I aim at particularly," she explained with well feigned anxiety, "a friendly looking house."

"Great!" was Hazard's feeling comment. "But who in thunder is that man standing at the window?" and he strained his eyes toward the great hotel. Then he turned to her with an expression of pleased and innocent surprise. "By Jove, it's me!"

"It looked so homely and inviting, I suppose, that I couldn't resist it," he explained as he noticed the warm flush rising in her cheeks.

In a moment she had recovered herself.

"Since you are in I hope you like the divans and the low table and the books and pictures. Please notice, too, that things are within reach. It doesn't look, does it, as if I were trying to live up to my fortune or suggest that I have stopped to think what Mrs. Lofly would have done under similar circumstances?"

"Not a bit," he assured her heartily, while the peculiar compression of the lips of an old gentleman sitting next them indicated suppressed amusement.

"Well, come on, then! Now, this room, which has everything beautiful and useful and comfortable that I could find to put into it, is for my heart'sick and discouraged friends. Some of them I shall not have met before. But in some way, I don't know how, they will find their way to this

little door (it opens quietly on Fifty-eighth street, you see), and I shall cheer them up."

"Leave care behind, all those who enter here," he murmured, as if he were reading an inscription.

The girl laughed in a pleased way. "Excellent! A public sympathizer is really what we need. I believe as many people fall from lack of sympathy and encouragement as from lack of ability."

She had grown suddenly earnest, and her eyes filled with tears. Hazard leaned toward her in real distress.

"So silly of me," she began, with a little shake in her voice. "But there have been some rough places—places where Mrs. Lofly, for instance, has looked on from her luxurious life and said: 'I hope you'll get on all right. Goodby, dear!' and left me with loneliness and discouragement eating my heart, and I have felt that in my House of the Loving Heart I should like to have it different."

The old man in the next seat shifted himself around so as to get a better view of the girl's face, but neither of the young people noticed him, and she began her description once more.

"These bedrooms are the best in the house. I intend them for my poor friends. Still, I have indulged in small economies. Now, for instance, in these rooms"—and with a wave of the hand she ushered him into another imaginary suite—"the appointments, though very comfortable, are less luxurious. In these I shall install my rich friends when they visit me."

An unmistakable chuckle escaped from the old gentleman, and Hazard and Miss Sherwin turned in his direction in surprise. But he was bowing to the occupant of a belated carriage, all unconscious apparently of their existence.

"I shall entertain a good deal for my poor friends—give them a chance to meet interesting people and get out of the ruts of their workaday lives," Miss Sherwin resumed. "But the rich ones"—her eyes were dancing mischievously—"I shall ask only on ordinary occasions when I am having simple, wholesome dinners that won't make them discontented with their lot."

They looked at each other and broke into long and merry laughter. Hazard's worldliness had vanished like a cloud.

"It's a great idea, sweetheart," he said softly, "and I'd like to work to make it come true. Would you let me—do you think?"

But the blushes were so violent this time that he got no further, and besides the old gentleman was standing before them.

"I am Jasper Clark," he said simply, and at that name they both stared at him in amazement. "I know you'll forgive an old man for listening." Then with a bow he continued whimsically: "I should very much like the pleasure of your company at dinner"—and he made a gesture toward the Millionaires' club over the way. "You see, the time may come when I shall want to enter that quiet little door on Fifty-eighth street." And he glanced with kindly eyes at the future mistress of the House of the Loving Heart.

"Serendipity."

This word is a coinage of Horace Walpole's. Writing about a discovery he had made in connection with his picture of Bianca Capello, he says:

"This discovery I made by a tallismen, which Mr. Chute calls the Sortes Walpolianae, by which I find everything I dip for it. This discovery indeed is almost of that kind which I call serendipity, a very expressive word, which, as I have nothing better to tell you, I shall endeavor to explain to you. You will understand it better by the derivation than by the definition. I once read a silly fairy tale called 'The Three Princes of Serendip.' As their highnesses traveled they were always making discoveries, by accidents and sagacity, of things which they were not in quest of. For instance, one of them discovered that a mule blind of the right eye had traveled the same road lately because the grass was eaten only on the left side, where it was worse than on the right. Now do you understand serendipity? One of the most remarkable instances of this accidental sagacity (for you must observe that no discovery of the thing you are looking for comes under this description) was of my Lord Shaftesbury, who, happening to dine at Lord Chancellor Clarendon's, found out the marriage of the Duke of York and Mrs. Hyde by the respect with which her mother treated her at table."—Notes and Queries.

On a Large Scale.

"Yes, sir," resumed the Dakota farmer as the crowd of agriculturists seated themselves round a little table—"yes, sir. We do things on rather a sizable scale. I've seen a man on one of our big farms start out in the spring and plow a straight furrow until autumn. Then he turned round and harvested back. We have some big farms up there, gentlemen. A friend of mine owned one which he had to give a mortgage on, and I pledge you my word the mortgage was due at one end before they could get it recorded at the other. You see, it was laid out in counties. And the worst of it is it breaks up families so. Two years ago I saw a whole family prostrated with grief—women yelling, children howling and dogs barking. One of my men had his camp truck packed on seven four-mule teams, and he was going round bidding everybody goodbye."

"Where was he going?"

"He was going half way across the farm to feed the pigs," replied the Dakota man.

"Did he ever get back to his family?"

"It isn't time for him yet. Up there we send young married couples out to milk the cows, and their children bring home the milk."—Exchange.

Mounted the Ants.

A plague of ants invaded an office at Eversley, England. Paper soaked with oil of peppermint was spread about, when the ants disappeared in half an hour, and although the odor of peppermint quite evaporated in a few days, their memory was good, and they never returned.

Ate Percussion Caps.

In a Brunswick (Me.) cemetery a tombstone has told passersby for a half century that the child buried beneath it was "poisoned by eating nineteen percussion caps."

Getting Away From Mosquitoes.

There is a tribe of South American savages who live in tree tops near Venezuela, and their singular mode of existence gave the name to that province. The villages of these people are built over the bosom of a great fresh water lake to escape from the mosquitoes.

Honey Flavored Butter.

Parisian restaurateurs are accused of mixing a little honey among inferior brands of butter and so making it more palatable.

Storks in Egypt.

Were it not for the multitude of storks that throng to Egypt every winter there would be no living in some parts of the country, for after every inundation frogs appear in devastating numbers.

Timber Rafts.

The value of timber is considerably increased by floating in rafts because its sap, albuminous and salty materials are dissolved out.

Siberian Oaks.

On the state college grounds at Ames, Ia., may be seen a dozen or more large and thrifty trees, Siberian oaks, grown from acorns imported twenty-five years ago. In type they resemble the swamp oak of the southern states and produce an acorn over one inch in length.

Laurel and Sunflowers.

If people living in damp houses or marshy neighborhoods would only plant laurel and sunflowers they would have fewer doctors' bills to pay.

Desert of Gobi.

The desert of Gobi occupies a considerable portion of central Mongolia, but it is not a true desert, supporting as it does nearly all kinds of animal and vegetable life and forming no small part of the pasturage of that greatest grazing country of the old world.

The Sword.

The sword grew out of the leaf shaped flint knives of prehistoric men, developing into full fledged bronze and copper short swords during the age of bronze.

Two Rich Churches.

A New York church that keeps silence respecting its wealth is the Dutch Collegiate, which is reputed to have an income from investments of \$400,000 a year. Trinity church has an income from its investments of over \$1,000,000 per annum.

A Dirt Loosener.

After doing work which has made your hands very dirty rub with olive oil before washing. This loosens the dirt, and they will be far less trouble to get clean.

Big Families in Porto Rico.

Porto Ricans, rich and poor alike, seem to strive to raise the largest families possible. The people worship their children, and the children look up to their parents with love and reverence. Families of 10, 15, 18 or 20 children are so common as to excite no comment.

The Jews in China.

An inscription on a stone tablet found in the ruins of an old synagogue in Kaifengfu shows that the Jews first entered China during the Han dynasty, from B. C. 200 to A. D. 226.

A Luminous Fly.

The lantern fly of Surinam, South America, has two sets of eyes to catch the light from all possible directions. The luminosity which glows from the head is so brilliant that it is easy to read by it.

Pores of the Skin.

Physiologists tell us that five-eighths of the food we consume, liquid or solid, is exhaled through the pores of the skin.

For Stringing Beads.

The best thing in the world for stringing beads, gold or coral, as well as the popular glass bead chains, is catgut. Next to that dental floss is to be preferred. Never use common thread.

The Servians.

To work at a trade seems to the Servian unworthy of a free man. Hence efforts of the government to establish industries have remained fruitless.

The Cost of War.

Wars of the past 3,000 years are supposed to have cost \$600,000,000,000. They say that each man who falls on the battlefield costs \$2,740 to kill and that the countries of Europe today are paying to maintain an "armed neutrality" the small sum of \$50 per second.

The Grain Weight.

By an English law passed in 1266 it was provided that a silver penny called a sterling should equal in weight twenty-two wheat grains, well dried and taken from the center of the ear. This is the origin of our grain weight.

Potatoes.

An acre in potatoes in Germany yields 200 bushels and in the United States 96.

WHEN JABBERWOCK RODE

By Keith Gordon

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There was nothing at all extraordinary in its appearance, and it arrived in the usual way. In other words, it was a letter in a square white envelope, and the stolid postman stuffed it into that one of the row of mail boxes which bore the name "Loring" just as indifferently as he sucked an advertising circular into Smith's box and an envelope bearing all the outward and visible signs of a bill into the Lynmans'. Then he blew a shrill note on his whistle and continued on his impersonal errand down the block.

Barbara heard the whistle and wondered with mild interest whether there was any mail for her. Being a matter of fact young person, she went calmly on about her affairs, having learned from experience that her tiny share of the United States mail was not usually of a character to make a trip down four flights of stairs worth while. Having no presentiment that something superfine was hanging over her head, it was fully an hour later when she was ready to go out on an errand. She fished a small key out of the brass bowl that stood on the mantelshelf and, making her way in an unhurried manner to the vestibule, fitted it into a narrow slot in the mail box and took out the letter.

Even then, with the momentous document in her fingers, she failed to "feel it in her bones," as her great-grandmother would have done, that something unusual was about to happen. A gleam of curiosity did, however, light up her face as she glanced at the superscription and, tearing the edge of the envelope off daintily, passed out into the street, reading the note as she went.

When she had finished she stopped quite still and looked about her in a dazed way. She felt that it was the sort of letter that could only arrive by a page on a silver tray, heralded by a fanfare of trumpets.

Still she seemed to be awake. All the familiar landmarks were there—the church across the way, the house opposite where the ivy was just tingling the walls with a faint green and the inevitable group of children of assorted ages and nationalities scurrying hither and thither with small regard for the usurping pedestrian. It looked precisely like West—street, Town.

She began to read the note a second time, moving automatically down the street. The blood rose in her cheeks, and her eyes sparkled with excitement. An elevated train thundered by just ahead of her with as much fuss as if it were the Cyclone limited. It disappeared, and the commotion of its passing died on the air. But it had served its purpose and established the reality of things.

In the next block she ran into a portly colored woman, with a large bundle. "Twenty million," she began in extenuation of her awkwardness. Then as the woman stared at her in astonishment, "I mean I beg your pardon!" and she continued on her way toward Fifth avenue with a somewhat flushed countenance. Once there she swung along as if she were walking on air, saying over and over to herself, "Millions—do you understand—millions?"

Then she tried impatiently to get away from that thought, to think of what the note meant in more concrete things. It would mean cabs and violets and a maid. That was her first thought, and she laughed outright at its meagerness. An imagination insured to poverty could not reach the possibilities of such a fortune all at once. It would have to be trained up to it, just as contralto voices were sometimes trained up to sopranos. Cabs and violets, indeed! Orchids and a victoria, with two men on the box, was more like it.

But what were those things? Mere bagatelles. It meant Paris, London, St. Petersburg and Rome; aye, and India and Egypt! It meant all the dreams of her life come true and in addition splendors that she had never even thought of in her wildest flights of fancy.

She drew her breath sharply. The realization of what it would mean to be the wife of a man with a score of millions was almost oppressive. Even now she was beginning to feel the responsibility of wealth, and as she turned into an art gallery at the corner of Thirty-fourth street, where in the silence she meant to sit and think it out, there was a little frown upon her forehead.

For the third time within the hour she read over the note. Now that the first dizziness of the magnificence offered her was over, she began to have an acute sense of something else than the twenty millions meant.

It meant being the wife of a man older than her own father would have been had he lived, and one for whom in her most enthusiastic moments she had never more than an indifferent toleration. Still, with the glamour of his great fortune about him, he did not seem repellent. She tried to think what their life together would be like. But in spite of her best efforts it was another face—youth, strong and frank—that rose before her. She summoned Peter Milward, but it was Jack Caruthers that appeared and insisted upon taking his place at her side.

She shook herself impatiently, and from the expression of her face it was evident that she would Satan not to get behind her, but to come out into the open with all his most alluring temptations.

DAMES AND DAUGHTERS.

Mrs. Fred W. Vanderbilt gave a Thanksgiving dinner to 500 newsmen at Masonic hall, Newport.

Through the liberality of Mrs. Margaret J. Plant a private patients' pavilion will be erected at St. Luke's hospital, New York.

Miss Sarah E. Wier is the only woman ever elected to a position in the Carnegie Institute at Pittsburgh. She is an assistant secretary.

The Duchess of Marlborough recently engaged an athletic instructor for her two sons, Lords Blandford and Ivor, and they practice equestrianism in the morning in the presence of their mother.

Mrs. Emmet Humphreys of Sherman, Tenn., who is trying to establish a claim to 100,000 acres of land in the state, is the great-granddaughter of John Sevier, first governor of Tennessee.

Mrs. Sally Elliott Parsons Pratt of Dalton, Mass., has received second sight at the age of ninety-four, being able to read and thread a needle without glasses after wearing them twenty-five years.

Mrs. William E. Chisholm, a widow of College Point, N. Y., has set aside a plot on her estate for the burial of her dogs. Mrs. Chisholm's son-in-law is a stepbrother of the present Duke of Marlborough.

Miss Ida Barnes of Henniker, N. H., has produced from a plot of land 39 by 50 feet in area 2,750 pounds of carrots, nineteen of which weighed fifty pounds. At the same rate one acre would produce 1,229 bushels of carrots.

Miss Daisy D. Barbee and Miss Gracie E. Woodside are practicing law in St. Louis under the firm name of Barbee & Woodside. The senior has been practicing for several years. Miss Woodside is a recent graduate of Columbia Law school and the daughter of Judge Woodside of Missouri.

GLEANINGS.

The onion is a delicacy to the monkey.

The Ferris wheel is now junk in Chicago.

The paper bills of the United States printing office amount to \$750,000 a year.

In the Santa Clara valley, California, five square miles are devoted to the raising of onion seeds.

The average wealth for the general population of the United States is \$1,236. That of the Osage Indians is \$11,500 per capita.

According to the department of agriculture, a considerable part of the meat consumed in the country as lamb and mutton is nothing but goat meat.

Another ostrich farm is to be established in California, in the Santa Clara valley. The farm at Pasadena has been very successful as an attraction to tourists and a source of profit to its projectors.

H. F. Smart of Concord, N. H., has a chessboard which is eighteen and a half inches square and contains 142,000 pieces of wood. Each black check contains 1,700 pieces and each white check 700 pieces. It is really a remarkable piece of work.

GOWN GOSSIP.

Lace jabots have been revived.

Broad, bold effects are in evidence in all trimmings.

If taffeta rustles too much get peau de sole for your petticoat.

Some costly fur mantles are enriched with draped capuchins of another fur.

A popular shade for a winter hat is robin redbreast red, which comes in velvet, in feathers and tips and in chiffon.

Handsome broadcloth costumes are seen in oyster white, champagne, pastel blue, delicate purple, biscuit and other light tints.

A new idea in the wide girdle so universally used as a bodice finish at present is to have it made of soft folds of shimmering silk in myriad blending lines, with the tint of the gown represented, of course.

LAW POINTS.

An express company delivering goods to a person other than the consignee is liable for conversion, though its liability is merely that of a warehouseman or involuntary bailee. (30 N. Y. S. 880.)

An indorsement on a note, making it payable to the order of a certain person without recourse, signed by the payee, does not destroy its negotiability in the hands of an innocent purchaser. (91 N. W. Rep. 399.)

A railroad company has the right to make a rule requiring its consignees to unload their freight from its cars within a reasonable time or pay a reasonable sum per day for detention of the cars, and the consignee is not excused by reason of extreme condition of the weather. (72 S. W. 122.)

TRAIN AND TRACK.

Alaska has only five miles of standard gauge railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company is building an experimental all steel passenger coach for use in its North river tunnel.

Engineers and firemen on the railroads of Switzerland are employed first on probation. A law has been passed to the effect that such periods shall not extend over two years.

In a time book for engineers on the South Carolina railroad, dated 1835, there are a few rules about the pay of an engineer, among them one that provides that when an engine breaks down and returns without finishing the trip the engineer will not be entitled to pay.

TIMBER IN RIVER BEDS.

Fortune Awaits the Inventor of a Method to Recover It.

"If some scheme could be devised," said a Stillwater (Minn.) man, "by which the sunken logs which fill the beds of rivers and creeks in the logging sections of this country could only be recovered, immense fortunes would be made. Along the St. Croix waters it is estimated that logs enough are imbedded in the sand of river bottoms to keep mills running for years. Under present conditions the loss is total, for no successful method has ever been devised to effect this saving.

"Occasionally logs cut years ago are forced by the washings of floods from their sand beds and driven upon the shores, where the action of sun and wind dries them out sufficiently so that they will float down stream, but the percentage of logs recovered is small, and millions of dollars' worth of property is lost beyond recovery until some enterprising genius invents a machine or process to recover the timber.

"At Stillwater logs occasionally come to the sorting booms bearing marks in use half a century ago, and when they appear the old lumbermen grow reminiscent of men who have been long forgotten, but who were important operators in the pioneer logging days of Wisconsin and Minnesota.

"No possible estimate can be made of the amount of timber thus lost, but lumbermen estimate that the rivers of Wisconsin, in the value of the logs buried in their sands, have fortunes of millions of dollars if the logs could be recovered. Wisconsin has been one of the big pine states, and your Chippewa, Wisconsin, St. Croix and Menominee rivers and their tributaries contain fortunes in sunken timber.

"Strange as it may appear, the value of the timber is not lessened, even after it has been submerged for half or quarter of a century. Efforts have been occasionally made to recover sunken logs. At one time a company was organized at Stillwater to dredge streams and thus recover some of the timber, but the plan did not work with any great degree of success, this method being found too expensive. Some one will come along some day with a plan, and this immensely valuable product, now lost, will be recovered."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

APHORISMS.

Rest is the sweet sauce of labor.—Plutarch.

To read without reflecting is like eating without digesting.—Burke.

Better a little chiding than a great deal of heartbreak.—Shakespeare.

Repentance is the golden key that opens the palace of eternity.—Milton.

A straight line is the shortest in morals as in mathematics.—Maria Edgeworth.

Think twice before you speak or act once, and you will speak or act the more wisely for it.—Franklin.

There is no impossibility to him who stands prepared to conquer every hazard. The fearful are the failing.—S. J. Hale.

There never was a person who did anything worth doing that did not receive more than he gave.—H. W. Beecher.

Refinement creates beauty everywhere. It is the grossness of the spectator that discovers anything like grossness in the object.—Hazlitt.

Brain.

The brain is an important organ, serving as it does to keep the head from collapsing. Almost all styles of doing the hair call for a head of some sort. Again, there is nothing like a head to set off a fine neck. Finally, we should feel rather foolish without our heads.

For a long time scientists were unable to discover why it is that the brain is divided into white and gray matter. It remained for a clever French savant to solve the difficulty.

"Quite likely," said he, "the loud colors had not yet come in when man was created."

Psychology deals with the organic aspect of thought. To psychology we owe the knowledge that calf's brain makes good soup.—Puck.

Sir Colin Campbell's Commission.

When the Duke of Wellington was in India he "discovered" the soldier who afterward became Sir Colin Campbell. That dashing warrior was in the commissariat service and had volunteered for an assault on a hill fort. The duke saw a little round man run up a ladder and, receiving a pike thrust at the top, roll down like a ball to the bottom. He was, however, up again in an instant and, running up like a squirrel, was the first or among the first in the place. The duke laughed, inquired about him and procured him a commission.

Whittier's Safeguard.

When an overtimid visitor from the city once commented to the poet Whittier upon the insecurity that seemed inseparable from so many doors opening out from all sides of the large old country home, the master of the house strove gently to restore confidence by pleading that most of them were locked at night.

Not to Be Thought Of.

Mrs. Newlwyed—Yes, Harry has only one fault, dear fellow! He will smoke cigarettes. Mrs. Oldgirl—Why don't you break him off it? Mrs. Newlwyed—And leave me nothing to scold him about? No, indeed!—Cincinnati Times Star.

Laying Down the Law.

Lady (entertaining friend's little girl)—Do you take sugar, darling? The Darling—Yes, please. Lady—How many lumps? The Darling—Oh, about seven, and when I'm out to tea I start with cake.—Punch.

WAYS TO ADVERTISE.

The Wise Man May Easily See Which Is the Best Method.

If you have goods to sell, advertise. Hire a man with a lamplblack kettle and a brush to paint your name and number on all the railroad fences. The cars go whizzing by so fast that no one can read them, to be sure, but perhaps the obliging conductor would stop the train to accommodate an inquisitive passenger.

Have your card in the hotel register by all means. Strangers stopping at hotels for a night generally buy a cigar or two before they leave town, and they need some inspiring literary food besides.

If an advertising agent wants your business advertised in a fancy frame at the depot, pay him about 200 per cent more than it is worth and let him put it there. When a man has three-quarters of a second in which to catch a train he invariably stops to read depot advertisements, and your card might take his eye.

Of course the street thermometer dodge is excellent. When a man's fingers and ears are freezing or he is puffing and "phewing" at the heat is the time above all others when he reads an advertisement.

Have thousands of little dodgers printed and hire a few boys to distribute them. You've no idea how the junk dealer and paper and rag man will respect you.

A boy with a big placard on a pole is an interesting object on the street and lends a dignified air to your establishment. Hire about two.

Advertise on a calendar. People never look at a calendar to see what day of the month it is. They merely glance hurriedly at it so as to be sure that your name is spelled with or without a "p," that's all.

But don't think of advertising in a well established, legitimate newspaper. Not for a moment. Your advertisement would be nicely printed and would find its way into all the thrifty households of the region, where are the farmer, the mechanic, the tradesman in other lines and into the families of the wealthy and refined, all who have articles to buy and money with which to buy them, and it would be read and pondered, and people would come down to your store and patronize you and keep coming in increasing numbers, and you might have to hire an extra clerk or two, move into a larger block and more favorable location and do a bigger business, but of course it would be more expensive—and bring greater profits.—Detroit Free Press.

For Their Stomachs' Sake.

Sunday school treats must come round oftener in England than in the United States, for the dean of Bristol has included in his book, "Odds and Ends," many stories of the hold of such festivities on the juvenile heart and stomach.

The hand of a small boy wavered for an instant over a plate of cakes before he took one. "Thanks," he said, after his momentary hesitation, "I'm sure I can manage it if I stand up."

Another boy, still smaller, who had stuffed systematically, at last turned to his mother and sighed: "Carry me home, mother; but, oh, don't bend me!"

The average boy in Yorkshire knows why he attends these feasts and does not relish being furnished forth scantily. A solicitous curate approached one who was glowering mysteriously. "Have you had a good tea?" the curate asked. "No," said the boy, in an aggrieved tone, laying his hand on his diaphragm. "It don't hurt me yet."

Ducks and Drakes.

A schoolboy in Jewell City, Mo., was assigned to prepare an essay on the subject of "Ducks," and this is what he wrote: "The duck is a low, heavy set bird, composed mostly of meat and feathers. He is a mighty poor singer, having a hoarse voice caused by getting so many frogs in his neck. He likes the water and carries a toy balloon in his stomach to keep him from sinking. The duck has only two legs, and they are set so far back on his running gears by nature that she came purty near missing his body. Some ducks when they get big have curls on their tails and are called drakes. Drakes don't have to set or hatch, but just loaf, go swimming and eat. If I was to be a duck, I'd rather be a drake every time."

It Was Just Possible.

"I don't understand," said Mrs. Youngmother, "why it is that baby won't go to sleep. Here I have been sitting and singing to him for the last hour, and yet he keeps crying and seems just as wide awake as ever."

"Well," said her husband thoughtfully, "I don't know, of course, and perhaps I am wrong, but it may be that baby has a musical ear."

Where Man and Dog Differ.

"Pedigree in a dog makes him valuable, doesn't it?"

"Certainly."

"Funny, isn't it?"

"What's funny?"

"Why, it's my experience that pedigree makes a man pretty darn near worthless."—Chicago Post.

Few Prayers.

Yern—Now, if all men would vote as they pray this would truly be a happy world. Dern—But if that should ever happen you wouldn't get the average man to the polls once in ten years.—Catholic Standard.

Their Good Offices.

"I see they're advertising twenty-five cent lunches. What do they give you?"

"An appetite for your dinner."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Chance is a word void of sense. Nothing can exist without a cause.—Voltaire.

CELESTIAL REFRESHMENTS

Funny Little Restaurants in the Chinese Empire.

Places of rest and refreshment are commonly to be found in China at the halting stations on the highways in the interior or at the villages on the banks of the great rivers of China. They frequently take the form of a small mud hut, having a dark interior filled with smoke, tea tables, forms and an oven, where a cook is kept busy baking tea bread and frying puddings for the entertainment of the customers, whose favorite beverage is tea, although when times are good and the weather cold they indulge in something stronger, which often inebriates and that at a very cheap rate. In the darkest corner there are a row of glazed earthenware jars containing a kind of Chinese whisky, of which a thirsty eater may have a skin full for something considerably under a penny, when he will go quietly to sleep on the shaft of his cart, and his pony or mule, being used to it, will take him home.

In addition to these conveniences there is an ingenious little furnace in front, having a long flue, through which the flame is driven by an air pump, and a row of hot water kettles, gradually increasing in size to suit the heat of the tongue of flame that passes up the flue beneath, so that they may all be kept boiling. The hot water is sold to passersby, who usually carry with them their teapot and tea, so that they may have a cup at every station. This custom of carrying one's own tea is so common that it is difficult to procure a cup of tea in any of the restaurants, as they do not keep it and do not care to go out of their way to buy it for you. Although the plan may be growing all round and at one's very feet, it is next to impossible to get a cup that a foreigner would consider worth drinking, and as to using milk and sugar, the Chinese look upon the practice as a barbarous device of the "foreign devil."—Golden Penny.

ANIMAL ODDITIES.

The fiercest of all animals is the black panther.

The lion is the only wild animal that is capable of affection.

Statistics show that serpents kill more persons in India than in any other country.

Most reptiles are notoriously deaf, except caymans and crocodiles. The boa seems absolutely so.

The sense of smell in the snail has been found to be limited, as a rule, to a distance of about an inch.

The West Indian crab is a remarkable creature. Although born in the sea, it matures in fresh water and passes its adult life on land.

Shepherds allow their collies one meal a day, and on this allowance health and efficiency are secured. Ladies who are "good" to their pet dogs are rewarded by seeing their pets sinking rapidly into decrepitude.

A One Sided Celebration.

Uncle Eph'm had put on a clean collar and his best coat and was walking majestically up and down the street.

"Aren't you working today, uncle?" asked one of his Caucasian acquaintances.

"No, sub. I's celebratin' my golden weddin', sub."

"You were married fifty years ago today?"

"Yes, sub."

"Well, why isn't your wife helping you to celebrate it?"

"My present wife, sub," replied Uncle Eph'm, with dignity, "ain't got nothin' to do with it. She's de 'lev'enth."—Chicago Tribune.

She Helped Him Out.

He was quoting Tennyson's "Ring, happy bells, across the snow."

"What's that line, Molly," he asked, "about 'Ring in the new? I've forgotten it."

"So have I," she replied, "but how will this do:

"This dress I wear
Will never do;
Ring out the old,
Ring in the new!"

—Atlanta Constitution.

Clubs Where Members Talk Much.

Clubs where the members talk much are generally to be avoided. Talk makes mischief. There are one or two rather well known literary and professional clubs in London, where members are freely introduced and personal gossip the fashion, which have been pronounced too dangerous to be used by some of those who, for old association's sake, still keep their names upon the books.—English Country Gentleman.

Her Emergency Fund.

"I put \$10 in the bank today, George."

"You'll have a tidy little sum there if you keep on. Going to buy something nice with it?"

"Mercy, no! That's my divorce surplus in case I need it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Mary's Choice.

"Farmer Sawyer, what is your daughter Mary going to be when she finishes at college?"

"Waal, I kinder reckon she'll teach school. She thinks she'd like the vacations."—Harper's Bazar.

The Delicate Method.

"Let us talk of something we don't know anything about," he suggested.

"Such as what?" she asked.

"Marriage," he replied, after which they went into executive session.—Chicago Post.

Discontent is the want of self reliance. It is infirmity of will.—Emerson.

MEETING AN AUTHOR.

Robert Barr's Visit to His Friend Captain Mayne Reid.

Robert Barr, the author, told with glee how Captain Mayne Reid, who was a friend of his, came to London and sent his address to Barr. The latter started to call on Reid. He did not know the street and, asking a bus man if his vehicle passed such and such a street, was assured that it did. In due course he came upon the street. In his letter Mayne Reid said he had taken a corner house in this street and added that he had a delightful garden and a high wall. "When I got down from the bus," says Mr. Barr, "I found that the corner house had a high wall and doubtless behind it a delightful garden, which answered perfectly the description which Captain Mayne Reid had given me.

"I said to a policeman, because I wanted to be sure, 'Could you tell me where Mr. Reid lives?' And he answered, 'Do you mean Mr. Reid, the author?' And I replied, 'Yes.' So the policeman pointed to the premises I had already selected as the residence of my friend. Therefore I went through the gate without fear and rang the bell at the residence, which stood some distance back in the garden. I was admitted and asked if Mr. Reid was at home. I was told that he was and was shown into a room on the left hand side of the passage. Waiting there some time, an old, slippared man came in, whom I did not recognize.

"Do you wish to see me?" he asked. I rose from my chair and replied, 'I have called to see Captain Mayne Reid.' 'I beg your pardon,' he said very frigidly. 'I am Charles Reade,' with which he turned his back upon me and left me there alone. That was the only time I had the pleasure of meeting one of England's greatest authors. Captain Mayne Reid had taken a corner house in a street of the same name in Malda Vale, some miles from where Mr. Charles Reade resided during his last days."

THE MODEL GUEST.

He Knows Just When, What and How to Do or Not to Do.

A really fine specimen of the guest who does his best has a spirit which cannot be broken by weather or weariness. He can manage to talk to any one, even if he should discover with a shock that he is sitting next to his worst enemy. He knows how to come into any discussion and how to keep out of it. He does not seek his own amusement, yet he never fails to show that he is amused. He is tolerant of every opinion, and though he may have many convictions of his own and may state them so as to do them justice he never tries to proselytize.

His visit is not a mission, and he never for a moment fancies himself on the hustings, in a debating society, a pulpit or a court of justice. Above all, he has a good opinion of himself. Good wine needs no bush. He has no desire to boast, but he is certain that he will not be slighted. If his hostess assigns to him a dull job he is sure it is because she thought he could do it well, and if he feels it to be really below his powers he takes her mistake into account not while he is under her roof, but when he next receives her kind invitation. He is not plagued by that craving of the over-sensitive to be like their company nor does he belong to that race of born dissenters who would always rather be different.

But, alas, conscience and talent do not always go together. There are some high principled guests who are terrible bores. In their solicitude to be agreeable they never stop talking, but pursue their garrulous ideal like a dog following a carriage. To every interruption they give immediate but momentary attention and run breathless on.—London Outlook.

Evolution of the Folding Bed.

Mrs. De Flat—Have you anything new in folding beds?

Dealer—Only this, madam, and it really is quite a success. On arising in the morning you touch a spring and it turns into a washstand and bathtub. After your bath, you touch another spring, and it becomes a dressing case, with a French plate mirror. If you breakfast in your room, a slight pressure will transform it into an extension table. After breakfast, you press these three buttons at once and you have an upright piano. That's all it will do, except that when you die it can be changed into a rosewood coffin.—New York Weekly.

She Won.

He was a philosopher and a talker. She was a woman of action. They stood together on the bridge and watched a tug that was hauling a long line of barges up the river.

"Look there, my dear," said he. "Such is life. The tug is like the man, working and toiling, while the barges, like the women, are—"

His wife gave him no time to finish the sentence. "I know," she said. "The tug does all the blowing and the barges bear all the burden."

The Official Time.

Jerrold—As I was saying, I had \$50 on Topnotch at 100 to 1. The race was six furlongs and Topnotch won.

Harold—What was the time?

Jerrold—Why—or I heard the clock strike 2 just as I woke up!—Puck.

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SPECIALS

For This Week.

Manufacturers' Remnants Good Bleached
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Matched Edges and Insertions.

New Carpets.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

Geo. T. English cut some second crop ice on Pierce's lake Friday which was 26 inches thick.

The remains of the late John H. Wade were interred in the family lot in Mt. Olivet cemetery yesterday.

William Bacon is serving his country as a juror in the United States district court at Detroit this week.

During the first half year of its existence the printing plant of the U. of M. filled 181 orders for different departments of the university.

The White Portland Cement Co. is rushing things at its plant at Four Mile Lake. Its first building, the blacksmith shop, is already completed.

The Michigan Central operators have been supplied with a device with which they can hand messages to conductors and engineers of trains running at full speed.

Michael McGuire the supervisor of Dexter township, who is suffering from a growth on the brain, was taken to the hospital at Ann Arbor last Friday. He is no better at this writing.

In a recent bulletin the department of agriculture states that dry rot in potatoes is due to fusarium oxysporum, following microconidia. No wonder potatoes decay when thus affected.

At the home of the bride's parents Mr. and Mrs. Mathew Jensen, of Sylvan, last evening, Mr. Edwin O. Wenk was married to Miss Emma Jensen. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. Schoen.

The price of eggs touched high water mark the first part of last week when they were selling at 32 cents a dozen. They have gradually dropped in price since then until today they are selling for 20 cents a dozen.

The Woman's Guild of the Congregational church will give a supper at the church Friday evening, March 11, from 5 o'clock until all are served. Everybody is cordially invited. Adults 15 cents, children 10 cents.

Lafayette Grange will meet at the Lima M. E. church next Saturday, March 5, at 10 a. m. Topics for discussion: "Overloading the table," "Advantages of the gasoline engine on the farm," "Resolved: That there is more profit from 100 hens than three cows."

At the annual meeting of the Chelsea Horse Breeders' Association held last Saturday Ed. S. Spaulding was re-elected president, S. L. Gage secretary, and Peter Easterle treasurer. The old board of directors was also re-elected. The association had a very successful season last year.

County Clerk Blum announces that the county election commission have decided not to send out election supplies to the township boards this spring. This action is taken because the elections are not general elections. The townships will therefore be obliged to furnish their own supplies this year.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank has decided to quit keeping open for business during the hour from 6 to 7 o'clock on every evening in the week except Saturday. Their business hours will be 9 a. m. to 12 m., 1 p. m. to 4 p. m., Saturday evenings 6 to 7 p. m. The new state of things goes into effect April 1.

Arrangements for the St. Patrick's Day entertainment at the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart have been about completed. Rev. W. P. Considine will speak on "A trip to Rome and Ireland and an audience with Pope Leo XIII." Miss Mary Dunn, of Detroit, and Mr. Louis Burg and Master Garrett Conway will render a short musical program. Tickets are now on sale.

Mrs. Sabrina Watkins, who, with her husband located in Grass Lake in 1856 and lived there until three years ago, died at the home of her daughter in Grand Island, Neb., Friday, aged 94 years. Her remains were brought to Grass Lake for interment, the funeral services being held at the Congregational church Sunday. The deceased was mother-in-law of Mrs. J. L. Gilbert, of this place.

Barnum & Bailey's circus will show in Ann Arbor either in May or June.

March has come in like a lion and the weather bureau says tonight will be the coldest night of the season.

The baseball mass meeting called for Tuesday evening at Foresters' hall was not very numerously attended.

Fifteen members of the Knights of Pythias went to Ypsilanti Monday evening to visit their brethren in that city and attend a banquet then held.

The mill dams on the Huron river between Dexter and Ypsilanti are imminently threatened with destruction by the immense quantity of water that is pouring down them.

The Ladies' Missionary Society of the Baptist church will give a missionary tea at the church on Wednesday, March 9, from 5 until 8 o'clock. Everybody cordially invited.

The criminal docket of the circuit court for the March term will contain 9 cases. The civil cases number 51, of which 27 are jury cases, 4 are first class chancery and 20 fourth class chancery.

The greatest demand for rubber boots that Ann Arbor ever knew struck that city Monday, and every shoe store had its full stock cleaned out before night came. Men, women and children all sought these means of keeping their feet dry.

A. W. Wilkinson has filed his plea in the replevin proceedings brought by Edmund Pattison. In it he sets forth that he held the goods of the Chelsea Mfg. Co. as receiver and not personally, and that the title was vested in him as receiver.

People often wonder why certain items of news are not in the Herald, and think that they are left out intentionally. Not so. We try to get all interesting news items we can. Readers may materially help us in making the paper newsworthy. Send in all reliable news you hear.

At a meeting of the directors of the Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Co. held Thursday in Ann Arbor, Orin C. Burkhart was appointed a director in place of John H. Wade, of Lima, deceased. Resolutions of respect to the memory of Mr. Wade were also passed by the directors.

Notices have been posted for two caucuses to be held next Tuesday evening, March 8. The Citizens' caucus will meet in the basement of the town hall and the Workingmen's caucus will meet in the town hall, to nominate tickets for the village election. The caucuses will meet at 7:30 p. m. standard time.

The Western Washtenaw Union Farmers' Club will meet Friday, March 18, with Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Spaulding in Sylvan. The program for the meeting will be as follows: Roll call, quotations; "What can be done to make life more pleasant for women on the farm?" Mrs. Emily Boynton; recitation, Frank Storms; "Is carelessness a greater hindrance to commercial success than laziness?" S. A. Mapes; select reading, Miss Mantie Spaulding.

A couple of mush fakirs, or umbrella menders, were seen on the street Monday evening just before 6 o'clock, one of whom was so drunk he could not walk straight. Both were making for the village lock-up, where they would obtain shelter and a warm place to stay for the night.

A drunken hobo is no new thing to see, but what the Herald would like to know is this: If these fellows could find the money to get drunk on, why they could not find money to pay for their lodging and fire to keep them warm? Can anyone answer the question?

Citizens' Caucus. A caucus of the citizens of Chelsea will be held in the basement of the town hall, Chelsea, on Tuesday evening, March 8, 1904, at 7:30 o'clock (standard time), to nominate village officers to be voted for at the coming charter election.

Dated Chelsea, Mich., March 1, 1904. By ORDER OF COMMITTEE. Gather the roses of health for your cheeks, While the parks are shining with dew. Get out in the morning early and bright. By taking Rocky Mountain Tea at night. Glazier & Stimson.

Subscribe for the Herald, \$1 per year.

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Headquarters for Axes and Helves, X. C. Saws, Skates, Corn Shellers, Steel Ranges, Washing Machines, Scales, Tin and Granite Ware, Lanterns.

Remember Our \$15.00 and \$18.00 Sewing Machines, Warranted for 10 years.

Waterproof Robes. We have a few more Horse Blankets at factory prices. Dinner and Toilet Sets.

BACON CO-OPERATIVE CO., Opposite Post Office.

PEOPLE'S WANTS.

FARM in Sharon for sale or rent, or will rent the house alone. Enquire at W. W. Corwin's livery barn, Chelsea.

FOR SALE—The James Richards house and lot on Railroad street, Chelsea. Enquire at the house. 33

FOR SALE CHEAP—4 dining room extension tables, 1 stove, 1 roll top desk with chair. The Chelsea Dry Goods & Shoe Co. 29

WANTED—A good, competent farmer, a bran raiser, to work the Be-Gole farm. Enquire at the Chelsea house. M. C. Urdike. 271f

HOUSE TO RENT—Enquire of J. A. Palmer at Kempf Commercial and Savings Bank. 281f

FARM FOR SALE—95 acres, 9 miles from Chelsea, easy terms. Enquire at this office. 241f

WANTED—Carpets to weave. Dye work a specialty. Eighteen years experience. Apply at Belsel building, North street, Chelsea. B. L. Russell. 21

VILLAGE LOT, 4x8 rods, on Madison street, for sale. Enquire at the Herald office.

OLD NEWSPAPERS—Only 5 cents for a big package to put under carpets or on your pantry shelves, at the Herald office.

JAPANESE Napkins for sale in large or small quantities at the Herald Office. Cheapest in price and best for the money in town. Come and see them.

PHOTOGRAPH MOUNT BOARDS cut to any size, for sale at the Herald office.

A. McCOLGAN, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office: Corner Main and Park streets; residence Orchard street, Chelsea, Mich. Phone No. 97. Two rings for house.

S. G. BUSH, Physician and Surgeon. Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Office in Hatch block. Residence on South street.

PALMER & GULDE, Physicians and Surgeons. Office over Rafferty's Tailor Store, East Middle Street, Chelsea.

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STIVERS & KALMBACH, Attorneys-at-Law. General law practice in all courts. Notary public in office. Phone No. 68. Office over Kempf Bank, Chelsea, Mich.

J. S. GORMAN, Law Office. East Middle street, Chelsea, Mich.

TURNBULL & WITHERELL, Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law. Office in the rooms formerly occupied by G. W. Turnbull, Chelsea, Mich. B. B. TURNBULL. H. D. WITHERELL.

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F. STAFFAN & SON, Funeral Directors and Embalmers. Established 40 years. Chelsea Phone No. 58. CHELSEA, MICH.

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OLIVE LODGE, No. 156, F. & A. M. Regular Meetings for 1904. Jan. 26, March 1, March 29, April 26, May 24, June 21, July 26, Aug. 23, Sept. 30, Oct. 18, Nov. 23. Annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 20. C. W. MARONEY, Secretary.

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you will so much need now soon. It will take but a few moments of your time to drop in and be measured for a suit of those handsome new spring patterns we are showing. There will be no worry over style or fit. We attend to all those details. That's why so many well dressed men in town are always clothed by us.

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25 per cent off for the next 30 days.

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Subscribe for the Herald Now.

THE GIRL AT THE HALFWAY HOUSE

A STORY OF THE PLAINS
BY E. HOUGH, AUTHOR OF THE STORY OF THE COWBOY
Copyrighted, 1903, by D. Appleton & Company, New York

CHAPTER XXI.—Continued.

"There must be some motive shown for the supposition of such an act as murder. What motive can be shown here? Certainly not that of robbery. The horse of the missing man came back alone, its lariet dragging, as we shall prove. It had not been ridden since the lariet was broken. You all know, as we shall prove, that this man Juan was never known to ride a horse. We shall prove that he walked sixty miles, to the very spot where the horse had been tied, and that he scorned to touch a horse on his whole journey. He wanted no horse. He stole no horse. That was no motive.

"To be subject to the law, as you very well know, a man must be morally responsible. He must know right and wrong. I shall show to you that when this man was a child he was struck a severe blow upon the head and that since that time he has never been of sound mind, his brain never recovering from that shock, a blow which actually broke in a portion of his skull. Since that time he has had recurrent times of violent insanity, with alternating spells of what seems a semi-idiotcy. This man's mind never grew. In some ways his animal senses are keen to a remarkable degree, but of reason he has little or none. He can not tell you why he does thus or so. This I shall prove to you.

"I ask you, gentlemen of the jury, you who hold this man's life in your hands, are you going to hang a man for murder when it is not shown a murder has been done? And would you hang a man who is more ignorant than a child of right or wrong? Is that fair play? Gentlemen, we are all here together, and one of us is as good as another. Our ambitions are the same. We stand here together for the best interests of this growing country—this country whose first word has always been fair play.



"I say, first give him his chance."

Now, is it your already formed wish to punish this man? I say, no. I say, first give him his chance.

As Franklin ceased and seated himself the silence was again broken by a rising buzz of conversation. This was proving really a very interesting show, this trial. It must go on yet a little further.

"Call William Haskins," said the prosecuting attorney, standing up, with his hands in his pockets.

"William Haskins, William Haskins, William Haskins! Come into court!" cried out the clerk from his corner of the store box. No immediate response was made. Some one nudged Curly, who started up.

"Who—me?" he said.

"Is your name William Haskins?" asked the judge.

"Reckon so," said Curly. "My folks used to call me that. I usually go under the road brand of 'Curly,' though."

He took his seat on a stool near the store box, was sworn, with his hat on, and the prosecuting attorney began the examination.

"What is your name?"

"Curly,"

"What is your occupation?"

"What?"

"How do you make your living?"

"Punchin' cows. Not that I 'low it's any o' yore d—d business."

"Where do you reside?"

"Where do I live?"

"Yes."

"Well, now, I don't know. My folks lives on the Brazos, an' I've been drivin' two years. Now I take up a claim on the Smoky, out here. I 'low I'll go North right soon, to Wyoming, maybe."

"How old are you?"

"Oh, I don't know; but I 'low about twenty-four or twenty-five, along in there."

"Where were you last Wednesday?"

"What?"

"Now, say, friend, you don't want to get too gay."

"Answer the question, Mr. Haskins," said the court.

"Well, all right, Judge; I'll do it to oblige you. The most we saw there was where a fire had been. Looked like a right smart fire. They was plenty o' ashes lyin' there."

"Did you see anything in the ashes?"

"What business is it a' yours?"

"Now, now," said the court, "you must answer the questions, Mr. Haskins."

"All right, Judge," said Curly. "Well, I dunno hardly what we did see 'n' morn' what I tole all the boys when we first brought Juan in. I tole you all."

"Very well," said the prosecutor; "what did you see? Anything like a man's figure?"

"We object!" said Franklin, but Curly answered: "Well, yes, it did look like a feller a-lyin' there. But when we touched it—"

"Never mind. Did the prisoner see this figure?"

"Shore."

"What did he do?"

"Well, he acted plumb loco. He got down an' hollers. 'Madre de Dios!' he hollers. 'I 'low he wuz plenty scared.'"

"Did he look scared?"

"Well, when we roped him he didn't make no kick."

"Never mind. He saw the figure in the ashes?"

"What do you know about it?—you wasn't there."

"No, but I am going to make you tell what was there."

"You are, huh? Well, you crack yer whip. I like to see any feller make me tell anything I don't want to tell."

"That's right, Curly," said some one back in the crowd. "No bluff goes."

"Not in a hundred!" said Curly.

"Now, now, now," began the judge drowsily. The prosecuting attorney

conferred of craftiness, at this juncture, foreseeing trouble if he insisted. "Take the witness," he said abruptly.

"Cross-examine, d'fense," said the judge, settling back.

"Now, Curly," said Franklin, as he took up the questioning again, "please tell us what Juan did after he saw this supposed figure in the ashes."

"Well, of course, Juan acted plenty loco—'you know that.'"

"Very well. Now, what, if anything, did you do to this alleged body in the ashes?"

"What did I do to it?" said Curly.

"Why, I poked it with a stick."

"What happened?"

"Why, it fell plumb to pieces."

"Did it disappear?"

"Shore it did. Wasn't a thing left."

"Did it look like a man's body, then?"

"No, it just looked like a pile o' ashes."

"Bore no trace or resemblance to a man, then?"

"None whatever."

"You wouldn't have taken it for a body, then?"

"Nope. Course not."

"Was any part of a body left?"

"Nary thing."

"Any boot—hat or bit of clothing?"

"Not a single thing, fur's I c'd see."

"Well, now, Curly," said Franklin, "please tell us how long you have known this prisoner."

"Ever since we was kids together. He used to be a mozo on my pap's ranch, over in San Saba county."

"Did you ever know him to receive any injury, any blow about the head?"

"Well, once ole Hank Swartzman swatted him over the head with a singletree. Sort o' laid him out, some."

"I object, yo' Honor! I object!" cried the state's attorney, springing to his feet. "This is bringin' the dignity o' the law into ridicule, sah! Into ridicule! I object!"

"Er, ah-h-h!" yawned the judge, suddenly sitting up. "Journ court, Mr. Clerk! We will set to-morrow mornin' at the same place, at nine o'clock. Who is in charge of this prisoner? There ought to be some one to take care of him."

"I reckon I am, Judge," said Curly. "He is sort o' stayin' with me while Bill's under the weather."

"Well, take him in charge, some one, and have him here in the mornin'."

"All right, Judge," said Curly quietly. "I'll take care of him."

It was three o'clock of the afternoon. The third of a district judge had adjourned the district court. Franklin's heart sank. He dreaded the night. The real court, as he admitted to himself would continue its session that night at the Cottage bar, and perhaps it might not adjourn until a verdict had been rendered.

CHAPTER XXII.

The Verdict.

There came over the town of Ellenville that night an ominous quiet. But few men appeared on the streets. No body talked, or if any one did there was one subject to which no reference was made.

Franklin finished his dinner, went to his room and buckled on his revolver, smiling grimly as he did so at the thought of how intimately all law is related to violence, and how relative to its environment is all law. He went to Battersleigh's room and knocked entering at the loud invitation of that friend.

"Shure, Ned, me boy," said Battersleigh, "ye've yer side arms on this evenin'. Ye give up the profession of arms with reluctance. Tell me, Ned, what's the campaign for the evenin'?"

"Well," said Franklin, "I thought I'd step over and sit awhile with Curly this evening. He may be feeling a little lonesome."

"Quite right ye are, me boy," said Battersleigh cheerfully. "Quite right. An' if ye don't mind I'll just jine ye. It's lonesome I am meself the night."

Battersleigh busied himself about his room, and soon appeared arrayed, as was Franklin himself, with revolver at his belt.

"Shure, Ned, me boy," he said, "an' officer an' a gentleman should niver appear abroad without his side arms. At last, methinks, not on a night like this." He looked at Franklin calmly, and the latter rose and grasped the hand of the fearless old soldier without a word. The two strolled out together down the street in the direction of the shanty where Curly was keeping his "prisoner."

(To be continued.)

CLEVER TRICK THAT WON.

Ambitious Youth Sold His Verses by a Ruse.

Many years ago, writes Mr. Thomas Bailey Aldrich in "Ponkapog Papers," a noted Boston publisher used to keep a large memorandum book on a table in his private office. The volume always lay open, and was in no manner a private affair, being the receptacle of nothing more important than hastily scrawled reminders to attend to this thing or the other.

It chanced one day that a very young, unfledged author, passing through the city, looked in upon the publisher, who was also the editor of a famous magazine. The unfledged had a copy of verses secreted about his person. The publisher was absent and young Milton sat down and waited.

Presently his eye fell upon the memorandum book, lying there spread out like a morning newspaper, and almost in spite of himself he read, "Don't forget to see the binder," "Don't forget to mail E. his contract," "Don't forget H.'s proofs," and so forth.

An inspiration seized upon the youth. He took a pencil and at the tail of this long list of "don't forgets" he wrote, "Don't forget to accept A.'s poem."

He left his manuscript on the table and disappeared. That afternoon when the publisher glanced over his memorandum he was not a little astonished at the last item; but his sense of humor was so strong that he did accept the poem—it required a strong sense of humor to do that—and sent the lad a check for it, although the verses remain to this day unprinted.—Youth's Companion.

Mechanical Aids to Rapid Reading.

At the meeting of the French Academy of Sciences, held recently, M. Andre Broca and M. Sulzer communicated a paper on the subject of rapid reading. They showed that the different letters of the alphabet are not all apprehended with the same quickness. For instance, the time taken to recognize an E is nearly one-third longer than that taken to recognize a T. They consider that the alphabet is badly designed from a physiological point of view. It should be composed of very simply designed letters as T or L. Rapidity of reading would thus be increased and "brain fog" would be notably diminished. It would also be better to have the letters printed in white on a black ground than the system which obtains at present. The time taken to recognize a letter printed in black on a white ground was nearly ten times longer than white on a black ground.

An Interesting Girl.

Goldenrod—I'm quite anxious that you meet her.

Silverton—What sort of a girl is she—one with a past?

Goldenrod—No; but I don't think she'd object to having one.—Town Topics.

HAS CLAIM TO FAME.

Story of the Man Who Discovered the First Beefsteak.

Beefsteak, like most other good things, was discovered entirely by accident, says a writer in the Chicago Tribune. It appears that Lucius Placus, a Roman of rank, was ordered by the Emperor Trajan for some offense to act as one of the menial sacrificers to Jupiter; he resisted, but was at length dragged to the altar. There the fragments of the victim were laid upon the fire and the unfortunate senator was forcibly compelled to turn them. In the process of roasting one of the slices fell off the coals and was caught by Placus in its fall. It burned his fingers and he instinctively thrust them into his mouth. In that moment he had made the grand discovery that the taste of a slice, thus carbonadoed, was infinitely beyond all the sordid cookery of Rome. A new expedient to save his dignity was suggested at the same time, and he at once evinced his obedience to the Emperor by seeming to go through the sacrifices with due regularity and his scorn of the employment by turning the whole ceremony into a matter of appetite. He swallowed every slice, deluded Trajan, defrauded Jupiter and invented the beefsteak! A discovery of this magnitude could not long be concealed; the sacrifice began to disappear with a rapidity and satisfaction to the parties too extraordinary to be noticed. The priests of Jupiter adopted the practice with delight, and the king of Olympus must have been soon starved if he depended on any share of the good things of Rome.

Matched for \$35,000.

A well-known financier of this city wears a handsome ruby ring. It was admired by one of his friends the other day, who said: "You are not the only one that has taken a fancy to it. The other day Mr. Hartman said he would like to have it."

The friend then said: "Well, if it had been Gates he would have matched you for it." The financier replied: "Yes, so would Schwab," and then told a story of there being a difference between Mr. Gates and Mr. Schwab amounting to about \$35,000. They could not agree, and rather than enter into any litigation Schwab proposed to match for the sum. It was done, and he was the winner.—Philadelphia Press.

Hadn't Detected It.

Heinrich Conried was standing in the back of the Metropolitan opera house a few nights ago during the performance of a German opera. As he leaned on the rail behind the back row of seats he heard the whispers of two men sitting almost in reach of his hand.

One of them was apparently a native American; the other talked with a decided German dialect.

"The acoustics of this house," whispered the American, "are very bad."

The German was heard to sniff audibly once or twice.

"Vot makes you say dat?" he asked of his American companion. "I don't smell any'ting."—New York Times.

New Graft in Missouri.

"A new graft has been discovered in Sedalia," says one of the papers of that place. "Every night for some time past the men's waiting room at the Missouri Pacific station has been crowded with men sleeping in the seats. When asked their business there by station attendants, they invariably resorted tickets to some near-by town and said that they were waiting for trains. A few days ago about fifty of these regular boarders applied at the ticket office to have the tickets redeemed. The agent then became aware of the fact that the tickets were purchased for the sole purpose of bunking in a warm room."—New York Tribune.

Took Ginger Ale.

A good story is told of a rounder who found himself in a well-known cafe in New York. Four young blades were there. Each ordered a pousse cafe. The Irishman watched the bartender make the gayly colored drinks and thought he would like one himself.

"What will you have?" asked the bartender.

"Give me one of them pussy cats," said the Irishman.

"One of them what?" asked the bartender.

"Arrah," said the Irishman, "give me a ginger ale, and this is the second time I've asked you."

The Fire Babies.

They are all mine, I love them so, These little tots that come and go; In endless train they troop along, Enrapt with laughter and with song.

From every shadowy corner they come dancing in abandon gay, And o'er the polished floor they glide Close to me and my friends.

They tell me tales no others tell; They quell the sob's no others quell, Ah! when their fingers reach to me My heart of pain again is free.

They swing upon the rings of smoke, These little tots that come and go; Ah! faithful visitors of night, They're dancing in the freelight.

Unique Wall Paper.

A morose French eccentric papered his walls with the deep bordered invitation cards received to the funerals of friends and acquaintances.

Mercantile Marine Casualties.

Last year the British mercantile marine sustained 1,483 casualties, of which 348 were complete wrecks. The loss of life was 5,318.

Inducement for Marriage.

A woman in Russia, until the day of her death, if she remains unmarried, is under the absolute sway of her parents.

DOCTORS FALL IN LINE.

Practicing Physicians recognize the unflinching reliability of Doan's Kidney Pills by prescribing them for Backache, Kidney, Bladder, and Urinary Disorders—a tribute paid by no other Proprietary Medicine. Four cases cited from "Notes of His Practice," by Dr. Leland Williamson, of Yorktown, Ark.

YORKTOWN, ARK., Mar. 1, 1904.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.
Gentlemen:—I have been engaged in the practice of medicine in this section for ten years. This is a very sickly climate, on the Bayou Bayou, near the Arkansas River. It is particularly malarious and choleric; we meet with many and various abnormal conditions of the human family, prominent among the cases in which I have been called upon to prescribe is kidney disease. Many of these disorders manifest themselves by pains in the back, often extending to other parts of the body; sometimes headache is present, caused by uræmic or chronic uric acid poisoning, soreness in region of kidneys, cloudy, thickened and foul-smelling urine, discharges of pus or corruption; inflammation of the kidneys, extending to the bladder, is caused by excess of uric acid and decomposition of the urine. Hemorrhage is sometimes met with, caused by high state of inflammation or congestion.

There is no class of diseases a doctor is called oftener to treat than the variety of kidney diseases, in many of which the patient will have chills or rigors, followed by fever, a result of the kidneys failing to eliminate the uric acid poison from the system. Such cases require the kidneys restored to their natural functions, then the poison and foreign substances are removed—shock to the nervous system averted, and natural health restored.

I have, for some time, been using Doan's Kidney Pills in these many manifestations and with uniform success, curing most cases. I can further say that even in hopeless cases where they have waited too long Doan's Kidney Pills afford much relief and prolong life. I can recommend the pills in conditions of excessive or deficient secretion of urine, as also in convalescence from swamp-fever and malarial attacks, and as verified by the following cases in my practice.

CASE 1.

THOS. ORRELL, Bear, Ark., age 60. Pain in back for several weeks, then chills, irregular, sometimes severe rigors followed by fever. Gave good purgative of calomel and opium, and Doan's Kidney Pills. After taking four boxes of the pills, patient up and enjoying good health for one of his age.

CASE 2.

Mrs. SMITH, Tarry, Ark., age 29, mother of four children. Had female complaint and kidney trouble, manifested by pain in back and urine irregular; sometimes very clear, changing to cloudy, and with much sediment on standing in chamber. Gave local treatment for female complaint and prescribed Doan's Pills; after using six boxes she regards herself as cured.

These are a few of the typical cases in which I have used Doan's Kidney Pills. In a great many instances I use them alone with curative results, while with some others indicated remedies are associated.

I believe that by the judicious use of Doan's Pills many serious complications are arrested and many hopeless and incurable cases of Bright's disease prevented.

I have often found that one box of the pills is all that is required to effect a cure, but in some cases I continue their use until all symptoms are entirely absent and the cure effectual and permanent. Yours truly,

Dr. Leland Williamson.
YORKTOWN, ARK.

Salzer's Home Builder Corn. So named because 50 acres produced so heavily that its proceeds built a lovely home. See Salzer's catalog. Yielded in 1903 in Ind., 157 bu., Ohio 160 bu., Tenn. 98 bu., and in Mich. 220 bu. per acre. You can beat this record in 1904.

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THESE YIELDS PER ACRE?
120 bu. Beardless Barley per acre.
310 bu. Salzer's New Nat. Oats—per A.
80 bu. Salzer's Speltz & Macaroni Wheat.
1,000 bu. Pedigree Potatoes per acre.
14 tons of Rich Billion Dol. Grass Hay.
60,000 lbs. Victoria Rape for sheep—acre.
160,000 lbs. Teosinte, the fodder wonder.
54,000 lbs. Salzer's Superior Fodder Corn—rich, juicy fodder, per A.
Now such yields you can have. Mr. Farmer, in 1904, if you will plant Salzer's seeds.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their great catalog and lots of farm seed samples. (W. N. U.)

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25c. Some women can keep a secret easier than they can keep money.

The Oat Wonder.

The Editor must tell its readers of this marvel. It originated with the largest farm seed grower in the world, John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis. It has stiff straw, stands up like a stone wall, is white, heavy, and has long ears, filled to the tip with fat, plump kernels. It is a great stooler, 80 stalks from one kernel.

IF YOU WILL SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c IN STAMPS to above address, you will get a sample of this Oat Wonder, which yielded in 1903, in 40 States from 250 to 310 bu. per acre, together with other farm seed samples and their big catalog. (W. N. U.)

"ALL SIGNS FAIL IN A DRY TIME." THE SIGN OF THE FISH NEVER FAILS IN A WET TIME.

Remember this when you buy Wet Weather Clothing and look for the name TOWER on the buttons. This sign and this name have stood for the BEST during sixty-seven years of increasing sales.

If your dealer will not supply you write for free catalogue of black or yellow waterproof oil coats, slickers, suits, hats, and horse goods for all kinds of wet work.

A. J. TOWER CO., THE TOWER SIGN, TOWER CANADIAN CO., TORONTO, CAN.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 & \$3 SHOES

W. L. Douglas shoes have by their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any shoes in the world.

They are just as good as those that cost you \$4 to \$5—the only difference is the price.

See Everywhere. Look for name and price on bottom.

Douglas uses Goran Coltakin, which is everywhere conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced.

First Quality English and French made. Write for Catalog, W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 & \$3 SHOES

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W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 & \$3 SHOES

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 & \$3 SHOES

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and 50 cents.

KINKO POUDRE DE TALCUM Imported from France. 50c per box, prepaid, for 10-20 stamps. Kinko Kemko, Room 650, 215 La Salle St., Chicago.

PILE CURE

There are remedies and remedies on the market for Piles, most of which are injurious rather than helpful.

Dr. Caldwell's (LAXATIVE) Syrup Pepsin

is guaranteed to cure any case of Piles or the money refunded, if you follow directions. Is that strong enough?

PEPSIN SYRUP CO., Monticello, Ill.

Looking for a Home?

Then why not keep in view the fact that the farming lands of

WESTERN CANADA

are sufficient to support a population of 50,000,000 or over? The immigration for the past six years has been phenomenal.

FREE Homestead Lands

easily accessible, while other lands may be purchased from Railway and Land Companies. The grain and grazing lands of Western Canada are the best on the continent, producing the best grain and cattle (fed on grass alone) ready for market.

Markets, Schools, Railways and all other conditions make Western Canada an enviable spot for the settler.

Write to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, for a descriptive Atlas, and other information, or to the authorized Canadian Government Agent, M. V. McInnes, No. 6 Avenue Theater Block, Detroit, Mich., and C. A. Laurier, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

WESTERN CANADA



Miss Nellie Holmes, treasurer of the Young Woman's Temperance Association of Buffalo, N. Y., strongly advises all suffering women to rely, as she did, upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your medicine is indeed an ideal woman's medicine, and by far the best I know to restore lost health and strength. I suffered miserably for several years, being troubled with menorrhagia. My back ached, I had bearing-down pains and frequent headaches. I would often wake from restful sleep, and in such pain that I suffered for hours before I could go to sleep again. I dreaded the long nights as much as the weary days. I consulted two different physicians, hoping to get relief, but, finding that their medicine did not seem to cure me, I tried your Vegetable Compound on the recommendation of a friend from the East who was visiting me. "I am glad that I followed her advice, for every ache and pain is gone, and not only this, but my general health is much improved. I have a fine appetite and have gained in flesh. My earnest advice to suffering women is to put away all other medicines and to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Miss NELLIE HOLMES, 540 No. Division St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Miss Irene Crosby, prominent in Social Life in East Savannah, Ga., adds her testimonial to the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—"It always gives me pleasure to find an article of real value and unquestioned merit. I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound well calculated to relieve and cure the various troubles arising from irregularities and menstrual pains. "Much suffering could be spared if we only paid more attention to proper living and diet, but as long as women do not do this, your Vegetable Compound has come to the front as a true friend in need. I have been very pleased indeed with the relief it has brought me. I find that I have perfect health now, and that my mind is also more clear and active since I used your Vegetable Compound. It has been of great benefit to me, and I gladly recommend it. Very sincerely yours, Miss IRENE CROSBY, 313 East Charlton St., East Savannah, Ga."

Remember that every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her case or symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and is cheerfully given to any ailing woman who asks for it.

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forth with produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonial, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

Wiggle-Stick
Laundry Blue

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:—Wiggle-Stick AROUND IN THE WATER. Wiggle-Stick LAUNDRY BLUE won't spill, break, freeze nor spot clothes. Costs 10c and equals 20c worth of any other bluer. If your grocer does not keep it send 10c for sample to THE LAUNDRY BLUE CO., 14 Michigan St., Chicago.

For Man For Over 60 years For Horses
Mexican Mustang Liniment
Has been the STANDARD REMEDY
For curing aches and injuries For Cattle For Poultry

CAPSICUM VASELINE
The harder you cough, the worse the cough gets.
Shiloh's Consumption Cure
The Lung Tonic
is guaranteed to cure. If it doesn't benefit you, the druggist will give you your money back.
S. C. WELLS & Co., 215 E. 5th St., LeRoy, N. Y., Toronto, Can.
CHESBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, New York City.

ALL IN THE SAME BOX.

Little Juro's Appeal for Escape Was of No Avail.

The judge had his patience sorely tried by lawyers who wished to talk and by men who tried to evade jury service. Between hypothetical questions and excuses it seemed as if they never would get to the actual trial of the case. So, when the puzzled little German who had been accepted by both sides jumped up the judge was exasperated. "Shudge!" cried the German. "What is it?" demanded the judge. "I think I like to go home to my wife," said the German. "You can't," retorted the judge. "Sit down." "But, Shudge," persisted the German, "I don't think I make a good shuror." "You're the best in the box," said the judge. "Sit down." "What box?" asked the German. "The jury box," said the judge. "Oh, I thought it was a bad box that people gets in sometimes." "No," said the judge; "the bad box is the prisoner's box." "But, Shudge," persisted the little German, "I don't speak good English." "You won't have to speak at all," said the judge. "Sit down!" The little German pointed at the lawyers to make his last desperate plea. "Shudge," he said, "I can't make nodings out of what those fellows say." It was the judge's chance to get even for many annoyances. "Neither can any one else," he said. "Sit down." With a sigh the little German sat down.

The Deserted Cottage.

What do I see as I stand, in the sunshine, alone, in my hand, my foot on the threshold stone? What do I hear in the wind, whispering under the eaves? What do I hope to find—blossom, or fall—on leaves? Here, where the dullest, dim square of a window, long since blank, looks out across the lawn, Registers, unaware, the desolate void behind: Here, where a tangled rose, trailing across the lawn, Tenderly clings and grows up to the crumbling thatch. Nay! but I see, but I hear, all that the years have wrought, Laughter and smile, and tear; Intimate jest and thought; Voices of those long dead, footsteps of those afar. Words that were left unsaid, kisses no time can mar. If I should venture in, I, from the threshold stone, Say, should I find the thin ghost of my youth, Grasping at joys long fled, would not the silence be Sinister, mocking, grim—crushingly near to me? Whisper thy sighs, O wind, Roses, thy door defend: I, on the road of Life, I will go on—to the end. All that we hold we lose, all that we give is given: We shall find our own Beyond, and the finding will be—Heaven. —Pall Mall Gazette.

Good and Sufficient Reason.

Senator Joseph Bailey of Texas was stopped by a Texan in his daily walk down Pennsylvania avenue: "Senator, I'd like a little chat with you," said he. "I do not know you. What can I do?" was the reply. "I am one of your constituents, and I want a consular job. I've written you to send me a Moji—" "Indeed. That's thoughtful of you. Why didn't you say Sze-Chu-un?" "I—I would have, Senator," came the faltering reply, "if I'd only known how to spell it!"—New York Times.

Good Fishing Pond.

William Parker of Whitman, Mass., spent a day on Hobart pond, near the pumping station, and caught something like half a ton of hornpouts. Four large barrels of the fish were sent by freight that night to a Boston dealer. The pond is swarming with fish which come to the spot near the pumping station to get air, and are easily caught.—Exchange.

Parish Without an Inhabitant.

There is in London a parish that does not contain a single inhabitant. This is the parish of St. Christopher le Stock, which extends over the open space in front of the Mansion house and the Royal exchange, and includes the corner of the Bank of England. Its electoral lists and valuation lists have to be made up and duly signed, just as in the case of other parishes.

Another Plagiarism.

"That was a pleasant afterthought of yours," remarked the old preacher who had listened to a sermon by one of his younger brethren, "when you drew upon the analogies of nature to prove the immortality of the soul." "An afterthought?" said the younger clergyman, in some perplexity. "Yes. You thought of it about 2400 years after Socrates."

Sets Good Example.

At West Burke, Vt., a woman, 77 years old, attended the nine weeks' special services recently held in the Methodist church, with the exception of three nights.

Guide for the Angels.

When a Russian dies he is buried with a paper in his hands. On this is written his Christian name, as well as a prayer for his soul.

Small-Eating Contest.

A small-eating contest took place in a Paris restaurant a few days ago, between two boulevardiers. The victor swallowed 243 snails.

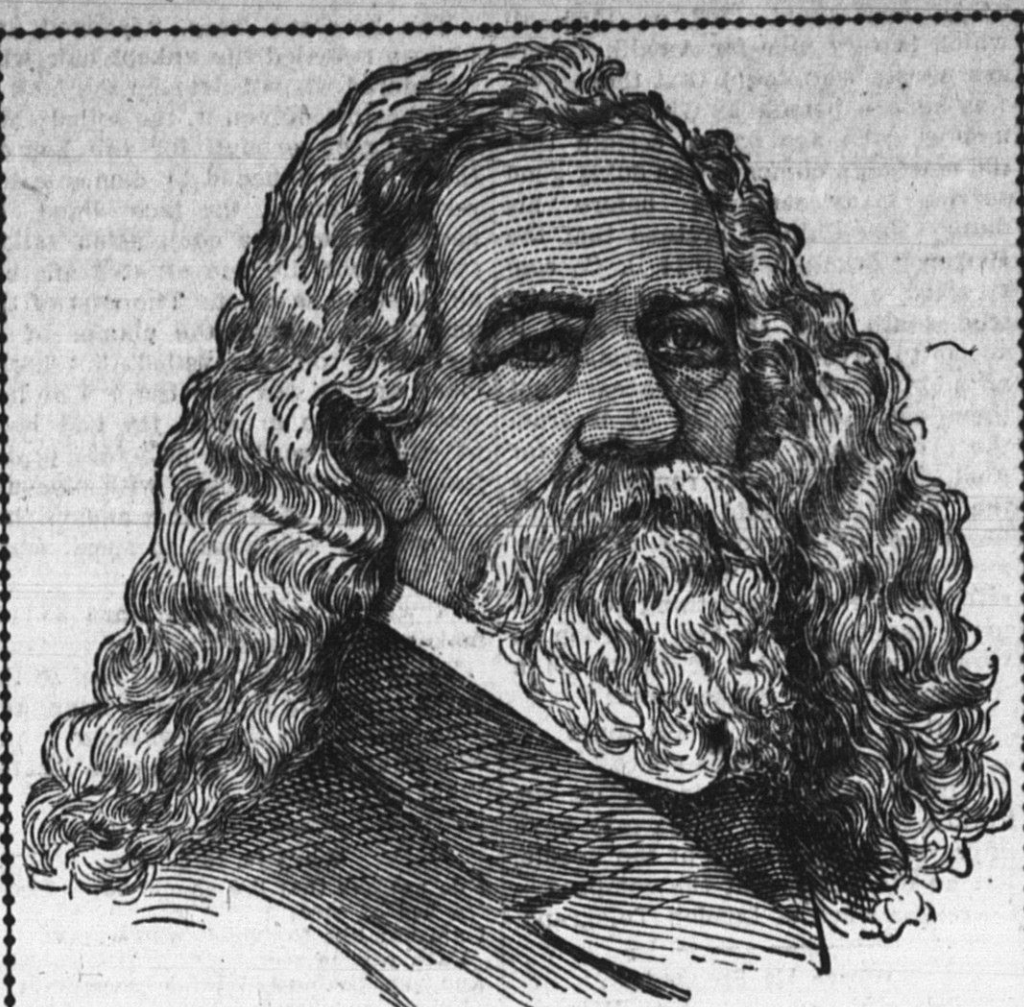
Immense House Cat.

Charles Breed of North Weare, N. H., has a house cat that measures from tip of ears to tip of tail 32 1/2 inches.

Pullet Lays Large Egg.

A pullet owned by Frank Lund of North Sutton, N. H., is responsible for an egg measuring 8 1/2 by 8 inches.

A COMRADE OF GENERAL GRANT Says: "I Do Not Believe Pe-ru-na Has a Superior for Catarrh."



BENJAMIN F. HAWKES.

Benjamin F. Hawkes, of Washington, D. C., is One of the Three Living Comrades of General Grant in His Cadet Days at West Point

In a recent letter from 611 G Street, S. W., Washington, D. C., this venerable gentleman says of Peruna:

"I have tried Peruna after having tried in vain other remedies for catarrh, and I can say without reservation that I never felt a symptom of relief until I had given Peruna the simple trial that its advocates advise. I do not believe it has a superior, either as a remedy for catarrh or as a tonic for the depressed and exhausted condition which is one of the effects of the disease."—Benjamin F. Hawkes.

ISAAC BROCK, a citizen of McLennan County, Texas, has lived for 114 years. In speaking of his good health and extreme old age, Mr. Brock says: "Peruna exactly meets all my requirements. It protects me from the evil effects of sudden changes; it keeps me in good appetite; it gives me strength; it keeps my blood in good circulation. I have come to rely upon it almost entirely for the many little things for which I need medicine. "When epidemics of la grippe first began to make their appearance in this country I was a sufferer from this disease. "I had several long sieges with the grip. At first I did not know that Peruna was a remedy for this disease. When I heard that la grippe was epidemic catarrh I tried Peruna for la grippe, and found it to be just the thing."—Isaac Brock.

Pe-ru-na Used in the Family for Years.

Mrs. E. West, 187 Main Street, Menasha, Wis., writes: "We have used Peruna in our family for a number of years and when I say that it is a fine medicine for catarrh and colds, I know what I am talking about. I have taken it every spring and fall for four years and I find that it keeps me robust, strong, with splendid appetite, and free from any illness. A few years ago it cured me of catarrh of the stomach, which the doctors had pronounced incurable. I am very much pleased with Peruna. I am 87 years old."—Mrs. E. West.

The man who fights to preserve the peace may be inconsistent, but he is sometimes effective. A man's temper improves with discipline.

\$50 PER WEEK made by AGENTS selling STEAM COOKERS and other novelties. FARMERS and STOCKMEN.

We can save you middleman's profit by having our own warehouses and feeding yards, and securing highest possible prices for your grain and stock. Send for our FREE "Booklet." Farmers' Grain and Live Stock Commission Co., Chicago, Ill.

When answering Ads. please mention this paper.

Pe-ru-na is a Catarrhal Tonic Especially Adapted to the Declining Powers of Old Age.

In old age the mucous membranes become thickened and partly lose their function. This leads to partial loss of hearing, smell and taste, as well as digestive disturbances. Peruna corrects all this by its specific operation on all the mucous membranes of the body.

One bottle will convince anyone. Once used and Peruna becomes a life-long stand-by with old and young.

Mrs. F. E. Little, Tolona, Ill., writes: "I can recommend Peruna as a good medicine for chronic catarrh of the stomach and bowels. I have been troubled severely with it for over a year, and also a cough. Now my cough is all gone, and all the distressing symptoms of catarrh of the stomach and bowels have disappeared. I will recommend it to all as a rare remedy. I am so well I am contemplating a trip to Yellow Stone Park this coming season. How is that for one 71 years old?"

In a later letter she says: "I am only too thankful to you for your kind advice and for the good health that I am enjoying wholly from the use of your Peruna. Have been out to the Yellow Stone National Park and many other places of the west, and shall always thank you for your generosity."—Mrs. F. E. Little.

Strong and Vigorous at the Age of Eighty-Eight.

Rev. J. N. Parker, Utica, N. Y., writes: "In June, 1901, I lost my sense of hearing entirely. My hearing had been somewhat impaired for several years, but not so much affected but that I could hold converse with my friends; but in June, 1901, my sense of hearing left me so that I could hear no sound whatever. I was also troubled with severe rheumatic pains in my limbs. I commenced taking Peruna and now my hearing is restored as good as it was prior to June, 1901. My rheumatic pains are all gone. I cannot speak too highly of Peruna, and now when eighty-eight years old can say it has invigorated my whole system."—Rev. J. N. Parker.

Mr. W. B. Schnader, of Terre Hill, Pa., writes:

"I got sick every winter, and had a spell of cold in February, 1899, I could not do anything for almost two months. In December, 1899, I saw one of your books about your remedies. Then I wrote to Dr. Hartman for advice, and he wrote that I should commence the use of Peruna, and how to take care of myself. "I did not lose one day last winter that I could not tend to my stock. I am sixty-three years old, and I cannot thank you too much for what you have done for me." If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis. Address Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

GREGORY'S SEEDS sold under a guarantee. Catalogue free. J. J. H. GREGORY & SON, Marblehead, Mass.

PATENTS DESIGNS TRADE-MARKS AND COPYRIGHTS OBTAINED FREE. NOTICE IN "INVENTIVE AGE" BOOK: "How to Obtain Patents." Charges moderate. No fee till patent is secured. Letters strictly confidential. Address: E. G. SIGGERS, Box 4, N. W. Ave., Washington, D. C.

W. N. U.—DETROIT—NO. 1C—1904

ALABASTINE
The Only Sanitary and Permanent Wall Coating
ALABASTINE is not a disease-breeding, hot water glue wall finish, furnishing a lodgment and harbor-ground for disease germs; it is a natural, rock-base composition, in white and many exquisitely beautiful tints; in powder form, ready for use by simply mixing with acid water. Anyone can brush it on.
ALABASTINE cements to walls, destroys disease germs and vermin, and never rubs off or scales. Other wall coatings, under fanciful names, and usually mixed with hot water, are unhealthy kalsomines, stuck on the wall with glue, which soon rots, nourishes germs of deadly disease, rubs and scales, spoiling walls, clothing and furniture. When it is necessary to refinish, the old coats must be washed off—an expensive, nasty, disagreeable job, making the rooms damp and unfit to live in.
When walls are once coated with Alabastine, succeeding coats may be applied, year after year, without washing the walls, thus saving great expense and annoyance.
Hot and Cold Water Kalsomines Have No Merit
Some dealers try to sell them, buying them cheap, and trying to sell on Alabastine's demand until such time as their customers learn of the imposition.
THEY ARE WORTHLESS PREPARATIONS
If you cannot buy Alabastine of your hardware, paint or drug dealer, refuse all imitations, and write us. We will tell you where you can get Alabastine without delay, or sell it to you direct. \$500.00 GIVEN AWAY. Write for particulars.
Leaflet of dainty tints, hints on decorating, and our artists' up-to-date ideas on beautifying the home, free. Buy Alabastine only in packages, properly labeled.
Alabastine Company GRAND RAPIDS, MICH. and 105 Water St., New York City.

"If in yourself some strength you'd take, Just start the day with Maple-Flake."
Maple-Flake
Crisp flakes of the finest white wheat, flavored with pure maple syrup. A food which satisfies the appetite and pleases the taste. Serve with milk, cream or fruit juices, and use just enough sugar to bring out that maple flavor.
It's Delicious. It's Healthful. It's Economical.
ASK THE GROCER.
A Two (2) Cent Stamp will bring you one of our little "color barometers," by which you can forecast the changes in the weather. Also a little booklet telling many valuable things about Maple-Flake.
HYGIENIC FOOD COMPANY, BATTLE CREEK.
Factories at BATTLE CREEK, MICH., and BUFFALO, NEW YORK.

DR. E. L. WILKINSON

Thirty Years a Specialist.

X-Ray Examinations One Dollar.

Suite 25 Dwight Block, Jackson, Mich.

Hours—9 to 12, 2 to 5; Wednesday and Saturday Evenings, 7 to 8.

Dr. Wilkinson is permanently located in Jackson. He has devoted a lifetime to the treatment and cure of chronic diseases. He will give a written guarantee to cure all curable cases and will legally bind himself to do so without fees in case of failure. He never fails to cure Gout. He never fails to cure Asthma. Mrs. Charles Salisbury, 509 Teneycke street, Jackson, Mich., had Asthma in its worst form for 32 years. Dr. Wilkinson cured her in one week.

Dr. Wilkinson will

Forfeit Five Hundred Dollars

for any case of Asthma or Gout he fails to cure.

Young, Old or Middle Aged Men suffering from nervousness, despondency, etc., permanently and quickly cured. All diseases and ailments peculiar to men, cures guaranteed.

Women Who Are Weak

and despondent, suffering from the many ailments peculiar to their sex, are cured rapidly without operation. Consultation free, charges reasonable. If impossible to call, write description of case.

VAUDEVILLE

WHEN VISITING DETROIT DON'T FAIL TO SEE THE FINEST VAUDEVILLE THEATER IN THE WORLD

TEMPLE THEATER AND WONDERLAND

TWO PERFORMANCES DAILY

Afternoons 2:15—Evenings 8:15

PRICES: EVENINGS, 10, 20, 25, 50 CENTS

AFTERNOONS, 10, 15, 25 CENTS

HEALTH

"I don't think we could keep house without Theodore's Black-Draught. We have used it in the family for over two years with the best of results. I have not had a doctor in the house for that length of time. It is a doctor in itself and always ready to make a person well and happy."—JAMES HALL, Jacksonville, Ill.

Because this great medicine relieves stomach pains, frees the constipated bowels and invigorates the torpid liver and weakened kidneys

No Doctor

is necessary in the home where Theodore's Black-Draught is kept. Families living in the country, miles from any physician, have been kept in health for years with this medicine as their only doctor. Theodore's Black-Draught cures biliousness, dyspepsia, colds, chills and fever, bad blood, headaches, diarrhoea, constipation, colic and almost every other ailment because the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys so nearly control the health.

THEODOR'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

Curtains.

We launder them perfectly at reasonable rates and guarantee all work.

CHELSEA STEAM LAUNDRY (Baths).

SMOKE

Fred's Special

The latest and the best

5c. Cigar

on the market. Made by

SCHUSSLER BROS., Chelsea.

Subscribe for the Herald. \$1 a year.

INVENTOR OF THE COMPASS.

No Man Has Yet Successfully Proved Claim.

A little to the south of Vesuvius, on the Gulf of Salerno, lies the pretty town of Amalfi, whose inhabitants have recently been celebrating the sixth centenary of Flavio Gioia, the inventor, so say the Amalfians, of the mariner's compass. They have found the man and fixed the date; it was Gioia, and about 1302 or 1303—all which is very nice for Amalfi. There are people who doubt that there ever was such a person as Gioia, and any number who are pretty certain that the mariner's compass was doing good service many centuries before his date. The Chinese pretend that the Emperor Wang-ti, in 1324 B. C., constructed a compass to indicate the true south, and the first use of it seems to have been the determination of midday. Probably Europeans got their earliest knowledge of it from the Arabs, and these from the far East. What is most remarkable is that so little is said in the world's literature of one of the most momentous inventions, while the earliest references are to something supposed to be familiar. The first mention in verse is probably that of Du Bartas, a contemporary of Shakespeare:

"Il se tourne la tête toute Contre l'estoile sans route."

"Contre l'estoile" was, of course, toward the Polestar. Gioia may have improved the mounting of the needle, but he did not invent the compass.—Correspondence of London Telegraph.

Where He Stopped.

"Bligh?" growled Mr. Higgins, scowling across the breakfast table at the sharer of his joys and sorrows. "Lord, yes, I like to be 'bligh' to yer relatives, within decent bounds, 'Mandy. I didn't take on none when I had to spend the hull o' one day luggin' in stuff to the spare-room, fer the comfort o' yer dear mother, 'Mandy; an' I dunno's I said a heap 'bout it when yer durn stuf-up sister wouldn't visit us 'less she could have our own room, 'cause it was the biggest in the house; an' so fur's I remember I acted reel meek when I got shifted down to the parlor sofa, fer the 'commodation o' yer other sister what came last week. But 'bout this here cousin that wants to come an' bring her seven cussed young uns fer all summer an' make me shake down in the woodshed every durn night till fall—waal, by the jum'lin' ginger-pots!" roared Mr. Higgins, banging on the table with a heavy fist, "ruch 's I like 'bligh' relatives, I stop right thar, an' I stop with a—dum—bligh—thud!"—Comfort.

Refinery in Cemetery.

A local cotton oil man recently reported a rather amusing incident regarding the proposed independent cotton oil mill at Columbus, Ga., says the Memphis Commercial as an inducement to the company to locate at Columbus the city council of that place recently offered to sell ten acres of the Riverdale Cemetery tract to the refinery people at the nominal rate of \$5 per acre. The statement is added that "ample land will be left for cemetery purposes." As it is proposed to have a \$500,000 plant, it is barely possible that a good-sized cemetery might not be a bad adjunct to a mill that proposes to fight the trust, if the experience of the majority of them in the state of Georgia can be taken as a criterion. It is not thought, however, that the city council had any ulterior motive in offering the tract of land in question.

The Auctioneer Language.

Charles Washburn, one of the auctioneers in the Fruit Exchange over the Erie railroad pier, was interrupted by Inspector Bayard Fuller and a policeman, the latter leading a very disreputable looking emigrant who had wandered away from his boarding house and did not know how to get back.

"What's the matter with him?" asked Mr. Washburn.

"He's lost," replied Inspector Fuller.

"Well, what have I to do with it?" "We've tried him with English, Spanish, Greek, Italian, German and French, but he doesn't understand a word. Now we want to see if he understands that confounded gibberish you speak."—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Taste of Bobbins.

A pompous individual, going up the staircase of a large Boston hotel, was violently poked in the back with an umbrella by a man who ran after him. When he turned to ascertain the cause of the assault the other saw his mistake and apologized, saying: "Excuse me, sir; I thought you were my old friend Bobbins."

"Indeed!" said the old gentleman, in measured tones, "and does your old friend Bobbins enjoy this sort of thing?"

Unerring Childhood.

The child is so often right. It has not the miscellaneous knowledge of the grown-up person who reads newspapers and keeps a tame Encyclopedia Britannica in a carefully devised cage. But the childish mind has an unerring logical faculty, not in any way confused by superfluity of information.

Might Be Arbitrated.

Louisville has a policeman who owns up to eating forty pounds of peanuts every week. Italian merchants of that city should memorialize their government.

Traveling Christians.

It is stated that "The Gideons" are growing at the rate of 130 members a month.

THE MAN AND THE WIFE.

Simple Remark That Drove Out all Romance.

He laid the paper upon the table and looked across at her. In his eyes might be seen the dimness caused by tears that never fall. It was only a story in an evening newspaper, and yet—had they not also had their romance? So, musing he put the paper down and looked at her.

The kerosene lamp, unshaded and pitiless revealed the unkempt hair with disordered wisps betraying the lack of care bestowed upon it, the soiled shirt waist "good enough for the house," the hands roughened by domestic toil recklessly done, the face lined by petty worries, the complexion sallow from indoor life and vitiated air, but all these he saw not. The mist of the unshed tears and the glamor of a meretricious romance veiled that harsh glare, and he saw only the girl he had wooed, whose greatest joy had been to gain a word of piteous praise from him, who blushed with pleasure at the touch of his hand, and in that dimness he was about to speak when she said:

"I wish you wouldn't stare so. It makes me nervous."

There was no kindly veil now to the harsh revealing light of the lamp, and—he picked up the newspaper. And who shall say how much was lost?—What to Eat.

What Is, Is Best.

I do not ask that life should be A bed of ease; I am not like the child, who wants Each toy he sees. And yet 'tis hard, I think, sometimes To see and know. When life seems full of bitter things, The why 'tis so. 'Tis hard to watch the ones we love Grow sick and die. To lay them in the grave and make No moan or cry. Yet those he loves, God chasteneth, So we are told; And each a some way doth believe The story told. That in this world what is, is best; And though we see A thousand ways in which we think 'Twould better be To have what we have longed for, but 'Tis all in vain; Each one must learn through care and grief, Sorrow and pain, That God some trials sends to each That one and all May come to him for sympathy; May heed his call, "Come all ye weary ones to me, For here is rest." So strong and true would fain believe 'What is, is best. Thus, though I like others, I should like At peace to be, I only ask that he, in time, Will give to me A faith so sure, a love so great, So strong and true, That I may look to him for help In all I do; Content to know, at last, for me Will come sweet rest; When life's hard lesson has been learned, What is, is best!—Estelle Bennett.

A Bet on Bonner.

Samuel Bonner is red-headed and calm—a queer combination. We all know that the average red-head is emotional and fiery. He looks his temperment. He raises thunder on slight provocation, but, like an April shower, is soon over. Bonner gets a salary of \$25,000 a year and is only 35 years old. The other day two men were talking of his success. "Quite the most remarkable young captain of industry we have just now," said one. "I have known him several years. I met him in Mexico when he represented some Pittsburgh steel factories. He's away up in the steel crowd now. I never met him? No? Well, I'd like to introduce you. I'll bet you won't know him three minutes before you call him 'Sam.' He's just that kind of fellow. He pulls you right to him, and you soon imagine you are old friends. 'Mister Bonner? Not on you sweet Kentucky.'"—New York Press.

Government Trees.

In the Malay Peninsula there is at the present moment an area of 12,000 acres planted with the Hevea Brasiliensis, the tree furnishing the Para rubber of commerce. This area represents about 1,500,000 trees, the result of plantings introduced within the last fifteen years by the government of India. When the trees were first planted the natives took but little interest in the experiment. As the price of coffee began to decline they began to look for other objects of cultivation, and for the last six years or so they have taken the matter seriously in hand.

Read With Ease.

A writer in Leslie's Monthly says: A schoolbook that is in my possession, dated 1832, has penciled inside the front cover these lines:

Puzzle written over the commandments P.R.S.V.R.Y.P.R.F.C.T.M.N V.R.K.P.T.H.S.P.R.C.P.T.S.T.N. No solution was offered, and I studied over the mysterious medley for some time before I saw that it made sense if an E was substituted for each of the dots.

The First English Watches.

The first English watches had weights, and were used as pocket clocks. They had only one hand, and required to be wound up twice a day. The dials were of silver and brass, while the cases were unglazed, but opened at the back and front, and were four or five inches in diameter—about the size of a common dessert plate.

German Patents.

The legal duration of a patent in Germany is fifteen years from the date of application, and additional patents expire at the same time as the main patent. Inventions which appertain to articles of food or medicine cannot be patented in Germany.

Registration Notice. To the Electors of the Village of Chelsea, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan:

Notice is hereby given, that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the Village above named, will be held at Council Room of Town Hall, within said Village, on Saturday, March 12, A. D. 1904, for the purpose of registering the names of all such persons who shall be possessed of the necessary qualifications of electors, and who may apply for that purpose, and that said Board of Registration will be in session on the day and at the place aforesaid from 9 o'clock in the forenoon until 8 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose aforesaid.

Dated this 27th day of February, A. D. 1904.

By order of the Village Board of Registration.

W. H. HERSCHWERT, Clerk of said Village.

Village Election Notice.

To the Electors of the Village of Chelsea, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan:

Notice is hereby given, that the next ensuing Election of said Village will be held at the Town Hall, in said Village, on Monday, March 14, A. D. 1904, at which election the following officers are to be chosen, viz.: One Village President, one Village Clerk, one Village Treasurer, three Trustees for two years, one Assessor.

The polls of said election will be open at 7 o'clock a. m., and will remain open until 5 o'clock p. m. of said day of election.

By order of the Board of Election Inspectors of said Village.

Dated this 27th day of February, A. D. 1904.

W. H. HERSCHWERT, Clerk of said Village.

More Riots.

Disturbances of strikers are not nearly so grave as an individual disorder of the system. Overwork, loss of sleep, nervous tension will be followed by utter collapse, unless a reliable remedy is immediately employed. There's nothing so efficient to cure disorders of the liver or kidneys as Electric Bitters. It's a wonderful tonic, an effective nerve and the greatest all-round medicine for run down systems. It dispels nervousness, rheumatism and neuralgia and expels malaria germs. Only 50c. and satisfaction guaranteed by Taylor & Stimmon, druggists.

DR. GOSSON'S KIDNEY & BLADDER CURE

If some terrible disease fastens itself upon you, it will be due to your own neglect—nothing else. Dr. Gosson's Kidney and Bladder Cure is guaranteed to quickly and permanently cure Backache, Dropsy, Gravel, Bright's Disease, Rheumatism, Gout, Weak Heart, EVERY Urinary Disorder, Aching Pains over the Hips and Kidneys, Dimmed Vision, Periodical Headaches, Pain in Urinary, Dependence or "Blues," Sallow Complexion, Foul Breath, Bad Taste in the Mouth, in fact ALL irregularities caused by any associated symptoms of Bladder and Kidney Trouble in any form. No matter how long you may have suffered, nor how terrible your affliction may be, DR. GOSSON'S KIDNEY AND BLADDER CURE WILL CURE YOU. It eradicates totally and completely any irregularity or symptom of Kidney and Bladder Trouble and puts the muscular organs in as perfect and healthy condition as in childhood. It never fails.

Mrs. E. Ebel Suffered Six Years. "Kidney Trouble has afflicted me five or six years. I took many kinds of medicines and tried many doctors, but only Dr. Gosson's Kidney and Bladder Cure did me any good. It cured me."—W. E. Ebel, Fremont, Ill. You can be cured. Why do you delay? Health, Happiness and comfort can be yours. Years can be added to your life. Bees blessing now. WE HAVE PLACED THE PRICE WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL. 50 CENTS PER BOX. C.

FENN & VOGEL, Druggists, Chelsea, Mich.

9634-12-32.

Stivers & Kalmbach, Attorneys, Chelsea, Mich.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Emma J. Hatch, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of John Kalmbach, in the village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 29th day of April, and on the 29th day of June, next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated February 29th, 1904.

R. S. ARMSTRONG, B. PARKER, Commissioners.

9636-12-34.

Turnbull & Withers, Attorneys-at-Law, Chelsea, Mich.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Charles Canfield, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of Turnbull & Withers, in the village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 18th day of April, and on the 18th day of June, next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated Feb. 18, 1904.

JAMES TAYLOR, DICK CLARK, WILLIAM F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER, Commissioners.

9638-12-36.

Turnbull & Withers, Attorneys-at-Law, Chelsea, Mich.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Margaret Lusty, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of Turnbull & Withers, in the village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 23rd day of April, and the 23rd day of June, next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated February 28th, 1904.

JOHN S. CUMMINGS, EDWARD VOGEL, Commissioners.

9640-12-38.

Turnbull & Withers, Attorneys-at-Law, Chelsea, Mich.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Elizabeth Weber, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of John Kalmbach, in the village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 9th day of April, and on the 9th day of June, next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated February 28th, 1904.

B. PARKER, JAMES TAYLOR, Commissioners.

Eczema, Tetter, Skin Diseases,

ARE YOU SORE?

Pimples, Chapped Hands and lips are instantly relieved and speedily cured by the free application of the soothing, cooling and healing remedy Paracamp. The powerful anti-septic properties of this remedy make it a sure cure for all forms of Skin diseases. It kills the germs that create the itching, stinging and burning, opens the pores, stimulates the circulation and makes the skin soft, smooth and healthy. It is mother's remedy and is today America's most popular household remedy. Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. Sold in 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles by all druggists. There is nothing "just as good."

THE PARACAMP CO. LOUISVILLE, KY. U. S. A.

Paracamp.

Sold by FENN & VOGEL, Chelsea, Mich.

READ THE STORY OF MICHIGAN IN PEARSON'S MAGAZINE FOR FEBRUARY

DAVID S. BARRY has told the history of Michigan concisely, accurately and dramatically. No State has a story more romantic.

DO YOU KNOW that PEARSON'S entertains more than 1,250,000 people every month? Features like the following explain its popularity:

Modern Methods of "Finance" by Henry George, Jr. President Roosevelt, at Concord, N. H., August 26th, 1902, said: "About all we have a right to expect from Government is that it will see that the cards are not stacked." It was referring to the great industrial combinations. With a view to showing the methods pursued in the organization and manipulation of many of the great industrial combinations, PEARSON'S will publish a series of articles by Henry George, Jr., the author of "Progress and Poverty," "The Social Problem," "The Social Gospel," "The Social Revolution," and many other articles presenting pictures of the times when history was warm in the making, will shortly appear.

Tom Nast, Cartoonist. Gen. U. S. Grant said he considered Tom Nast the greatest artist figure that had come out of the Civil War. Mr. Nast's drawings have prepared for PEARSON'S a series of articles from Nast's books and memorabilia given to him by Tom Nast shortly before his death. This most important set of pictures, which includes the Overthrow of the Union, the Civil War period, the horrors of slavery, the Reconstruction period, the Greeley Irregularities Campaign, and many other articles presenting pictures of the times when history was warm in the making, will shortly appear.

Monsieur A. V. resumes "Revelations of an International Spy." Following is the schedule thus far planned: The Fate of the Dowager Empress; the Execution of Francis Joseph; the Death of Queen Victoria; the Fall of the Tsar; the Black Sea; the Secret History of Panama.

The author still insists that his identity must remain a secret.

SOMETHING ABOUT BOOKS AND BOOK-BARGAINS

Every PEARSON Subscriber Enjoys Great Book-Purchasing Privileges. MILLIONS of world-famous cloth-bound novels, Standard Sets, Libraries of Science, Biography, Historical Works, and Practical Manuals are available at bargain prices to subscribers of PEARSON'S MAGAZINE. You can secure an interest in this gigantic bargain sale of the world's most famous books, and as this plan includes practically the entire fiction product of every American Book Publisher, the magnitude of the proposition is readily apparent. Remarkable book bargains are at all times available. Nothing but cloth-bound books are offered. Clear print, good paper, and attractive cloth bindings insure an opportunity to secure a fine representative library at a low cost.

As a means of introducing these special benefits to you we make this offer.

A Year's Subscription to PEARSON'S, \$1.00 } ALL FOR Your Choice of any of the following cloth-bound books, originally issued at } \$1.25

ADVENTURES OF CAPT. HORN, Frank R. Stockton. JOHN MARSH, SOUTHERNER, G. W. Cable. GUY RICHARDS, GUY RICHARDS, Richard Harding Davis. PASTORAL STORIES, Thomas Nelson Page. THE ST. IVES, Robert Louis Stevenson. A PASTORAL CROWN, Clara Morris. FOR LOVE OF COUNTRY, Cyrus Townsend Brady. THE CIRCUIT RIDER, Edward Eggleston.

THE ROGUES' MARCH, E. W. Hornum. THE GARDEN OF EDEN, Blanche Howard. THE LARK OF LONDON, Thomas Hodgson Burt.

THE INLANDER, Harrison Robertson. ON OTHER SHORES, William L. Watkins. THE HOUSE OF EGRESS, Molly Elliot Seawell.

THE HEART OF TOIL, Octave Thanet.

Send all Orders to PEARSON PUB. CO. Astor Place, New York City

9643-12-37.

Stivers & Kalmbach, Attorneys, Chelsea, Mich.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. As a session of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 12th day of February, in the year one thousand nine hundred and four.

Present, Willis L. Watkins, Judge of Probate, deceased.

William H. Howlett and Thomas Howlett, executors of the last will and testament of said deceased, come into court and represent that they are now prepared to render their final account as such executors.

Thereupon, it is ordered that the 15th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court then to be holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed.

And it is further ordered, that said executors give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIS L. WATKINS, Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.] LEO L. WATKINS, Probate Register.

9650-12-31.

Turnbull & Withers, Attorneys, Chelsea.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Margaret Lusty, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of Turnbull & Withers, in the village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 23rd day of April, and the 23rd day of June, next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated February 28th, 1904.

JOHN S. CUMMINGS, EDWARD VOGEL, Commissioners.

9652-12-33.

Stivers & Kalmbach, Attorneys, Chelsea, Mich.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Elizabeth Weber, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of John Kalmbach, in the village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 9th day of April, and on the 9th day of June, next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated February 28th, 1904.

B. PARKER, JAMES TAYLOR, Commissioners.

HEADACHE DR. MILES' ANTIDOTE Pain Pills.

At all drug stores. 25 Doses 25c.

An Iowa professor says Latin is foolish. He is not holding a Latin chair.

Not that it makes any particular difference—but what has become of John L. Sullivan?

American millers will do all they can in a business way to mitigate the horrors of war in the orient.

War would probably be the most horrible thing in the world if it were not for the comic valentine.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is gradually overcoming the handicap he has in not starting in life as a poor boy.

The marvels of the N-rays and X-rays interest scientists. But the world in general is fighting for the \$-rays.

Secretary Shaw has decided that frog's legs are poultry. Now the question arises, is a frog-in-the-throat a wishbone?

Having held up a Mexican stage and murdered six passengers, the Yaqui Indians have become spiced food for the dime novel fiend.

Those men who are sending offers of marriage to Mrs. Maybrick must think she has not yet had enough trouble to satisfy her.

According to Prof. Watt the boy of to-day is a "sitter." The professor should get out more and watch this young hopeful in action.

Sir Alfred Austin's efforts have dropped to that point in popular esteem here they are not even parodied in the American newspapers.

Apparently, the Czar has never heard of David Harum's version of the golden rule: "Do to others as they'd do to you, but do it first."

Love beats warm in man and maid "way down in Maine" when an eloping pair will travel twenty-two miles on snowshoes to be married.

Rudyard Kipling grinding out parodies on the old English poets is a spectacle to make the author of the "Recessional" turn over in his grave.

"It is a pity," says a college professor, "that Lincoln had not more culture and refinement." Never was the rest of us think pretty well of Abe.

When a mother takes her boy to school, and tells the teacher he is "so sensitive," it means that she wants to do all the licking herself.—Atchison Globe.

Uncle Sam has already shipped 3,000,000 barrels of apples over the bounding sea this season, and still has plenty left for eating, apple sass and cider.

There has been a drop in the price of radium. It is worth only \$700,000 a pound now. Pretty soon it will be possible to get a pound of radium for a dozen of eggs.

The dressmakers' trust of Chicago announces that it has been formed to give the women the benefit of the latest fashions; also doubtless of an improved style of bill.

"I think the present way of celebrating the Fourth is stupid, but I have no less stupid way to suggest," says Prof. William James. That's your true philosopher!

Medical experts are reported to have discovered that appendicitis is caused by a germ. Now we may expect to hear at any time that the broken leg is due to microbes.

It's an evil conflagration that brings nobody good. Twenty-five hundred housewives, idle in New York, are looking forward with new courage to the prospect of good jobs in Baltimore.

The fastidious Hartford Post ask why a "tidy and neat woman" will hold a dirty 5-cent piece between her lips while she adjusts her gloves? Perhaps because her hands are fully occupied.

A Brooklyn clergyman gave his beloved one a monkey on a stick for a Christmas gift, and she broke the engagement. No wonder, she thought two monkeys would be more than she could manage.

There are two reports from Constantinople. One is that the Sultan is paying his debts and the other is that he is losing his mind. If the first report is true, the other will be accepted without question.

Archduke Ferdinand of Austria, having eloped with a restaurant keeper's daughter, will furnish the yellow press a month's sensation, and, incidentally, add to the disgust of the business men of Europe with royalty in general.

Admiral Alexieff has bestowed nearly a barrelful of crosses of St. George upon Russians who participated in the battle of Port Arthur. It will take a whole train load of crosses to go around if the Russians ever succeed in gaining a good big victory.

Michigan Happenings

A Duel for Life.

John Huddy, a Michigan Central switchman, shot and killed his wife, Anna, at the home of her sister in Jackson Saturday and then, turning the revolver to his own head, killed himself. Mrs. Huddy made a brave fight for her life and fired two shots at her husband, one of which inflicted a slight wound in the left arm, before she received her death wound. The tragedy has its cause in Huddy's jealousy of his young and handsome wife. She was 25 years of age and he 38. January 2 last a quarrel occurred because Mrs. Huddy wanted to attend the theater, while Huddy preferred staying at home. Trouble culminated in Huddy striking his wife a heavy blow in the face, breaking her nose. Mrs. Huddy left him for this and went to live with her sister, Mrs. Arnold. The next day she swore out a warrant against Huddy for assault and battery.

Special Session Suggested.

It is said the railroad people have been urging Gov. Bliss to call a special session of the legislature with a view to having the big railroad tax suits compromised and the ad valorem tax amended so as to give the tax commissioners power to equalize the general property valuations as made by local assessing officers before proceeding to determine the "average" rate for use in assessing railroad property. Atty.-Gen. Blair is opposed to the scheme and its proposers talk as though it may have to be abandoned. The attorney-general and his assistants feel confident they will win the pending suits, particularly in view of the showing that railroad property, as well as general property, is not assessed at its full cash value.

An Unpleasant District.

Smallpox has become so prevalent along the line of the Kalamazoo branch of the Pere Marquette railroad that it has become necessary to quarantine the whole region south of Kalamazoo to Stafford. Ticket agents have received instructions not to sell tickets to points in the infected territory and trainmen refuse to carry passengers from there. Cases are reported at Morristown, Sharon and Spencer, all, however, being of mild form. Sentinels are placed along the main highways and railroad to stop any person attempting to walk out of the district.

Black Diphtheria.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Creekbaum, of Muskegon, are mourning the death of their little son, who died from black diphtheria, contracted, it is supposed, from the corpse of the daughter of Leonard Gifus, which they allowed to be brought into the house from Missouri for the purpose of holding funeral services. The death certificate states that the death of the Gifus child was caused by tonsillitis, but the local health authorities say the disease was black diphtheria.

Blood Poisoning.

As the result of a slight needle prick received February 10, Mrs. John Soethe, of Muskegon, has been obliged to submit to the amputation of her left hand to save her life. She was sewing and accidentally ran the needle into one of the fingers. The wound was so slight that she paid no attention to it, but blood poisoning set in. Mrs. Soethe is very old and has not as yet been informed of the operation, as in her weakened state the news might cause her death.

Torn to Pieces.

Benjamin F. Daniels, a laborer, was instantly killed in Kalamazoo Friday by the southbound express of the Grand Rapids & Indiana. He was picking up coal along the track and appeared unconscious of his danger until the train was upon him, when he slipped directly under the wheels. He was torn all to pieces. Daniels was 52 years old, and came from Osego six years ago to live with a daughter. He was a widower.

Great Record.

Adjt. Gen. Brown has submitted to the board of state auditors specifications for 47 volumes covering the records of Michigan soldiers, sailors and marines in all wars, copy for which has just been completed. The volumes will aggregate about 8,000 pages, and 45,000 copies will be published. This work was provided for by an act of the last legislature. The auditors will advertise for bids for printing the volumes.

Stearns' Platform.

Justus S. Stearns has issued the formal announcement of his candidacy for the Republican nomination for governor, coming out squarely for primary election reform and for municipal ownership and control of public utilities. He also favors the revision of the tax laws making for an equal and just taxation; home rule for cities and villages, and the restricting of the discretionary pardoning and paroling power of the governor.

Field Mice are Destroying Fruit Trees at Benton Harbor.

In 1903, 35,000,000 tons of freight passed through the Soo.

Mabel Fitzgerald, of Port Huron,

was badly burned by swallowing carbolic acid by mistake.

The burned business district of

Coleman will be rebuilt with brick and cement structures.

Chester has a two-pound baby girl,

and Watson has a 10-year-old youngster weighing 135 pounds.

Because he couldn't have beefsteak,

Jos. Brosecky, a man with a broken jaw, left Menominee River hospital.

The five-year-old son of Frank Leib,

who lives near Beerdfield, was struck in the eye by a cake of ice, and may lose the eye.

The Emory flouring mill, Three Rivers,

was destroyed by fire Monday with contents. Loss, \$40,000, with about \$17,500 insurance.

MICHIGAN NEWS NOTES.

Muskegon faces water famine.

Isabella county poor house has 27 inmates.

Negaunee will have a \$50,000 Carnegie library.

Bellevue will have an \$800,000 cement plant.

Vesper is a new postoffice in Menominee county.

A sugar beet factory is advocated for the Soo.

Merchants complain of dull season at St. Joseph.

Government cable will be laid to Beaver Island.

Lack of coal caused Buchanan schools to close.

Coal famine at St. Johns and price of etables advancing.

A Lake Odessa man had 30 tumors removed from his neck.

Commerce schools are closed because of a fuel famine.

Diphtheria caused the closing of schools at Grand Marais.

Stambough will have a \$17,500 school building in the spring.

A Lansing man stole a blanket to cover a horse and was arrested.

While doing housework, Mrs. Alzina Jennings, of Stanton, dropped dead.

A Port Huron youth stole \$20 from his mother's pillow while she slept.

Mormons will hold a semi-annual conference at Battle Creek Feb. 27.

John Koons, Gladwin, has a crushed arm as a result of being wound up in a belt.

Will Van Fleet, of Palmyra, had the end of his thumb bitten off by a hog he was ringing.

Jessie Crichton, a St. Joseph nurse, will go to Japan to care for wounded and sick soldiers.

James Osborn, of Camden, who is blind, was burned to death in his home where he lived alone.

Gulls and wild ducks have become tame by starvation, and eat with chickens at St. Joseph.

John A. Harriman, for many years county clerk and register of deeds for Antrim county, is dead. He leaves a widow and two daughters.

The 2-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. William Barnett, of Lansing, is in a critical condition as the result of having drunk a quantity of concentrated lye.

The scarcity of coal last winter stimulated the business in Michigan so that during the past year more coal has been mined in this state than ever before.

Neighbors who broke into the Traverse City home of E. R. Van Valkenburg, who lives alone, found him helpless in bed, partially paralyzed and nearly frozen.

Quail and partridge are practically extinct in Grayling vicinity owing to the severity of the weather. Dead birds are found in the woods, but no live ones are seen.

Richard Jackett and John Gardner, giving their address at Michigan City, Ind., were apprehended in a Monroe saloon, having a quantity of silverware on their persons.

Mrs. Richard Budd, of Durand, aged 82, is dead at the home of her daughter. A month ago she was deserted by her 82-year-old husband, and an effort is now being made to find him and inform him of her death.

Reports from Lake Superior are that there is more ice on that body of water than for many years past. A person could make his way over the ice from Marquette to Sault Ste. Marie, 180 miles down the lake shore.

The pitiable condition of a sick girl in the "Holiness Sect" settlement south of Danville, is being investigated by the authorities. It is claimed that no physician has been allowed the patient, prayers being relied upon.

Starting for the home of a nearly neighbor with her infant child, apparently well and healthy, in her arms, Mrs. George Leslie, of Muskegon, was shocked to find upon removing the shawl that the little one had died in her arms.

At the funeral of Edrick Scott, who died at his home in Trowbridge last week of dropsy and heart disease, at the age of 68 years, there were 22 of his nephews present. Six of that number acted as pallbearers. He leaves a widow and one brother.

Antoine Solem, a wealthy farmer of Sutton's Bay, has been missing for a week. He started for Traverse City with the intention of buying hogs and had a considerable sum of money with him. His friends fear he became lost in the snow and perished.

For the first time in a quarter of a century the boats of the Detroit, Belle Isle & Windsor Ferry Co. have been compelled to abandon the work of providing regular and frequent service between Detroit and Windsor at the foot of Woodward avenue.

The state military board has decided that the next encampment of the state militia will be held in Michigan. The board are sore on the government camp in Kentucky, the general sentiment being that the maneuvers there were not of such a nature as to prove instructive to the state militia.

Bert Fenton, the Brookfield farmer who shot his employer, John Unterkircher, the night of December 26, pleaded guilty in circuit court. He was given an indeterminate sentence by Judge Smith at Ionia for a term of not less than one or more than two years.

A plumber employed to thaw out a frozen water pipe in a Kalamazoo residence applied the blow pipe too closely and caused a small blaze. The plumber then picked up a can of gasoline, thinking it water, and threw the contents on the blaze. An explosion followed, the plumber escaping minus his hair and eyebrows.

Machen et al. Guilty.

The famous postoffice conspiracy trial ended Friday in a verdict of "guilty as indicted" for all four defendants, August W. Machen, late general superintendent of the rural free delivery division; George E. Lorenz, of Toledo, O.; and Samuel A. and Diller B. Groff, of Washington. The jury was out nine hours. Immediately after the verdict was rendered, Charles A. Douglass, in behalf of all four defendants, filed motions for a new trial for an arrest of judgment and also for an appeal for the purpose of having the defendants admitted to bail. Bail was then fixed at \$20,000 each, the bond of Lorenz and the two Groffs being increased from \$10,000 to that sum. Next to Samuel A. Groff, the most surprised man was Machen, who said he was thunderstruck at the verdict. Saturday Machen, Lorenz and Diller B. Groff were sentenced to two years' imprisonment in the Moundsville, W. Va., penitentiary and a fine of \$10,000 each. The defendants immediately gave notice of appeal to the court of appeals, and were released on \$20,000 bonds each.

Samuel A. Groff, as to whom Special Council Conrad for the government, said some days ago that there was not sufficient evidence to convict, was not sentenced, his motion for a new trial and for arrest of judgment being allowed further consideration. His counsel were given four days within which to prepare to argue the motions.

Who Put Up the Money.

It is now known that a plot was made up for Machen's defense, and it is believed that some of the money was obtained in Michigan. After he was indicted Machen spent nearly a week in Detroit under an assumed name, and the object of his trip was to secure funds. Secret service agents kept close tab on Machen, and know with whom he talked in Detroit, and this information may be put to use later on.

There is considerable speculation going on as to whether Machen will make a confession in the event of his having to go to prison. That he could tell a startling story is unquestioned, and officials say that one of the most interesting chapters would refer to his Michigan connections.

It is considered almost certain that Machen will be unable to obtain a new trial, as the defense was given great latitude during the trial just ended.

Washington Notes.

The house passed the naval appropriation bill Friday after having had it under consideration for a week.

The president has decided to appoint Benj. M. Harrod, of New Orleans, a member of the isthmian canal commission.

The orders of Edwin V. Morgan, appointed and confirmed as American consul to Dalny, to proceed to that port, have been suspended. Mr. Morgan will not proceed until he has received further orders from the department.

There is no present intention of trying to force Mr. Morgan upon the Russian government.

When the government shall have completed the ships now on the stocks and those authorized by the present bill for naval increase in congress the United States will have the third place among the naval powers.

Drubbed the Moros.

Gen. Wade in a cablegram from Manila, advises the war department of a report of Gen. Wood concerning an engagement at Jolo, on the 14th inst, with the remnants of Hassan's Cotia Moros. The American expedition, was in charge of Maj. Hugh I. Scott. During the fight Gen. Wood states firing twice was stopped to give the Moros a chance to surrender, but they declined. The entire body, he adds, with the exception of Hassan, is either dead or captured, and Hassan is located.

Second Lieut. Eugene R. West, Eighteenth battery, field artillery, was seriously wounded in the thigh. A number of troopers also were wounded.

The Cuban Election.

The congressional elections, the first ever conducted entirely under Cuban auspices, were quiet and well conducted. Predictions of disturbances at certain points caused some apprehension, but so far as reported nothing unusual occurred. While the liberal representation in the lower house of congress appears to have been increased by several seats, the small republican majority in the senate will prevent any radical change of policies.

Ready for Business.

Everything is ready for the speedy consummation of the Panama canal treaty, and both the war and state departments have made preparations for the next step, the former by the dispatch of troops to the isthmus and the latter by the completion of arrangements for the exchange of ratifications of the treaty, which must take place in Washington. There is no reason why this ceremony should not occur within the next forty-eight hours.

Dick Succeeds Hanna.

Gen. Chas. Dick was nominated by acclamation for both the unexpired and regular terms for United States senator to succeed the late Senator Hanna, at the caucus of the Republican members of the Ohio legislature. Gen. Dick was the only one presented. As the Republicans have a large majority in both branches, Gen. Dick's election is assured and the balloting on March 1 will be only a formality.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Paris advises state that an arbitration treaty is likely soon to be signed by France and the United States.

D. A. Pohlmann, treasurer of the federated council of Santa Clara county, Cal., was held up and robbed of \$230 and a gold watch and then shot, probably fatally.

Col. Joseph Nunez, member of the Chicago convention which nominated Lincoln for the presidency, is dead at his Brooklyn home. In 1880 he was named consul at Cardenas, Cuba, and served four years.

FRESH REPULSE FOR RUSSIA TORPEDO BOAT WAS SUNK AND THREE BIG WARSHIPS WERE DAMAGED.

FEELING AT ST. PETERSBURG IS HOSTILE TO AMERICANS---COM- PLAINTS OF ILL TREATMENT BY JAPANESE WOMEN--- VARIOUS REPORTS AND RUMORS.

A dispatch from Yin Kow dated Feb. 29, says: Fifteen Japanese warships furiously bombarded Port Arthur from 10 until 12 o'clock this morning. The Russian cruisers Novik, Askold and Bayan, accompanied by four torpedo boats, steamed out to meet the attack. They were forced to retire badly damaged. The Retvizan was again damaged. The Japanese withdrew in good order.

Gen. Stoessel, commander of the garrison, has issued a general order directing the attention of the troops and inhabitants to the fact that the Japanese intend to land and seize the fortress. The general declares the Japanese consider the seizure of Port Arthur to be a question of national honor, and from their obstinate attacks and bombardment of the fortress and bays he can only conclude that the enemy will make every effort to capture the fortress, failing which the Japanese will destroy the railroad and withdraw. "The enemy, however," proceeds the general order, "is mistaken. Our troops know and the inhabitants are herewith informed by me that we will not yield. We must fight to the finish as I, the commandant, will never give an order to surrender. I bring this to the notice of those less daring and call on all to become convinced of the necessity of fighting to the death. There is no way out. On three sides there is the sea, and on the fourth will be the enemy. There is no means of escape except by fighting."

A dispatch from Liao-Yang to St. Petersburg says that Chinese on the Yalu river report that an advance guard of Russian cavalry which has penetrated Korea, for a distance of about two hundred versts across the river had an encounter with a detachment of Japanese and that the Japanese were compelled to retreat and fled, leaving their horses, which were seized by Cossacks. Gen. Linvitch dispatched cavalry and a body of infantry in pursuit and with an order to occupy northern Korea.

Gen. Mishchenko, with a detachment of mounted Cossacks, has reached Kasanjin, Korea, and is expected to arrive at Ichio-Yang today. His men and horses are in good condition, and he is well supplied with provisions. The Korean officials are fleeing from the places traversed and are informing the Japanese of the approach of the Russians. The Cossacks have seized the telegraph line in north Korea.

A Japanese major, Togo Tazusiro, and five men, captured by Cossacks at Wiju, have been brought to Liao-Yang.

Snow storms are raging and the frost is intense. The railroad is working perfectly, and troops are arriving uninterruptedly.

The concentration of Chinese troops westward of Mukden, in the district of Gubantsa, is not relished by the Russians. War material is being brought up and the militia posts are being strengthened. It is doubted if the attitude of the population can be relied upon. The people at several points refuse to sell produce to the Russians.

Maj. Gen. Ping, Viceroy Alexieff's chief of staff, reports from Port Arthur:

"The enemy's squadron keeps in this vicinity. Reports are coming in of movements of Chinese troops west of Lia river and according to rumors about 10,000 Chinese troops under Gen. Ma are on the road between Tung-Chu and Chao-Jan. The military guard on the Sin-Min-Tu railway has been reinforced, from forty to fifty Chinese soldiers having been placed at each station.

"Our mounted troops have entered Korea and the attitude of the population is friendly toward us."

The military situation will be greatly complicated if Gen. Ma's army is really moving to the rear of the Russian position with the intention of making common cause with the Japanese, as it will expose both Russian flanks to attack.

The Korean government has decided to order the Korean troops to join the Japanese in the field. The standing army now consists of about 17,000 men with European methods. In 1895 it was taken in hand by a Russian colonel with three commissioned and ten non-commissioned officers, who retired, however, in 1898. A royal body guard of 1,000 men was formed and has been well drilled and periodically a draft from it to the other regiments of the standing army.

The following message has been received by the navy department from Commander Marshall, of the Vicksburg: "Took the initiative by sending medical assistance to the Viazar as soon as possible after learning that they were abandoning vessel. Sent three boats and assisted taking off the

Russian sailors, putting them on board the British and Italian vessels. The Viazar remained afloat over five hours, dilling slowly. Our boats were instructed not to bring the Russian sailors to Vicksburg, offering the Zadro temporarily, but offer was declined."

The news that the United States had assented to the extension of the Pacific cable to Japan with the reasons therefor assigned in the dispatches from Washington, still further aggravates the popular belief that the United States is siding with Japan against Russia. The few Americans in St. Petersburg have all remarked upon the changed demeanor of their Russian friends. Formerly they were treated with the greatest cordiality, but now the Russians greet them with the question: "Is America our secret enemy, and will we have to fight her, also, before the war comes to an end?"

In a dispatch from St. Petersburg, the correspondent of the Echo de Paris quotes a high officer of the Russian general staff as saying that complete reports of the latest Port Arthur attacks have not yet been received, but that a consideration of the information already in possession of the government shows that in the bombardment of the night of February 23-24, three Japanese vessels were sunk in addition to the transports. An official dispatch shows that one Japanese torpedo boat destroyer was sunk, and the best information at Chefoo indicates that three such vessels were lost.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Figaro telegraphs that the Russian cruiser Dmitri Donskoi has captured three steamers flying the British flag which were conveying 15,000 tons of coal to Nagasaki.

The correspondent further asserts that Russia's plan of campaign contemplates the retirement of Russian troops without opposing the Japanese landings, and when sufficient reinforcements arrive, the offensive will be taken and Port Arthur will be relieved.

The cruiser Dmitri Donskoi and other Russian warships under the command of Admiral Wierentus have been in the Red sea since the war began.

The British steamer Kwang Ping has arrived at Nagasaki from Shin Wang Tao on the gulf of Liao Tung with 630 Japanese refugees, mostly women, from Manchuria. Many of the women claim they were maltreated by the Russian soldiers at Harbin.

The official report of the naval officers who attempted to block the entrance to the harbor of Port Arthur on the morning of February 24 differs in some respects from the accounts already printed. From this report it appears that the Russian searchlights discovered the approach of the five Japanese steamers before they had reached the point where it was proposed to sink them, and that the Russian guns disabled three of the five.

Another new feature is that a portion of the crews of the sunken steamers were not picked up until the afternoon of the 24th.

The feeling in Russia that the United States is unfriendly to her seems to become daily more prominent, especially since the Vicksburg incident at Chemulpo, when the commander of American gunboat is said to have refused to unite with the commanders of other foreign warships at Chemulpo to protest against the fighting which resulted in the loss of the Russian warships Viazar and Korietz, and the fact that the Vicksburg did not take on board survivors of the Russian ships.

American business men are alarmed concerning the possible effect upon American trade. Within the last few days orders for American goods have been countermanded, the only explanation given being that the prospective purchasers did not desire to buy American goods under the present circumstances. The sincere hope is expressed that the United States will not embarrass Russia further by pressing the question of consular representation at this time.

The fact that the Japanese have renewed the attack on Port Arthur is interpreted in St. Petersburg to mean that they are determined to bottle up or destroy the Russian fleet in order to give themselves freedom for maneuvers to cut off or invest the city, or as a feint to cover a movement elsewhere.

Reliable reports from northern Korea indicate that the Russians have not yet crossed the Yalu river. Their scouts have, it is rumored, penetrated into the country south of Wiju, but the main force, estimated at 20,000 to 40,000 men, remains north of the river. From Seoul it is reported that the Russians are keeping communication between Wiju and Anju, Korea, open. Otherwise no advance to the southward has yet been made. Russian spies, however, are reported to be in the vicinity of Ping-Yang.

Mr. Hale declared in the senate Friday that for this session, at least, the issue of a general ship subsidy was dead.

Deadheads are entitled to no damages for injuries sustained while riding on railroad passes, according to a decision of the United States supreme court.

Paul Barrackman and Alvin W. McCormann, each aged 14 years, fought with pen knives at a singing school in the village of Henwood, O., Friday night. Barrackman, who is said to have been the aggressor, was killed. McCormann is in jail.

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THE LAKE ISLE OF INNISFRAE.

I will arise and go now, and go to Innisfree,
And a small cabin build there, of clay
and wattles made:
Nine bean rows will I have there, a hive
for the honey bee,
And live alone in the bee-loud glade.
And I shall have some peace there, for
peace comes dropping slow,
Dropping from the veils of the morning
to where the cricket sings;
There midnight's all a glimmer, and
noon a purple glow,
And evening full of the linnet's wings.
I will arise and go now, for always night
and day
I hear lake water lapping the low
sands by the shore;
While I stand on the roadway, or on the
pavements gray,
I hear it in the deep heart's core.
—William Butler Yeats.

THE PRICE OF FAME

By VIOLA LINDHOLM

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This was Elizabeth Nelsen's first opportunity to hear a symphony concert. She was an observing young woman, and it was with an eager eye that she noticed the effect of the high vaulted ceiling from the center of which was suspended great circles of light which seemed like golden crowns for that surging mass of human faces everywhere about her.

It was the vista of trees that one saw just back of the stage, that caught Elizabeth's eye. It seemed as if she could hear the winds murmuring sweet sounds through those moving branches, or the twitter of birds



All was forgotten in the masterful program.

darting here and there, and feel the warm sunlight casting long arrows of light through the green leaves. But her imaginative play of fancy was disturbed by the musicians coming in by twos and threes, and taking their accustomed places in the long rows of chairs arranged in a semicircle.

The concert leader followed, bowing and smiling to the continued applause, until Elizabeth felt sure his back would break.

But all was forgotten in the masterful program. The musicians responded to the baton of the director, as if he controlled them by some subtle power.

The climaxes of harmonious sound seemed to float upwards past the circles of light to part from the sympathetic strings from which they came. Such magnificent tones as came from the throat of the soloist were a revelation to Elizabeth, and instinctively spurred her ambition to attain loftier heights. Had not her teacher that very day, spoken encouraging words, and told her there was a fortune in her voice, if she would but endure the years of technical study?

She was determined to be a great singer; one who would sing to human hearts and make them all better for having heard her. To the realization of her dream, there was but one obstacle, and her face grew serious as she thought of the unanswered letter—the last letter that was so full of tender pathos, urging her to remember that fame was not what the world required of her; and that she need not give up her heart and soul to her unrelenting ambition, when there was already a heart beating in union with her own.

Elizabeth longed to be free and not be bound by any attachment except to her one theme—music. Yet, Stephen Strong had so often pointed out that the world would crown her efforts.

She admired Stephen—yes, he was her ideal of manhood. At times she felt that the sun was shining all the brighter because of his love for her. Again, her heart was bitter toward him for being so unresponsive to her musical soul. He had often told her there was an ever-widening gulf between them, and that it was caused by her ambitions.

On one occasion he astonished her by saying he almost hated music, for the simple reason that Elizabeth seemed lost to him. And once, when she was playing the entrancing measures of "Weber's Invitation to the Dance," he had suddenly taken the music away and closed the piano. This incident was a shock to Elizabeth's sensitive nature, and she never could quite forget; neither could she quite understand his aversion to her music.

If either had only cultivated a better self-denial and patience, those virtues would have made each stronger

and better able to understand the other's innermost soul.

For the next two or three days she practiced incessantly, singing her exercises with such fervor that a mocking bird, from his station in the large elm tree, which stood near Elizabeth's window, eyed her with such interest, and, as if in approval of her efforts, burst forth into joyful song.

The song of happiness from the bird acted as a stimulant to Elizabeth's hope, and she felt a joyous sense of her freedom.

It was all over between them, and she was glad she had no one to interfere with her plans. And he did not care so much after all, judging from the very cool and formal note in answer to her wish to cancel all relations between them.

It took years of unremitting work. Her daily routine was of the simplest nature, with so many self-denials and sacrifices never dreamed of, on the long road to fame. Oftentimes she was faint-hearted and weary of the struggle for success, and would fain have given up the goal for the sound of a tender voice, or the touch of an absent hand; but lacking this, she clung persistently to her faith in her own self to conquer, and yet be a great singer.

Six years had passed, and this was to be the night of her debut. The wintry air was piercing. Overhead the blue ether was studded with scintillating stars, which sang a measure of harmonious spheres.

Waves of pulsating music came from everywhere. Even the man with the street-piano, who took his stand near the crossing, had caught the vibrating waves of higher spheres and was playing in unusually sweet and measured time. One block further north from where the street musician held his court, there arose a massive stone building silhouetting its turrets and sharp pinnacles against the jewel-studded curtain of night. Its noble facade seemed to recede from the broad street, which was so wide that it gave one the impression of stretching far to the right, joining hands with the park. One's vision was broken, however, by the line of street cars, cabs and carriages, which poured forth increasing throngs who wended their way across the wide esplanade and up the terraced steps of the music hall.

Elizabeth's success was immediate and sure, for her singing and acting made a marked sensation. She infused her own intense personality into the character she was portraying.

In looking at her, one never seemed to remember anything of her face, except those eyes, which varied in expression, according to the intensity of her feeling.

Her sensitive mouth and broad chin indicated delicacy as well as deter-



But what was it he was saying. At times people had called her beautiful.

This was one of her inspired moments, for she not only looked radiant, but her singing was an inspiration to her audience, who were loth to leave, even after the last encore had been granted.

Back in her dressing room, where were large, fragrant bouquets for the evening's success, she would commune with her own heart for a few moments. Why this unsatisfied longing for something, she could not tell—surely her triumph had been glorious. She would whisper her heart-beats to the roses—perhaps they would understand.

Why did La France roses always recall, with a swift flight of memory,

the evening when she had bade Stephen good-bye, and had given him, for dear remembrance sake, a pink rose? She wondered if he ever thought of the crushed rose, or if he ever thought of her.

Perhaps it was the scent of the roses, or was she dreaming? It could not be a fancy, for there in flesh and blood stood Stephen—his face a trifle grave, but still lit with the happiness of her grand achievement.

With a glad cry of joy, Elizabeth extended both hands, and felt the firm grasp of Stephen's hand, while he was congratulating her upon her grand success.

How infinitely happy she felt! But what was it he was saying? Wanted her to meet his Margaret! Had just arrived from a trip out West, and reached the city just in time for her debut!

Elizabeth felt her heart stop its wild beating—was she turning to stone?

He could not have felt her sense of weakness and utter helplessness, for he was still talking, in a far-off voice, and faintly she heard him tell her how proud they all were that she had attained her heart's desire.

With rare self-possession Elizabeth smiled, but in the depths of her heart she knew that love was the sweetest thing in all the world.

LEGACY NOT ALL A BLESSING.

Italian Inherits Thirty-four Cents and Pays Six Dollars in Fees.

In Italy it appears to be a somewhat expensive affair to inherit money, that is, if it be a small sum. Not long ago a young man died in the little town of Romagna, who left one lira fifty-eight centesimi, or not quite thirty-four cents. This sum, which had been deposited in the Postoffice Savings Bank, became the property of the young man's father. As the amount was so small the father thought it unnecessary to make a declaration of the legacy as the law prescribes, especially as the stamped paper on which the declaration must be made would cost about twenty-two centesimi more than the money involved.

Three months afterward he received a demand from the local state treasury for the payment of fourteen lire forty-eight centesimi—nearly three dollars. Thinking a mistake had been made, he took no notice of this demand, with the result that later an official called upon him and demanded the immediate payment of eighteen lire—three dollars and a half. The father had not sufficient money in hand so the official took possession of the man's furniture. The cost of this seizure brought the total sum to thirty lire, over six dollars, which the poor man had to pay that same evening to avoid the sale of his goods by auction.

WHERE HE DREW THE LINE.

Was Willing to Send Enemy Away, But Would Not Help Him Back.

Here is a good story told of the late United States Senator Sewell and Col. "Jim" Scovel. The colonel, who was a stirring orator, but very erratic, had been for years a thorn in Sewell's side when Sewell was commander-in-chief of the Republican forces of the state. They did not even know each other when they met on the streets. In time Scovel joined the Salvation Army and mellowed toward the senator enough to feel encouraged to ask Sewell for a pass to Chicago.

"I'll send it to you," the General said, and the next morning there was a letter in Scovel's mail from Sewell's West Jersey Railroad office.

Scovel dashed out the moment he broke the envelope seal. "See here, General!" he exclaimed, as he rushed into the Senator's presence. "I have the pass to Chicago, but there is no return coupon to it."

"I am willing, sir," the Senator returned with freezing dignity, "I am willing, sir, to send you to Chicago. But I'm not — fool enough to help you get back."

The old-time coolness was on again at once.—New York Times.

A Confession.

I've been down to the city, an' I've seen the 'lectric lights.
The twenty-story buildin's an' the other stunnin' sights;
I've seen 'em trolley cars a-rushin' madly down the street,
An' all the place a-lookin' like a fairy-land complete.
But I'd rather see the big trees that's a-growin' up to home,
An' watch the stars a-twinklin' in the blue an' lofty dome;
An' I'd rather hear the wind that goes a-singin' past the door,
Than the traffic of the city, with its bustle an' its roar.

I reckon I'm peculiar, an' my tastes is kind o' low;
But what's the use denyin' things that certainly is so?
I went up to a concert, an' I heard the music that was sweet,
It sounded like angelic harps a-floatin' through the air.
Yet spite o' all its glory an' the gladness an' acclaim,
If I stopped to think a minute, I was homesick for the same.

An' I couldn't help confessin', though it seems a curious thing,
That I'd rather hear a robin sweetly pinin' in the spring.
—Washington Star.

He Chose the Tombs.

Bishop E. S. Lines of Newark, while a guest of the Church club of this city, told this story to illustrate, as he said, the effort on the part of the clergy to keep the bishops humble.

"I was over to New York the other day," said the bishop, "and met on the street a young clergyman whom I had known in New England some time ago—a most estimable young man, but one who is inclined to take life very seriously. 'How do you do, J—,' said I. 'I am very glad to see you. Where are you located now?' 'I am in the Tombs,' replied J—. 'How fortunate it is that they let you out for a day so that I could have the pleasure of seeing you.' 'Oh, not exactly that, you know. I had the choice of the chaplaincy of the Tombs or a parish in Newark, and I chose the Tombs.'—New York Times.

Cannot Be Done.

Relative to a story to the effect that the big railroad tax cases, now pending before Judge Waddy, of the United States court at Grand Rapids, may be settled by agreement between Gov. Bliss and Atty. Gen. Blair, representing the state and the railroad attorneys, the attorney-general's assistants declare such a proceeding is impossible, for the simple reason that the state officials in question have no authority to make a settlement in the way of compromising the state's claims. Only the legislature, they emphatically state, has any such authority. It is known that this is Atty. Gen. Blair's opinion. Of course, if the railroad people would pay the full amounts assessed against them for 1902 taxes under the new ad valorem tax law and the costs of the litigation to date, the suits could be dismissed.

To Be Sentenced Soon.

Judge Newham, of Grand Rapids, says he will pronounce sentence on the thirteen convicted water scandal bod-lies before the end of the present term of court, which is the 12th of next month. He declines to say just when the convicted men will be called before the bar, however. The trial of ex-Ald. Charles T. Johnson, the next on the docket, will not be reached before the March term.

Crews Coming Out.

Logging operations were finished earlier this season than for several years past. The camps of Adam Dobry on the Peshtigo river have been abandoned, the season's cut having been put in. Mr. Dobry reports the winter a good one for logging, as there is no difficulty in keeping up iced roads. The camp of the late J. B. Longrie, near Koss, has broken up and the crew came down this week.

Killed the Baby.

During the absence of the mother the 3-year-old son of Clarence Nadell, who lives one mile east of Eaton Rapids, caused the death of his infant brother by pouring carbolic acid down his throat. As soon as the mother discovered what had been done medical aid was summoned, but the child died in terrible agony a few hours later.

A movement is on foot to double the capacity of the Grand Trunk shops in Port Huron.

Prominent citizens of Niles have circulated petitions, praying the city council to submit to the voters of the city at the coming spring election the question of the abolition of the board of public works.

AMUSEMENTS IN DETROIT.

Week Ending March 5.
DETROIT—Saturday Matinee at 2; Evenings at 8—Wm. H. Crane.
LYCEUM—Matinee, Wed. and Sat. 2:30, Evenings 8:15, 10:15, 11:15.—"Exotic Grandpa."
WHITNEY—Matinee 10, 15, and 2:30; Evenings 8:15, 10:15, 11:15.—"The Charity Nurse."
TEMPLE THEATRE AND WONDERLAND—Afternoons 2:15, 4:15 to 5:30; Evenings 8:15, 10:15 to 11:15.—"The Vaudeville."

Live Stock.

Detroit—Choice steers, \$4 60@4 65; good to choice butcher steers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., \$3 50@4 35; light to good butcher steers and heifers, 700 to 900 lbs., \$2 50@3 50; mixed butchers' fat cows, \$2 25@3 50; canners, \$1 25@2 50; common butchers' steers, \$2 25@3 50; good quality, \$2 50 to \$3 50. Veal calves, best grades, \$3 75@4 75; fair to good, \$3 50@3 75. Hogs—Good to choice, \$5 50@5 75; fair to good, \$5 25@5 50; pigs, \$5 00@5 25; light Yorkers, \$5 40@5 60; stages one-third off. Sheep—Best lambs, \$5 00@5 25; fair to good, \$4 45@4 75; light to common lambs, \$4 75@5 00; fair to good butcher sheep, \$3 50@4 00; culls and common, \$2 50@3 50. Cattle—Good to prime steers, \$4 90@5 65; poor to medium, \$3 50@4 60; stockers and feeders, \$2 50@4 20; cows, \$1 75@4 00; heifers, \$2 40@4 00; well-bred feeders, \$2 25@4 00; calves, \$3 50@4 25; Texas fed steers, \$4 45@5 00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$5 25@5 65; good to choice heavy, \$5 60@5 75; rough heavy, \$5 30@5 55; light, \$4 40@5 20; bulk of sales at \$5 30@5 55. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, \$4 25@4 50; fair to choice mixed, \$3 65@4 25; western sheep, \$4 15@5 25; native lambs, \$4 50@5 25.

East Buffalo.—Best export steers, \$4 75@5 25; best 1,200 to 1,300 spring steers, \$4 55@4 80; good 1,050 to 1,100 butcher steers, \$4 15@4 55; 900 to 1,000 butcher steers, \$4 00@4 25; best fat cows, \$2 75@3 50; fair to good, \$2 75@3 00; common cows, \$2 00@2 25; trimmers, \$1 50; best fat heifers, \$4 00@4 25; medium heifers, \$3 00@3 50; light fat heifers, 700 to 1,000, \$2 50@2 75; best yearling steers, \$3 25@3 50; common stockers, \$2 50@3 00; export bulls, \$4 00@4 25; little Jersey bulls, \$2 50@3 00; bologna bulls, \$2 25@3 50; cows, best milkers, \$3 00@3 50; 900 lb. culls and butchers, \$1 70@2 00; common, \$1 00@2 20. Calves—Best, \$2 25@3 50; fair to good, \$2 50@3 75. Hogs—Yorkers, \$5 70@5 75; mixed, \$5 50@5 90; heavy, \$5 85@5 90; pigs, \$5 40@5 50. Sheep—Best western lambs, \$6 40@6 60; best natives, \$6 75@6 85; fair to good, \$6 50@6 70; culls and common, \$5 50@6 00; mixed sheep, \$4 60@4 85; fair to good, \$4 25@4 50; culls and butchers, \$3 00@3 50; ewes, \$4 50@4 60; wethers, \$4 75@5 00; yearlings, \$5 50@5 75.

Grain, Etc.

Detroit—Wheat—No. 1 white, \$1 12; No. 2 red spot, 2 cars at \$1 11, 2 cars at \$1 12, 2 cars at \$1 13, best bid at \$1 14, close, \$1 12 nominal; May, 2,000 bu at \$1 11, 5,000 bu at \$1 11 1/2, 3,000 bu at \$1 11 1/2, 5,000 bu at \$1 12, 3,000 bu at \$1 12 1/2, closing nominal at \$1 13; July, 5,000 bu at \$1 00, 3,000 bu at \$1 00 1/2, 5,000 bu at \$1 01, 5,000 bu at \$1 01 1/2, \$5,000 bu at \$1 02; No. 3 red, \$1 10 per bu.
Corn—No. 2 mixed, 46c; No. 2 yellow, 1 car at 48 1/2c; No. 3 do, 2 cars at 48c; No. 4 do, 2 cars at 45 1/2c per bu.
Oats—No. 3 white spot, 3 cars at 48 1/2c net bu.
Rye—No. 2 spot, 80c bid.
Beans—Spot and February, \$1 98; March, \$1 95; both nominal.
Chicago—Wheat—Cash sales: No. spring, 98c@1 07; No. 3, 92c@1 03; No. 2 red, \$1 05@1 10.
Corn—No. 2, 54 1/2c; No. 2 yellow, 55 1/2c; Oats—No. 2, 42c; No. 2 white, 45 1/2c@46c; No. 3 white, 42c@45 1/2c.
Barley—Good feeding, 42c@43c; fair to choice malting, 48c@55c.

For 53 years John Bell and his wife, of Muskegon, lived together. Then they died together, and Friday afternoon they were buried together, two hearses leading the sad procession.

Joe Anee, an Indian of the Shawabaw town settlement, who wandered away in the snowstorm and got lost while on his way to Traverse City, was found frozen to death in a field.

Gov. Bliss has granted a requisition for Dale Finney, who is wanted at Ionia for stealing a gold watch and other articles of jewelry, worth about \$200. Finney is in jail at Fitzgerald, Ga.

CIGANTIC SPIDERS OF INDIA.

Spin Webs in Which Small Birds Become Enmeshed.

In the mountains of Ceylon and India there is a spider six inches long that spins a web like bright yellowish silk, the central net of which is five feet in diameter, while the supporting lines or guys measure sometimes ten feet or twelve feet. Riding quickly in the early morning you may dash right into it, the stout threads twisting around your face like a lace veil, while as the creature that has woven it takes up its position in the middle it generally catches you right on the nose and, though it seldom bites or stings, the contact of its large body and long legs is anything but pleasant. If you try to catch it, bit it will, and, though not venomous, its jaws are as powerful as a bird's beak, and you are not likely to forget the encounter. The bodies of these spiders are very handsomely decorated, being bright gold or scarlet underneath, while the upper part is covered with the most delicate slate-colored fur. So strong are the webs that birds the size of larks are frequently caught in them and even the small but powerful scaly lizard falls a victim.

The Most Common Disease.

Yorcktown, Ark., Feb. 29th.—Leland Williamson, M. D., a successful and clever local physician, says: "There is scarcely another form of disease a physician is called upon so often to treat as Kidney Disease. I invariably prescribe Dodd's Kidney Pills and am not disappointed in their effect for they are always reliable. I could mention many cases in which I have used this medicine with splendid success, for example, I might refer to the case of Mr. A. H. Cole.

"Age 31, greatly emaciated, some fever, great pain and pressure over region of kidneys, urine filled with pus or corruption and very foul smelling and passed some blood. Directed to drink a great deal of water, gave brisk purgative and Dodd's Kidney Pills. The pills were continued regularly for three weeks and then a few doses every week, especially if patient felt any pain in region of kidneys. Cured completely and patient performed his duties as farm laborer in four weeks."

"Dr. Williamson has been a regular practitioner for over twenty years and his unqualified indorsement of Dodd's Kidney Pills is certainly a wonderful tribute to this remedy."

A 16-year-old girl runs a grist mill at Littleton, Pa.

DON'T SPOIL YOUR CLOTHES.

Use Red Cross Ball Blue and keep them white as snow. All grocers. 5c. a package. Don't growl at what you can help or what you can't help.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES produce the brightest and fastest colors.

SHATTERING OF A ROMANCE.

Girl's Answer Ended Lov's Young and Rosy Dream.

For several minutes the young man did not speak. His heart was too full. It was enough for him to know that this glorious creature loved him; that she had promised to share his fate.

With a new and delighted sense of ownership he feasted his eyes once more upon her beauty, and as he realized that henceforth it would be his privilege to provide for her welfare and happiness, he could have almost wept with joy. His good fortune seemed incredible. Finally he whispered, tenderly:

"How did it ever happen, darling, that such a bright, shining angel as yourself fell in love with a dull, stupid fellow like me?"

"Goodness knows!" she murmured, absently; "I must have a screw loose somewhere."

American Cars for Germany.

The Bavarian railway has just completed an American palace railway carriage from material imported for this purpose two years ago from the Pullman factories in Pullman, Ill. This is the first railway car of the kind to be introduced into Germany and will no doubt be the forerunner of a regular system of railway carriages of this kind on German railways.

DOCTOR'S COFFEE

And His Daughter Matched Him.

Coffee drinking troubled the family of a physician of Grafton, W. Va., who describes the situation briefly:

"Having suffered quite a while from vertigo, palpitation of the heart and many other derangements of the nervous system and finding no relief from usual methods of treatment, I thought to see how much there was in the Postum argument against coffee.

"So I resorted to Postum, cutting off the coffee and to my surprise and satisfaction have found entire relief from all my sufferings, proving conclusively the baneful effect of coffee and the way to be rid of it.

"I have found Postum completely takes the place of coffee both in flavor and in taste. It is becoming more popular every day with many of our people and is having great demand here.

"My daughter, Mrs. Long, has been a sufferer for a long time from attacks of acute indigestion. By the dismissal of coffee and using Postum in its place she has obtained complete relief.

"I have also heard from many others who have used your Postum very favorable accounts of its good effects. I prescribe Postum in place of coffee in a great many cases and I believe that upon its merits Postum will come into general use." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look for the famous little book "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

INTERESTING TO AMERICANS.

Western Canada Will Soon Become the Supply Depot for Wheat for Great Britain.

During the past year about 50,000 Americans went from the United States to Canada. Most of these settled upon farm lands, and the writer is informed by agents of the Canadian Government that the greatest success has followed the efforts of nearly all. To their friends on this side of the boundary line the fullest assurance is given of the prosperity that is in store for them. There will always be a splendid market for all the grain, cattle, and other produce that can be raised in Western Canada, and with the advantages offered of a free homestead of 160 acres of land, and other lands which may be bought cheaply, an excellent climate, splendid school system, educational advantages of the best, what more is required. The husbandman gets more return for his money than in any other country in the world.

On the occasion of Sir Wilfred Laurier's visit to the Corn Exchange, London, England, Colonel Montgomery, V. D., made several important statements. "The function," he said, "which you have just been assisting in connection with a kindred association has doubtless shown you the importance of the provision trade of Liverpool in its relationship with the Dominion, and the enormous possibilities of the future development of that trade. Well, the grain trade of Liverpool has interests with Canada no less important than those of the provision trade. When it is borne in mind that 80 per cent of the breadstuffs of this great country has to be brought from abroad, you will readily appreciate with what great satisfaction we view the large and steadily increasing supplies of grain which are annually available for export from Canada, and I challenge contradiction when I say that of the wheats we import from Russia, India, the Pacific, and the length and breadth of the United States, none gives more general satisfaction, none is more generally appreciated than that raised in the Province of Manitoba. We cannot get enough of it, and it is no exaggeration to say that there are before us dozens of millers who hunger for it. This is not the time to enter into statistical questions, but we look forward with confidence to the time at which, with the present rate of progress, the Dominion of Canada will have a sufficient surplus of wheat to render this country independent of other sources of supply. I think I may, with justifiable pride, remind you that this is the chief grain market of the British Empire, and through its excellent geographical position, as well as through the enterprise of its millers, it is now the second milling center in the world.

Send to any authorized Canadian Government agent for copy of Atlas and information as to railway rate, etc.

Moravian Barley and Spelts.

Two great cereals makes growth and fattening hog and cattle possible in Dak. Mont. Idaho, Colo., yes, everywhere, and add to above Salzer's Billion Dollar Grain, Teosinte, which produces 80 tons of green fodder per acre, Salzer's Earliest Cane, Salzer's 60 Day Oats and a hundred of other rare farm seeds that he offers.

Order cut this out and return it with 10c in stamps to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and get their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples. (W. N. U.)

Priest is Burned.

New York dispatch: With flames and smoke encircling him, Father Kerley, pastor of the Church of Our Lady of Solace, rushed into the building and rescued the sacred vessels of the church. He was badly burned.

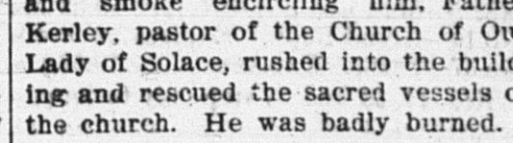
Some art critics are willing to overlook a painting by an old master if the frame is new.

For \$1.65 Money Order.

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., mail postpaid 15 trees, consisting of Apples, Apples, Crab, Cherries, Plums, Peaches and Pears, just the thing for a city or country garden, including the great Bismark Apple, all hardy Wisconsin stock, are sent you free upon receipt of \$1.65. AND FOR 10c AND THIS NOTICE you get sufficient seed of Celery, Carrot, Cabbage, Onion, Lettuce, Radish and Flower Seeds to furnish bushels of choice flowers and lots of vegetables for a big family, together with our great plant and seed catalog. (W. N. U.)

GOOD HOUSEKEEPERS

Use the best. That's why they buy Red Cross Ball Blue. At leading grocers, 5 cents.



Indispensable

For all aches from head to foot

St. Jacobs Oil

has curative qualities to reach the

PAINS and ACHES

of the human family, and to relieve and cure them promptly.

Price 25c. and 50c.

Seven

Diseases Caused by Measles.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Tonic and

Nervine Cured After Thirty-one Years.

"I was a perfectly healthy young man up to February 1865. When my regiment was in Camp Randall I was taken sick with the measles and I did not enjoy good health up to the time I used Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Tonic in 1896. Doctors have told me it came from inactivity of the liver. I cannot say how many physicians did treat me but have had all kinds. Dieting has never helped me. Biliousness, attacks of headache, rheumatism, nasal catarrh, hay fever, asthma, and chronic diarrhoea have all taken their turn with me. Thanks to the Nervine and Tonic I am completely restored to health. I have also used Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills with good results and I think that the Dr. Miles Remedies are perfect."—Rev. Hiram Bender, Sparks, Wis.

"I want to say a few good words for Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. I have been troubled very much with insomnia since I made the change to the new paper and an account of this have tried various remedies without relief. I was finally induced by a wholesale druggist, a personal friend of mine, to try Nervine. I can assure you it has done me a lot of good. I do not find it necessary to use it regularly now but occasionally when I find that I am excessively nervous and restless I again take it up as I always keep a supply on hand. It has never failed to give me the desired relief."—A. Hueglin, Publisher "Daily Free-Press" Milwaukee, Wis.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

TIME TABLES.

D., Y., A. A. & J. RY

Taking effect Dec. 14, 1903.

Cars leave Chelsea for Detroit at 6:39 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 6:39 p. m.; then at 8:09 p. m. and 10:09 p. m.

Cars leave Chelsea for Ypsilanti at 12:09 a. m.

Cars leave Chelsea for Jackson at 6:50 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:50 p. m.; then at 8:50 p. m. and 11:50 p. m.

Special cars for the accommodation of private parties may be arranged for at the Detroit office, Mayestic Building, or at the Manager's office, Ypsilanti.

Cars run on Standard time.

On Sundays cars leave terminals one hour later.

SALINE DIVISION.

Cars leave Ypsilanti daily, except Sunday at 6:15, 8:15, 10:15 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15, 6:15, 8:15, 11:15 p. m.

Cars leave Ypsilanti Sundays at 6:45, 8:45, 10:45 a. m., 1:45, 3:45, 5:45, 7:45, 9:45 p. m.

A special car will be run from Ypsilanti to Saline at 12:15 midnight, on arrival of theater car from Detroit, for special parties of ten or more, on short notice and without extra charge.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Dec. 27, 1903.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea station as follows:

GOING EAST.

No 8—Detroit Night Express... 5:38 a. m.

No 86—Atlantic Express... 8:29 a. m.

No 12—Grand Rapids Express... 10:40 a. m.

No 2—Mail and Express... 3:15 p. m.

GOING WEST.

No 11—Michigan & Chicago Ex. 5:45 a. m.

No 5—Mail and Express... 8:35 a. m.

No 13—Grand Rapids Express... 6:30 p. m.

No 37—Pacific Express... 10:52 p. m.

Nos. 11, 36 and 37 stop only to let passengers on or off.

W. T. GAUQUE, Agent, Chelsea.

O. W. ROGUELES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.



AND STEAMSHIP LINES.

TIME TABLE

Taking effect November 1st, 1903.

Trains leave Ann Arbor by Central Standard time.

SOUTH. NORTH.

No. 6, 7:20 a. m. No. 1, 9:00 a. m.

No. 8, 11:35 a. m. No. 5, 12:00 p. m.

No. 4, 8:25 a. m. No. 3, 4:55 p. m.

Trains Nos. 5 and 6 run between Ann Arbor and Toledo only.

Trains Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8 daily, except Sunday.

Free chair cars on Nos. 1 and 4.

J. J. KIRBY, G. P. A.

TRAVELERS RAILWAY GUIDE

25 CENTS.

155 ADAMS ST. CHICAGO.

H. S. Holmes, pres. C. H. Kempf, vice pres.

J. A. Palmer, cash'r. Geo. A. BeGole, asst. cash'r.

No. 203.

THE KEMPF COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL, \$40,000.

Commercial and Savings Departments. Money to loan on first class security.

Directors: Reuben Kempf, H. S. Holmes, C. H. Kempf, R. S. Armstrong, C. Klein, E. Vogel, Geo. A. BeGole.

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THE CHELSEA HERALD

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES

For long or short time contracts made known on application.

Cards of thanks and resolutions of respect will be charged for at the rate of 5 cents per line.

Announcements of entertainments, socials, etc., for which a regular admission fee is charged, 5 cents per line per insertion. Other arrangements are made with the editor.

Notices of church services free.

Entered at the Post Office at Chelsea, Mich., as second class matter.

THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1904.

August W. Machen, George E. Lorenz and Diller B. Groff, convicted of conspiracy in the postal department trials, have been sentenced to two years imprisonment each and to pay a fine of \$10,000.

"We want no trimmers of the Warner type," declared Theodore M. Joslin, of Adrian, a member of the advisory council of the state young men's Republican league, in a recent interview in the Detroit Tribune. "The people want primary reform and the people are going to have it. This league is not in the candidate-making business, but we are out to swamp everybody who is an enemy of primary reform."

Inasmuch as there are so many candidates for appointment to fill the vacancy for naval cadet at Annapolis, and believing that all should have an equal chance, Congressman Townsend has concluded to appoint one gentleman from each of the five counties from the Second district to act as an examining board to examine these applicants and recommend to him for appointment a principal and the first and second alternate. When this board shall have organized it will give notice of the time and place for holding such examination.

Tragedy Averted.

"Just in the nick of time our little boy was saved" writes Mrs. W. Watkins of Pleasant City, Ohio. "Pneumonia had played sad havoc with him and a terrible cough set in besides. Doctors treated him, but he grew worse every day. At length we tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and our darling was saved. He's now sound, and well." Everybody ought to know, it's the only sure cure for coughs, colds and all lung diseases. Guaranteed by Glazier & Stimson, druggists. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. J. W. Babbitt, of Ypsilanti, was the guest of friends here Tuesday and yesterday.

Miss Elizabeth Farrell, of Manchester, was the guest of Mrs. H. D. Witherell Thursday.

C. M. Davis and wife spent Sunday in Ann Arbor with their son H. I. Davis and family.

Mrs. T. W. Mingay was the guest of friends in Ann Arbor Saturday afternoon and evening.

The Misses Margaret and Anna Miller returned home from Cleveland and Detroit Sunday night.

Mrs. J. L. Gilbert went to Grass Lake Saturday to attend the funeral of her mother-in-law the late Mrs. Sabrina Watkins.

The Misses Lena and Etta Foster returned home Friday evening from Cass Lake and Grand Forks, Minn., where they have been for some time past.

Mrs. Smith, of Grand Island, Neb., and Mrs. Luxmore, of Grass Lake, visited Mrs. J. L. Gilbert Tuesday. Mrs. Smith is a niece of Mrs. Gilbert.

While at Los Angeles Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Holmes had a visit from Wirt W. Bacon who is traveling for a firm which deals in bee keepers' supplies with headquarters at Los Angeles.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Reconstructs your whole body, makes rich red blood. Drives out impurities that have collected during the winter. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a family tonic. 35 cents. Tea or tablets. Glazier & Stimson.

NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

The Stockbridge Masons will dedicate their new hall next Thursday, March 10.

A number of Grass Lake farmers have contracted to raise seed for the D. M. Ferry Seed Co., of Detroit.

The Washtenaw County Poultry Association netted \$130 from their recent poultry show in Ann Arbor.

The Manchester band will give a play "The Prisoner of Andersonville" on St. Patrick's Day evening.

Robert Geddes, for 54 years a resident of Pittsfield township, died Sunday, Feb. 21, on the farm taken up by his parents in 1850, aged 66 years.

A rural mail carrier at Milford has been making his trip of 18 miles each day on foot. He says he could keep warm doing it and saved horse flesh.

Miss Anna L. Doane, of Dexter, died at the home of her sister Mrs. F. J. Rentschler in Ann Arbor, Thursday, Feb. 25, of consumption, aged 26 years.

Ogden township in Lenawee county will grow more acres of sugar beets this year than ever before. Some farmers have contracted to grow 70 acres.

Rev. H. P. Hughes, formerly pastor of the Dexter Congregational church, has resigned his pastorate at East Lake, and accepted a call to a church in Massachusetts.

Miss Edith Tracey, a Manchester school teacher has a record to be proud of. One day recently she missed attending school for the first time in 14 years as student and teacher.

Lorenzo Chanter, the man who introduced the tomato into America, died at his home in Jackson March 1, aged 93 years. He was born on the island of Malta and brought the seed with him from that place when he came here a young boy.

John Huddy, of Ann Arbor, and his wife who lived in Jackson, had a revolver duel at the home of her sister Mrs. Bagley Arnold in Jackson Saturday morning and both of them were killed. Mrs. Huddy's maiden name was Anna Marsh, of Delhi, where her parents still reside.

Frank E. Cavanaugh, who was convicted in Judge Phelan's court in Detroit of causing the death of Orlando Mowry, of Ypsilanti, in the rear of Gaffney's saloon at Detroit on the night of Nov. 18, 1903, was sentenced to 15 years in Jackson prison Tuesday. The other two men implicated with him have not yet had their trial.

After being three years in the courts the suit brought by Andrew T. Hughes, to establish his title to a part of the old Scio mill site along the Huron river, adjoining Scio village, has been settled. Mr. Hughes wins his case absolutely, the defendants deeding over to him all the land he claimed. It is one of the oldest mill sites in this county.

This spring you will need a nerve food, one that will cleanse and reconstruct your nerve centers and wasted energies. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do it. 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. Glazier & Stimson.

HE HAD USED MORE.

Soldier Explains Lack of Soap to Discomfited Sergeant.

It was kit inspection, and the different companies of the battalion were standing with their kits on the ground in front of them. The sergeant-major was making the examination, when his eagle eye detected the absence of soap in the kit of Private Flinn, and he demanded what excuse the man had to give.

"Plaze, sorr, it's all used," said Flinn.

"Used!" shouted the sergeant-major. "Why, the first cake of soap I had served me for my kit lasted me three years, while you are not a year in the ranks yet. How do you account for that?"

Flinn's eye had the faintest suspicion of a twinkle, as he replied: "Plaze, sorr, I wash every day."

And the sergeant-major walked on, while the entire company grinned.—London Tit-Bits.

Prof. Mommsen a Philosopher.

Prof. Mommsen, the German historian, whose flowing white locks caught fire at a gas jet in his library a few days ago, is 85 years old, but has lost little of his physical and none of his mental activity. Twenty years ago he was almost cremated when the valuable library in his house at Charlottenburg was destroyed by fire. In the more recent accident his face was somewhat scorched and the professor remarked whimsically: "It is all over with my beauty."

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

The Delray Times says a well known gentleman of that village was asked by his wife to get her some talcum powder. Accordingly when he went down street in the evening he stopped at the drug store and asked for a box of talcum powder. "Yes, sir," replied the affable clerk, "do you want Men-nen's?" "No, I want women's," and he is still trying to find out why the crowd gave him the hal hal.

This from a western paper is pretty good: "An esteemed subscriber sends us the ten commandments and asks us to publish them. Under the circumstances we must decline to do so. It is true, the commandments were written several thousand years ago; but if we published them, some person would think they were aimed at him and stop his paper. The publisher of a newspaper has to be careful about such things."

George H. Waltensperger and Wm. E. Bolles, who have been connected with the Detroit Free Press for many years, have taken charge of the Twentieth Century Review, an illustrated monthly home magazine published in Detroit. The magazine is now completing its fourth year and has the largest number of subscribers among the publications of its class in Michigan, the monthly circulation being 160,000 copies.

The Eastern Michigan Press Club will meet with its president, George H. Mitchell, of the Birmingham Eccentric, at that village, on Friday, April 8. The whole session will be devoted to the presentation and discussion of papers touching on matters of interest to the craft. July 8 a three day meeting of the club will be held at Frankfort, in which the organizations of Ohio, Indiana and Wisconsin have been invited to join.

Notice of Change in Banking Hours

Following the custom of all banks throughout the state, the Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank, on and after April 1, 1904, will discontinue opening for business during the evening, except Saturday evening. On and after the above date banking hours will be from 9 a. m. to 12 noon, and 1 p. m. to 4 p. m., Saturday evening 6 to 7 o'clock.

H. S. HOLMES.
C. H. KEMPF.
R. KEMPF.
R. S. ARMSTRONG.
C. KLEIN.
ED VOGEL.
Geo. A. BeGole,
Directors.
J. A. PALMER, Cashier.

Good Judges

Recommend

FREEMAN'S

Teas and Coffees

BEST IN TOWN.

At no other store in Chelsea can you find as fine an assortment or as good a selection of good things to eat as we offer. Our prices, quality considered, are the lowest.

We Are Selling

20 lbs Cane Granulated Sugar, \$1.00

Good New Orleans Molasses, per gal., .25

Fine California Prunes, per lb., .05

15 boxes of those sweet Navel Oranges, per doz., .15

Fine Hothouse Lettuce, per lb., .20

Fresh Solid Cabbage, per lb., .03

Finest Canned Tomatoes, Wax Beans, Peas, Corn and Baked Beans.

The largest and best assortment of Candies in town at

FREEMAN BROS.

TO BE SURE

you are making no mistake, the proprietors of the WORLD'S greatest Throat and Lung Remedy offer you a trial bottle free through their advertised Druggist in your town. FOR CURING A COUGH OR A COLD there's nothing half as good as

DR. KING'S

-NEW-

DISCOVERY

FOR CONSUMPTION

"Three years ago," writes J. O. Edge, of Hanson, Ky., "my little daughter had Bronchitis in a severe form, and after trying other remedies and doctors without relief, we tried Dr. King's New Discovery. The first dose relieved her and in two or three days she was entirely well."

Price 50c and \$1.

BUILDS LUNGS

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY

GLAZIER & STIMSON.

Now Is the Time

To Place Your Orders for Woven Wire Fence.

Get our prices before you buy. It will pay you.

Our Furniture Stock is complete, almost entirely new and our prices are right. We invite inspection. Wagons and Buggies.

W. J. KNAPP

Is Your Meat Tough?

If it is, you did not get it at the City Meat Market.

We guarantee that every piece of meat we sell is the best meat of its kind there is, and every buyer who returns a piece of meat and can show there's fault in it, will get his money back twice over. We want your business. Will you give it to us?

J. G. ADRIAN.

Seeds which Succeed.

Landreth's Most Reliable

An Establishment 120 Years in Business

The Most Ancient Seed House in America

Send Postpaid Order for 65 cents for 10 Very Choice Specialties of Garden Vegetables.

D. Landreth Seed Company,

Send for 1904 Catalogue. BRISTOL, PA.

Meats That Are Right!

In addition to having the best of Meats we know how to cut it and make it attractive to your table.

We Take Pride

in the roasts we sell. All our meats are all right and our customers say we always give them satisfaction. Our Meats are a little better and we have the best.

ADAM EPPLER.

The Chelsea Herald

AND

The Detroit Daily Free Press

Both Papers for Only

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To Residents on R. F. D. Routes.

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THE HERALD Office, Chelsea.

THE CHELSEA HERALD

THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1904

PROCEEDINGS

OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF WASHTENAW COUNTY.

JANUARY SESSION

MONDAY, JANUARY 5, 1903.

The Board of Supervisors of Washtenaw County, Michigan, met in Special Session, Monday, January 5, 1903.

The roll was called and a quorum found to be present.

Chairman Pro Tem. Damon in the chair.

Mr. Oesterlin moved that the chairman pro tem. be directed to appoint a committee of five members with the Prosecuting Attorney to examine the bonds of the county officers and of the Farmers and Mechanics Bank and report as to the correction of form and the sufficiency of the sureties.

A communication from the Board of Supervisors of Monroe County relating to expenses for contagious diseases was received and referred to the committee on contagious diseases.

Adjourned until 10 a. m. Tuesday.

J. R. MINER,
Clerk Pro Tem.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1903.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

Roll called, quorum present.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Mr. Lutz from the Committee on Criminal Claims No. 2 reported as follows:

A. E. Gibson, Justice, \$595 55
H. D. Witherall, Justice, 2 25

Report adopted.

Mr. Harriman from the Committee on Contagious Diseases reported as follows:

B. B. Honey, medicine, \$12 25
H. C. Higgins, groceries, 17 36

Amarantha Hughes, nurse (dis.), \$25 00

Amarantha Hughes, goods destroyed, 5 00

E. F. Chase, provisions, 9 20

Dr. Neil A. Gates, medical attendance, 140 00

Ada Keith, nurse, 25 00

K. Scott, nurse, 50 00

H. C. Higgins, groceries, 30 40

Fred Walker, groceries, 2 30

J. E. Jedge, groceries, 5 23

Report adopted.

The same committee reported without recommendation.

Andrew T. Hughes, property des., \$81 65

which claim, on motion, was referred back to the committee for further investigation.

On motion of Mr. Holmes the vote on the motion to allow the claim of Dr. Neil Gates was reconsidered and that claim was referred to the committee for further investigation. Carried.

Mr. Harriman also reported the following claims, which were allowed:

Mrs. Berch, nurse, \$50 00
Chas. Kubeck, medical attendance, \$104 00

Chas. Kubeck, goods destroyed, 2 50

Dr. E. B. Gibson, medicine, 1 40

W. R. Barton, medical attendance, 65 00

John Sutherland, goods destroyed, 31 50

S. W. Chandler, D. D., medical attendance, 50 00

John C. Fischer, supplies, 45 00

Miller & Pray, groceries, 2 88

Henne & Stanger, goods destroyed, 24 70

Pohlemus Transfer Co., 5 00

George Wahr, goods destroyed, 9 20

Lindenschmitt & Apfel, goods destroyed, 1 00

Wm. Blair, medical attendance, 13 00

J. A. Brown, groceries, 10 35

A notice of mandamus in the case of P. W. Ross was received and referred to the Prosecuting Attorney, with instructions to defend the Board.

Adjourned to 1:30 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Board met.

Roll called, quorum present.

Mr. Walter Bilbie appointed to fill vacancy from Ann Arbor and Newton

Felch appointed to fill vacancy from the fifth ward, Ann Arbor, appeared and took seats with the Board.

Mr. Lutz moved that Mr. Bilbie be appointed on the committees to which Mr. Braun had been a member and Mr. Felch to the committees to which Mr. Rhodes had been a member. Carried.

Mr. Grosshans from Civil Claims Committee reported as follows, which report was adopted:

R. F. Watts, inquests, \$10 34

Six jurors at \$1.00 each, 9 00

Four witnesses at 85 cents each, 3 40

E. A. Clark, M. D., medical exam, 5 00

R. F. Watts, inquest, 10 70

Six jurors at \$1.00 each, 9 00

Four witnesses at 85 cents each, 3 40

A. Frazer, M. D., medical exam, 12 70

R. F. Watts, inquest, 14 10

Six jurors at \$2.25 each, 14 10

Four witnesses at 95 cents each, 3 80

G. M. Hall, M. D., medical exam, 5 00

R. F. Watts, examination, 6 00

A. E. Gibson, Justice of the peace \$121 05
Wm. Gerstner, deputy sheriff, 14 75

Mr. Harriman from Contagious Diseases Committee reported the following claims, which were ordered paid:

F. J. Muehle, ambulance, \$5 00

Mrs. J. H. Shadford, goods destroyed, 10 00

T. C. Casey, nurse, 9 00

Mr. Oesterlin moved that the Prosecuting Attorney be requested to examine the statutes and decisions and report to the Board what are the powers and duties of the Committee on Public Buildings during the recess of the Board.

Carried.

Board adjourned until 10 a. m. Wednesday.

PHILIP BLUM,
Clerk.

JOHN R. MINER,
Clerk Pro Tem.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1903.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

Roll call, quorum present.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Mr. Harriman, from Committee on Contagious Diseases, reported the following claims which were disallowed:

J. E. Moore & Co., burial indigent, \$18 00

J. E. Moore & Co., burial indigent, 55 00

Fanny Alvord, quarantine, 3 00

and the following which were ordered paid:

C. W. Rogers & Co., drugs, \$4 40

C. W. Rogers & Co., disinfectants, 31 28

Morford & Smith, drugs, 23 25

Morford & Smith, drugs, 15 00

Frank Smith, drugs, 2 25

H. B. Britten, fumigating and disinfectants, 40 00

E. B. Beal, disinfectants, 1 15

Duane Spalsbury, disinfectants, 19 65

Duane Spalsbury, disinfectants, 12 85

R. H. Killian, disinfectants, 2 25

Quish & Pratt, goods destroyed, 7 04

Weinmann & Matthews, drugs, 10 50

A. A. Graves, groceries, 3 93

A. A. Graves, groceries, 1 95

H. Fairchild, meat, 4 47

Davis Co., property destroyed, 3 65

Andrew T. Hughes, property destroyed, 81 05

W. H. Sweet & Son, property destroyed, 3 95

A. A. Graves, groceries, 10 03

C. R. Wilcoxson, medical attendance, 22 00

C. R. Wilcoxson, fumigating, 96 00

Ypsilanti City contagious bills for 2 1/2 years paid by them, 636 58

Ypsilanti City board, 113 43

and goods destroyed, 113 43

Adjourned until 1:30 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Board met.

Roll called, quorum present.

Mr. Bacon from Civil Claims Committee reported the following claim, which was ordered paid:

J. F. Breakey, medical expert, \$65 00

Mr. Grosshans from Civil Claims Committee reported the following claims, which were ordered paid:

Mack & Mack, soldiers' burial, \$40 00

H. D. Clark, soldiers' burial, 40 00

Enoch Deterley, soldiers' burial, 40 00

F. J. Muehle, soldiers' burial, 40 00

Mr. Detting from Criminal Claims No. 1 reported the following claims, which were ordered paid:

Paul Schall, deputy sheriff, \$71 91

John Gillen, sheriff, \$243 30

John Gillen, bail on board, 250 00

Zina Buck, deputy sheriff, 528 12

Thos. Ryan, deputy sheriff, 369 42

Fred Gillen, deputy sheriff, 232 90

Mr. Lutz from Criminal Claims No. 2 reported the following claims, which were ordered paid:

H. W. Childs, Justice, \$78 25

Chas. Fox, constable, 93 12

Frank Joslyn, Justice, 108 75

Mr. Harriman from Committee on Contagious Diseases reported the following claims, which were ordered paid:

Mann Bros., drugs, \$9 35

Geo. W. Weeks, groceries, 1 61

W. F. Lohholz, groceries, 1 74

Vogel & Heydlauff, meats, 49 71

Schaller & Millen, goods destroyed, 20 00

W. F. Breakey, medical attend., 25 00

W. F. Breakey, medical attend., 78 74

Mack & Co., goods destroyed, 13 00

Jacob Aray, goods destroyed, 12 00

H. J. Pearson, fumigating, 5 00

W. J. Webb, fumigating, 4 68

Wm. M. Shadford, supplies (dis.), 4 68

W. M. Wells & Co., diplomas, \$5 00

and the following claims, which were disallowed:

D. W. Barry, stenographer, \$4 25

U. of M. Hospital, patients' board, 1 25

Mr. Holmes from Criminal Claims No. 2 reported the following bills, which were ordered paid:

Frank A. Leach, constable, \$1 40

R. T. Brokaw, deputy sheriff, 12 45

J. H. Fish, Justice, 4 35

J. H. Fish, Justice, 4 35

Peter Hines, constable, 2 90

M. S. Cook, Justice, 8 65

Mr. Harriman from Committee on Contagious Diseases reported the following claims, which were ordered paid:

R. H. Killiam, drugs, \$2 25

Smith Bros., drugs, 5 10

M. L. Belsor, medical attendance, 64 50

A. A. Graves, groceries, 19 02

H. P. Carson, quarantined, \$45 25

A. S. Rogers, quarantined, 65 00

Weinmann & Matthews, 2 40

C. R. Wilcoxson, fumigating, 84 00

C. R. Wilcoxson, medical attendance, 51 00

C. R. Wilcoxson, medical attendance, 16 00

and the following claims which were disallowed:

M. L. Belsor, antitoxine, \$12 00

Mike O'Brien, burial, 27 00

Wm. Webb, fire pot, 5 00

Mr. Harriman offered the following:

Resolved, That Sumner Damon, Eugene Oesterlin and Henry Landwehr be and are hereby appointed to take charge of the public buildings of the county, to direct the necessary repairs and report the expenses thereof to the County Clerk, said appointment to continue from January 11, 1903, until the regular meeting of this Board in October, 1903.

Mr. Miner from special committee reported as follows:

Your committee appointed to examine and report as to the sufficiency of the sureties on the bond of the several county officers, beg leave to report that they have had the matter under consideration and find that the sureties on the bonds of the following officers, to-wit, Charles Braun, County Treasurer; Philip Blum, County Clerk; Joseph Gauntlett, Sheriff; Wm. H. Murray, Circuit Court Commissioner, and of the Farmers and Mechanics Bank, county depository, are sufficient.

JOHN R. MINER,
EUGENE OESTERLIN,
FRED C. HAIST,
WM. BACON,
E. D. HOLMES,
Committee.

To which was appended the following: I think all of the above bonds are drawn in substantial compliance with the statute.

JOHN L. DUFFY,
Prosecuting Attorney.

Board adjourned until 1:30 p. m.

JOHN R. MINER,
Clerk Pro Tem.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Board met.

Roll called, Mr. Detting from Criminal Claims Committee No. 1 reported the following claims, which were ordered paid:

Paul Schall, deputy sheriff, \$71 91

John Gillen, sheriff, \$243 30

John Gillen, bail on board, 250 00

Zina Buck, deputy sheriff, 528 12

Thos. Ryan, deputy sheriff, 369 42

Fred Gillen, deputy sheriff, 232 90

Mr. Lutz from Criminal Claims No. 2 reported the following claims, which were ordered paid:

H. W. Childs, Justice, \$78 25

Chas. Fox, constable, 93 12

Frank Joslyn, Justice, 108 75

Mr. Harriman from Committee on Contagious Diseases reported the following claims, which were ordered paid:

Mann Bros., drugs, \$9 35

Geo. W. Weeks, groceries, 1 61

W. F. Lohholz, groceries, 1 74

Vogel & Heydlauff, meats, 49 71

Schaller & Millen, goods destroyed, 20 00

W. F. Breakey, medical attend., 25 00

W. F. Breakey, medical attend., 78 74

Mack & Co., goods destroyed, 13 00

Jacob Aray, goods destroyed, 12 00

H. J. Pearson, fumigating, 5 00

W. J. Webb, fumigating, 4 68

Wm. M. Shadford, supplies (dis.), 4 68

Board adjourned until 10:30 a. m. tomorrow.

JOHN R. MINER,
Clerk Pro Tem.

JANUARY 9, 1903.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

Roll called, quorum present.

Minutes of former meeting read and approved.

Mr. McCullough moved that the committee appointed to examine Justices' dockets and the jail register be dismissed from this date. Carried.

The following claim was presented:

University Hospital, care of Seneca Litchard, \$146 97

On motion the claim was referred to the Prosecuting Attorney and the Superintendents of the Poor for examination and report. Carried.

The following claim was presented:

The City of Ann Arbor for county's portion of expense paying House street in front of Court

On motion the claim was referred to the persons heretofore appointed to take charge of public buildings and the Prosecuting Attorney for examination and report. Carried.

Mr. Bacon from Civil Claims Committee No. 2 reported the following claims, which were ordered paid:

R. F. Watts, coroner Fenton case, \$13 70

Six jurors at \$2.45 each, 14 70

Seven witnesses at 85 cents each, 5 95

Jas. Huston, medical exam., 3 00

B. F. Watts, coroner, 3 00

H. J. Pearson, exam. for Indus. trial School, 20 10

Jas. Taylor, supt. of poor, 18 00

P. J. Fletcher, supt. of poor, 18 00

which were ordered paid:

Zina Buck, deputy sheriff, \$50 08

Zina Buck, deputy sheriff, 54 45

C. M. Warner, reward (dis.), 50 00

Mr. Harriman from Committee on Contagious Diseases reported the following claims:

Neil A. Gates, medical attendance, 5 00

Neil A. Gates, medical attendance, 20 00

Neil A. Gates, medical attendance, \$89 00

Neil A. Gates, medical attendance, 140 00

Neil A. Gates, medical attendance, 176 00

Neil A. Gates, chicken pox, 1 00

Neil A. Gates, chicken pox (dis.), 1 00

R. B. Honey, drugs, 14 15

E. Jedge, meats, 20 10

P. Sloan & Co., groceries, 20 10

Katy Flynn, nurse, 90 00

Duane Spalsbury, drugs, 1 30

Webster Township, contagious disease, 1 30

Frank Detting, fumigating, 6 25

F. T. Taylor, groceries, 16 52

Goodyear & Co., drugs, 27 40

Wm. Pardon, goods destroyed, 3 50

George Spatheif, meats, 42

Settle with County Officers—Miner, McGuire, Landwehr.
Apportionment State and County Tax—Schumacher, Lawson, Weeks.
Public Buildings—Fischer, Munn, Oesterlin.
Rejected Taxes—Lutz, Shankland, Wheeler.
Examine Accounts of Supts. Poor—Bilbie, Gorman, Holmes.
Finance—Jedele, Kitson, Hutzel.
Fractional School Districts—Detting, Sweetland, Grosshans.
Drains—Donnelly, Haist, Gorman.
Printing—Damon, Wheeler, Schumacher.
Salaries County Officers—Landwehr, Miner, Taylor.
Prepare Statement County Expenses—Oesterlin, Lawson, Holmes.
Per Diem—Grosshans, Donnelly, Hutzel.
The Chairman announced the following special committee to visit the County House: Messrs. Lutz, Fischer, Donnelly, Raymond, Kitson.
Mr. Schumacher from special committee reported the following special order of business:
Tuesday, Oct. 13, 10:30 a. m.—Report Special Committee, Order of Business.
Tuesday, Oct. 13, 1:30 p. m.—Report Drain Commissioner.
Tuesday, Oct. 13, 3:00 p. m.—Report County Treasurer.
Wednesday, Oct. 14, 10:30 a. m.—Election of School Examiner.
Wednesday, Oct. 14, 1:30 p. m.—Contagious Diseases, Hospital, Dr. Hinsdale.
Friday, Oct. 16, 10:30 a. m.—Election County Board of Canvassers.
Friday, Oct. 16, 1:30 p. m.—Receive Bids for Jail Physician.
Friday, Oct. 16, 2:00 p. m.—Report of Soldiers' Relief Committee.
Monday, Oct. 19, 10:30 a. m.—Receive bids from banks for county's money.
Monday, Oct. 19, 1:30 p. m.—Election of Drain Commissioner.
Monday, Oct. 19, 2:00 p. m.—Report of Supt. Poor.
Tuesday, Oct. 20, 10:30 a. m.—Election Supt. Poor.
Tuesday, Oct. 20, 1:30 p. m.—Request of report from Board County Auditors.
Wednesday, Oct. 21, 10:30 a. m.—Bids for printing proceedings.
Wednesday, Oct. 21, 1:30 p. m.—Election of County Auditor.
Wednesday, Oct. 21, 2:00 p. m.—Report of Judge of Probate.
Thursday, Oct. 22, 10:30 a. m.—Election of Janitor.
Thursday, Oct. 22, 1:30 p. m.—Fill vacancies of persons having care of burial of soldiers and sailors.
Communication was received from Parker & Snyder asking to have Clerk instructed to advertise for bids for printing and stationery. On motion the communication was referred to Committee on Printing.
AFTERNOON SESSION.
Board met at 1:30 p. m.
Roll called, quorum present.
The report of the Drain Commissioner was presented and on motion was accepted and referred to Committee on Drains.
ANNUAL REPORT OF COUNTY DRAIN COMMISSIONER.
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Washtenaw County:
GENTLEMEN—In compliance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, I have the honor to submit my annual report as County Drain Commissioner of the said County of Washtenaw, covering the period from the 13th day of October, A. D. 1902, to the 9th day of October, A. D. 1903.
The following named drains were left unfinished at the date of my last report: The Stony Creek and Stony Creek extension drain; the Bennett tile drain in Ypsilanti; the Sugar Creek drain in York and Augusta; the Elliott and Cox and Bishop and Cady drains in Augusta; and the Furlong drain in Superior township, and the Smith drain in Sylvan. Also the Comstock drain in Sharon township. Those drains are all completed except the Mill Creek extension drain and the Sugar Creek drains, and I expect them to be completed this fall.
The following named drains have been begun, constructed, and completed by me during the year, to-wit: The Tuttle and Derbyshire drain in Ypsilanti township.
The following named drains have been begun by me, during the year, and are only partly completed, to-wit: The Conde and Paine drain in York and Augusta; the Saline and Bridgewater drain in Saline and Bridgewater townships; the Black Fork and Sugar Creek branch drain in Augusta; the Vedder drain and cleaning out the east branch of Big Marsh drains in Augusta township; the Palmer and Baldwin drain in Sylvan township; the Cooley tile drain in the township of Manchester, Washtenaw county, and the township of Franklin, Lenawee county. This is a joint drain and was acted on by myself and the Drain Commissioner of Lenawee county. Also the Johnson drain in Salem, Washtenaw county, and Plymouth and Northville, Wayne county. This is also a joint drain and the work is being done by the Commissioners of both counties. Also the Horseshoe Lake outlet drain and the Groves and Horseshoe Lake

drains in Northfield township. As I reported last year, Judge Watkins appointed Walter S. Bilbie special drain commissioner to act in the place of the County Drain Commissioner on the two last named drains, as the statute requires on drains where the Drain Commissioner is liable to an assessment for benefits. The Horseshoe Lake outlet drain is completed and contractors are at work on all the unfinished drains, and we expect they will be all completed this fall if the weather continues good. I also have petitions for laying out two drains in the township of Saline, the Wiannett drain and the Rouse drain. I have part of the right of way secured on both these drains. A petition for cleaning out the Hobbs drain in the township of York. I have this drain surveyed and will let it this fall. Also a petition for a drain in Augusta township, one for a drain in York and one for a drain in Sylvan that I haven't taken any action on as yet. Also a petition for cleaning out the Chris. Henning drain and cleaning out and extending the Stearley drain.
The following named drains have been applied for, but not established, during the year, for the reasons given in each instance, to-wit: The O'Brien and Alban drain in Augusta township, for the reason that one of the signers of the petition was not a freeholder, notwithstanding he represented himself as such. Also the Hamilton tile drain in Ypsilanti township, for the reason that the right of way of one of the persons (Mrs. Bice) whose land the drain was to cross was signed by her husband with her full knowledge and consent, but which she afterwards denied in court when the case came up for hearing. Of course I will have to go back and get right of way through the Probate Court.
And I do hereby certify, that the above embraces a full and true report of all the drains constructed, finished, or begun under my supervision, or applied for during the year now ending, and that the financial statement of each drain, submitted herewith, is true and correct. All of which is respectfully submitted.
D. W. BARRY,
County Drain Commissioner of the County of Washtenaw.
Dated this 12th day of October, A. D. 1903.
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE FURLONG DRAIN.
Oct. 13. Balance on hand as shown by my last report.....\$241 15
EXPENDITURES.
1902. To Gilbert Shook for ditching.....1295 52 00
Nov. 29. To Gilbert Shook 1296 52 00
Nov. 29. To Frank Collins for ditching.....1297 28 00
Nov. 29. To Michael Furlong for ditching.....1298 50 20
Nov. 29. To Michael Furlong for work on drain.....1299 3 00
Nov. 29. To Geo. Burrell for help surveying.....1300 1 50
Nov. 29. To James Burrell help surveying.....1301 75
1903.
Feb. 25. To Jerome Allen for surveying.....1370 6 00
Feb. 25. To James Barry for work on drain.....1363 3 75
Mar. 2. To D. W. Barry commr. fees.....1374 38 00
Aug. 9. Balance.....5 95
Balance on hand.....\$241 15
Balance on hand.....\$5 95
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF BISHOP AND CADDY DRAIN.
1902. No. Order. Am't.
Oct. 13. Balance on hand as shown by my last report.....\$158 92
EXPENDITURES.
Nov. 19. To Wm. S. Bishop for ditching.....1288 \$34 00
Dec. 19. To P. O'Brien for work on drain.....1337 1 50
Dec. 29. To Peter Stonier for ditching.....1338 31 84
Dec. 29. To Peter Stonier for help surveying.....1339 75
Dec. 29. To Geo. R. Cady for help surveying.....1340 75
Dec. 24. To H. Elliott for ditching.....1341 13 00
Dec. 26. To W. A. Smart for help surveying.....1352 12 00
Feb. 5. To Jas. W. Barry for work on drain.....1 00
Feb. 25. To Jerome Allen, surveying.....6 00
Mar. 2. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....43 10
Aug. 3. To Matt Gotts for ditching.....6 00
Aug. 21. To Frank Cady for ditching.....6 00
Oct. 9. Balance.....1 63
Balance on hand.....\$158 92
Balance on hand.....\$1 63
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF BLACK FORK AND SUGAR CREEK BRANCH DRAIN.
By amount assessed to the Township of Augusta at large.....\$149 76
By amount assessed on lands in Augusta.....617 76
By amount assessed to York Township at large.....37 44
By amount assessed to lands in York.....131 04
EXPENDITURES.
1903. No. Order. Am't.
Aug. 8. To Louis Lelsmer for printing.....1418 \$41 25
Sept. 5. To D. W. Barry for commr. fees.....55 00
Oct. 9. Balance.....839 75
Balance on hand.....\$839 75
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SUGAR CREEK DRAIN.
1902. No. Order. Am't.
Oct. 13. Balance on hand at date of my last report.....\$2,923 85
EXPENDITURES.
Nov. 4. To Wallace Durkee for ditching.....1272 \$50 00
Nov. 14. To Carl Buxton for help surveying.....1281 2 25
Nov. 14. To O. Van Volkenburg for work on drain.....1282 10 00
Nov. 14. To Fred Wany for help surveying.....1284 1 50
Nov. 15. To Fred Wany for ditching.....1285 119 75
Nov. 15. To John Kerr for ditching.....1286 104 25
\$1,210 00

Nov. 19. To D. F. Herley for ditching.....1290 85 00
Nov. 21. To Wallace Durkee for ditching.....1291 10 00
Nov. 21. To Wallace Durkee for ditching.....1292 30 00
Nov. 22. To C. Teal for ditching.....1293 40 00
Nov. 26. To James W. Barry for work on drain.....1294 10 00
Dec. 12. To S. D. Hatter for ditching.....1315 124 00
Dec. 12. To S. D. Hatter for ditching.....1316 75 00
Dec. 13. To Fred Wany for ditching.....1317 25 00
Dec. 13. To Fred Wany for ditching.....1318 25 00
Dec. 13. To Fred Wany for ditching.....1319 15 00
Dec. 24. To D. O'Brien, clerk.....1351 1 50
Dec. 15. To Wallace Durkee for ditching.....1322 47 00
Dec. 15. To Samuel Finch for ditching.....1324 16 00
Dec. 15. To Samuel Finch for ditching.....1325 38 00
Dec. 15. To N. Durkee for ditching.....1326 30 00
Dec. 16. To Peter Stonier for ditching.....1329 70 00
Dec. 16. To S. Troop for ditching.....1330 18 00
Dec. 29. To D. W. Barry for ditching.....1342 300 00
Dec. 16. To W. Buxton for ditching.....1331 20 00
Dec. 17. To C. D. Munn for ditching.....1332 30 00
Dec. 17. To Wm. S. Bishop for ditching.....1334 50 00
Dec. 19. To D. W. Barry for ditching.....1336 15 00
Dec. 30. To W. H. Wany for ditching.....1343 40 00
Dec. 30. To Wilmer Loree for ditching.....1346 54 00
Dec. 30. To Frank Granger for ditching.....1347 38 00
Dec. 30. To E. Fuller for ditching.....1348 30 00
Dec. 26. To Frank Gooding for surveying.....1353 2 25
Dec. 26. To E. Johnson for stakes for drain.....1356 3 50
1903.
Jan. 5. To Will Wilber for ditching.....1358 50 00
Feb. 25. To Jerome Allen for surveying.....1369 21 00
Feb. 25. To Jerome Allen for recording.....1378 14 00
Apr. 16. To Anna Welmer for making blanks.....1379 2 00
Mar. 2. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1372 124 15
Mar. 2. To Mayme V. Barry, recording.....1378 14 00
May. 2. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1381 8 00
May. 16. To Wallace Durkee for ditching.....1383 21 80
May. 16. To Wallace Durkee for ditching.....1384 25 25
June 20. To J. D. O'Brien for ditching.....1395 50 00
June 20. To J. D. O'Brien, clerk.....1397 1 50
July 3. To James Barry, office work.....1401 1 50
July 3. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1402 3 00
July 11. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1405 4 75
July 13. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1406 10 00
July 14. To Jerome Allen, replacing grade pins.....1407 5 00
July 23. To H. Dunsmore for ditching.....1408 5 00
Aug. 2. To Aaron Finch for ditching.....1409 9 00
Aug. 3. To Samuel Finch for ditching.....1412 9 00
Aug. 3. To S. D. Hatter for ditching.....1411 10 00
Aug. 3. To Frank Granger for ditching.....1413 10 00
Aug. 3. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1414 6 25
Aug. 7. To Frank Granger for ditching.....1416 1 50
Aug. 20. To C. Teal for ditching.....1423 75 00
Sept. 1. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1426 4 75
Sept. 24. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1433 4 50
Sept. 26. To Will Wilber for ditching.....1434 50 00
Sept. 29. To J. D. O'Brien for ditching.....1440 30 00
Oct. 9. Balance on hand.....\$76 95
Oct. 9. Balance on hand.....\$76 95
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE JOHNSON DRAIN.
1903.
Sept. 10. By amount assessed in Wayne County.....\$826 70
Sept. 10. By amount assessed in the Township of Saline at large.....70 86
By amount assessed to lands in Saline Township.....283 44
Total.....\$1,181 00
No orders issued.
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF CONDE AND PAINE DRAIN.
1903.
By amount assessed to the Township of Augusta at large.....\$87 75
By amount assessed on lands in Augusta.....407 98
By amount assessed to the Township of York at large.....87 75
By amount assessed on lands in York.....293 92
Total.....\$877 40
EXPENDITURES.
1902. No. Order. Am't.
Dec. 20. To Sam Conde for surveying and work on drains.....1353 \$8 00
Dec. 29. To Ann Arbor Record for printing.....1344 22 25
Oct. 3. To Samuel Finch for ditching.....1442 28 00
Oct. 7. To Will Wilber for ditching.....1445 27 80
Oct. 9. Balance.....1446 27 80
Oct. 9. Balance.....\$763 55
Oct. 9. Balance on hand.....\$763 55
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF BENNETT TILE DRAIN.
1902. No. Order. Am't.
Oct. 13. Balance on hand at date of my last report.....\$376 56
EXPENDITURES.
1903. No. Order. Am't.
Dec. 15. To Geo. D. Wilard for help surveying.....1820 \$1 50
Dec. 15. To Will Wilard for help surveying.....1821 1 50
Dec. 15. To Will Wilard for drawing tile.....1822 15 00
1903.
Feb. 5. To Jas. W. Barry for work on drain.....1360 2 50
Mar. 2. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1873 71 15
Feb. 25. To Jerome Allen for surveying.....1366 5 00
Mar. 2. To Mayme V. Barry recording.....1377 12 00
Oct. 9. Balance.....52 91
Oct. 9. Balance on hand.....\$376 56
\$52 91
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF PALMER AND BALDWIN DRAIN.
1903.
Sept. 10. By amount assessed to the Township of Lima at large.....\$169 40
By amount assessed to the Village of Chelsea at large.....48 40
By amount assessed to lands in Lima.....992 20
Total.....\$1,210 00

EXPENDITURES.
No. Order. Am't.
1903.
June 9. To Louis Lelsmer for printing.....1390 \$24 45
June 9. To Ed Little for ditching.....1392 150 00
June 13. To Ed Little for ditching.....1393 6 00
June 16. To Ed Little for ditching.....1394 50 00
June 20. To Ed Little for ditching.....1400 150 00
Aug. 25. To M. Wakenhut for ditching.....1425 100 00
Sept. 9. To M. Wakenhut for ditching.....1429 50 00
Sept. 14. To Ed Little for ditching.....1431 75 00
Sept. 26. To M. Wakenhut for ditching.....1438 50 00
Sept. 26. To Fred Vignau for bridge on highway.....1439 33 75
Oct. 5. Balance.....520 80
\$1,210 00
Oct. 9. Balance on hand.....\$520 80
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF COOLEY TILE DRAIN.
1903.
Amount assessed in Lenawee County.....\$715 32
Amount assessed to the Township of Manchester at large.....188 82
Amount assessed to lands in Manchester Township.....1,083 18
Total.....\$1,987 32
No orders issued on this drain.
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF MILL CREEK EXTENSION DRAIN.
1902.
Oct. 13. Balance on hand as shown in my last report.....\$2,240 00
EXPENDITURES.
1902. No. Order. Am't.
Dec. 11. To J. L. Sibley for work on drain.....1306 \$25 00
Dec. 16. To Mrs. D. B. Taylor for award of damages.....1333 15 00
Nov. 11. To A. Goude for award of damages.....1278 20 00
Nov. 11. To J. W. Barry, award of damages.....1279 15 00
Nov. 11. To Thos. S. Sears award of damages.....1280 100 00
Dec. 29. To D. Hitchingham for ditching.....1357 350 00
1903.
Feb. 25. To Jerome Allen for surveying.....1364 15 00
Feb. 25. To Jerome Allen for replacing stakes.....11 00
Mar. 2. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1371 129 75
Apr. 16. To Anna Welmer for making blanks.....1380 2 00
May 2. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1382 10 30
May 23. To T. F. Barry, clerk.....1386 2 00
May 25. To Frank Heinemann for ditching.....1387 100 00
May 25. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1388 5 50
June 9. To D. F. Herley for ditching.....1391 50 00
June 20. To D. F. Herley for ditching.....1398 84 76
June 20. To D. F. Herley for ditching.....1399 166 00
July 3. To Thos. Thorne for ditching.....1404 200 00
Aug. 4. To Sam Guthrie for over assessment.....1415 5 00
Oct. 9. Balance.....983 69
\$2,240 00
Oct. 9. Balance on hand.....\$983 69
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE VEDDER DRAIN.
1903.
Sept. 15. By amount assessed to the Township of Augusta at large.....\$92 50
By whole amount assessed to lands the first year.....370 00
Total.....\$462 50
No orders issued.
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE COMSTOCK DRAIN.
1902.
Oct. 13. Balance on hand as shown by my last report.....\$198 00
EXPENDITURES.
1903. No. Order. Am't.
Jan. 23. To H. Ortrberg for ditching.....1357 \$10 33
Sept. 17. To Alfred Smyth for ditching.....1432 15 00
Oct. 9. Balance.....172 78
Oct. 9. Balance on hand.....\$172 78
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF EAST BRANCH OF BIG MARSH DRAIN.
1903.
Sept. 1. By amount assessed to the Township of Augusta at large.....\$29 80
By whole amount assessed to lands the first year.....268 20
Total.....\$298 00
EXPENDITURES.
1903. No. Order. Am't.
Aug. 8. To Louis J. Lelsmer for printing.....1409 \$19 50
Oct. 9. Balance.....278 60
Oct. 9. Balance on hand.....\$278 60
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE TUTTLE AND DERBYSHIRE DRAIN.
1903.
Sept. 10. By amount assessed to the Township of Ypsilanti at large.....\$20 30
By amount assessed to lands in Ypsilanti Township.....164 20
Total.....\$184 50
EXPENDITURES.
1903. No. Order. Am't.
Aug. 8. To Louis Lelsmer for printing.....1420 \$19 50
Aug. 13. To W. E. J. Sanderson for ditching.....1422 25 00
Sept. 3. To W. E. J. Sanderson for ditching.....1427 50 00
Oct. 3. To W. E. J. Sanderson for ditching.....1441 25 00
Oct. 9. Balance.....65 00
Oct. 9. Balance on hand.....\$65 00
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SALINE AND BRIDGEWATER AND BRANCH DRAIN.
1903.
Sept. 10. By amount assessed to the Township of Saline at large.....\$201 25
By amount assessed to the Township of Bridgewater at large.....241 50
By whole amount assessed to lands the first year.....3,582 25
Total.....\$4,025 00
EXPENDITURES.
1903. No. Order. Am't.
Oct. 7. To Ed Little for ditching.....1444 \$100 00
Oct. 9. Balance.....3,925 00
\$4,025 00
Oct. 9. Balance on hand.....\$3,925 00

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE MURRAY DRAIN.
1901.
By amount assessed in Monroe Co.....\$105 25
By amount assessed in Washtenaw Co.....421 00
Amount of reassessment in 1902 in Augusta.....22 06
Over assessed in Augusta.....81 57
Total.....\$579 88
EXPENDITURES.
Joint Order. No. Am't.
1900.
Dec. 22. To J. D. O'Brien commr. fees.....2 \$24 50
Jan. 19. To F. J. Hammond, clerk.....5 75
May 31. To Milan Leader for ditching.....7 13 65
Nov. 30. To James Hanlon for excavating.....32 148 00
Nov. 30. To Donald Murray for excavating.....33 68 00
Nov. 30. To Alfred Briggs for excavating.....34 72 00
Nov. 30. To Joe Murray for excavating.....35 68 00
Nov. 30. To Ed Murray for excavating.....36 46 00
Nov. 30. To John Murray for work on drain.....37 17 00
Nov. 30. To Jerome Allen, surveying.....38 7 00
Nov. 30. To John Murray, help surveying.....39 3 00
Nov. 30. To Ed Murray, help surveying.....41 75
Nov. 30. To John Detrick, help surveying.....42 75
Nov. 30. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....43 33 40
Nov. 30. To J. W. Barry, clerk.....44 1 00
Nov. 30. To Monroe Democrat for printing.....45 13 65
Nov. 30. To D. F. Sullivan, work.....46 23 40
Nov. 30. To Andrew Fails, work.....47 75
Nov. 30. To John Murray for work on drain.....48 75
Dec. 16. To T. H. Hoffman, clerk.....67 6 00
1902.
Jan. 26. To Don Murray for help surveying.....75 75
Dec. 9. To John Murray for bridge.....78 15 00
Dec. 11. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....80 5 25
Oct. 9. Balance.....9 93
\$579 88
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE ELLIOTT AND COX DRAIN.
1902.
Oct. 13. Balance on hand at date of my last report.....\$287 29
EXPENDITURES.
1902. No. Order. Am't.
Oct. 15. To Fred Schester for ditching.....1264 \$34 00
Nov. 5. To Thos. Thorne for ditching.....1273 18 00
Dec. 8. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1303 7 00
Dec. 8. To Ed Dixon for ditching.....1305 10 00
Dec. 11. To Fred Schester for ditching.....1307 13 60
Dec. 11. To Fred Schester, help surveying.....1308 75
Dec. 11. To Thos. Thorne for ditching.....1309 41 80
Dec. 11. To Thos. Thorne for ditching.....1310 40 00
Dec. 11. To Thos. Thorne, help surveying.....1311 1 00
Dec. 11. To Jas. Thorne, help surveying.....1312 1 00
Dec. 11. To Daniel Cox for ditching.....1313 35 60
Dec. 11. To Chas. Frebes, work on drain.....1314 3 00
Dec. 24. To Ed Dixon for ditching.....1349 8 00
1903.
Feb. 5. To James Barry for work on drain.....1361 1 25
Mar. 2. To D. W. Barry, commr. fees.....1375 47 75
Feb. 25. To Jerome Allen, surveying.....1367 6 00
Nov. 5. To Thos. Thorne for ditching.....1274 13 60
Oct. 9. Balance.....4 94
\$287 29
Oct. 9. Balance on hand.....\$4 94
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE GROVES AND HORSESHOE LAKE DRAIN.
1903.
Sept. 15. By amount assessed to the Township of Northfield at large.....\$554 22
By amount assessed to lands in Northfield.....3,140 58
Total.....\$3,694 80
EXPENDITURES.
1903. No. Order. Am't.
Sept. 26. To James Thorne for ditching.....1436 \$236 00
Oct. 26. To James Thorne for ditching.....1437 44 00
Oct. 9. Balance.....3,414 80
\$3,694 80
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE HORSESHOE LAKE OUTLET DRAIN.
1903.
Sept. 15. By amount assessed to the Township of Northfield at large.....\$261 15
By amount assessed to lands in Northfield.....1,479 85
Total.....\$1,741 00
EXPENDITURES.
1903. No. Order. Am't.
May 6. To James Thorne for ditching.....1389 \$200 00
Aug. 13. To James Thorne for ditching.....1421 500 00
Sept. 10. To Thos. Thorne for ditching.....1430 700 00
Sept. 20. To James Thorne for ditching.....1435 40 00
Aug. 7. To Horatio Abbott for printing.....1417 45 30
Oct. 9. Balance.....255 70
\$1,741 00
Oct. 9. Balance on hand.....\$255 70
The County Treasurer presented his annual report, which was accepted and referred to Committee to Settle with County Officers.
ANN ARBOR, Mich., Oct. 1, 1903.
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Washtenaw County:
GENTLEMEN—I herewith report to you the amount of money received and paid out by me during the term from January 1st, 1903, to October 1st, 1903, as shown by the books of this office on the first day of October, 1903.
All of which is respectfully submitted for your inspection and examination.
CHARLES BRAUN,
County Treasurer.
Moneys received from Jan. 1st, 1903, to Oct. 1st, 1903.
Ann Arbor City.....\$17,318 66
State tax.....11,806 08
Poor tax.....670 80
Rejected tax.....279 93
Liquor tax.....10,696 67
\$49,720 47
Ypsilanti City.....\$7,230 87
County tax.....4,903 96
Poor tax.....846 20
Rejected tax.....279 93
Liquor tax.....6,180 00
\$19,890 46

Ann Arbor Township.....\$1,790 15
County tax.....1,184 91
Poor tax.....104 81
\$3,024 86
Augusta Township.....\$1,448 96
State tax.....989 91
County tax.....989 91
Poor tax.....1 85
\$2,440 42
Bridgewater Township.....\$1,687 80
State tax.....1,151 82
County tax.....96 20
Rejected tax.....2 87
Liquor tax.....500 00
\$3,438 89
Dexter Township.....\$1,014 12
State tax.....691 74
County tax.....
\$1,705 86
Freedom Township.....\$439 22
State tax.....441 80
County tax.....
\$877 52
Lima Township.....\$1,940 06
State tax.....1,323 70
County tax.....96 20
Poor tax.....
\$3,359 96
Lodi Township.....\$951 89
State tax.....861 23
County tax.....500 00
Liquor tax.....
\$2,313 17
Lyndon Township.....\$878 26
State tax.....595 80
County tax.....1 81
Rejected tax.....
\$1,479 97
Manchester Township.....\$2,218 32
State tax.....1,513 08
County tax.....175 15
Poor tax.....65 00
\$3,971 55
Northfield Township.....\$926 81
State tax.....641 42
County tax.....57 78
Liquor tax.....1,000 00
\$3,626 01
Pittsfield Township.....\$1,958 95
State tax.....1,440 57
County tax.....87 54
Poor tax.....
\$3,437 06
Saline Township.....\$2,306 20
State tax.....1,572 86
County tax.....19 58
Poor tax.....
\$3,898 64
Salem Township.....\$1,592 90
State tax.....1,086 64
County tax.....164 26
Poor tax.....
\$2,843 80
Selo Township.....\$1,146 50
State tax.....825 01
County tax.....321 90
Poor tax.....
\$2,293 41
Sharon Township.....\$1,747 60
State tax.....1,192 35
County tax.....36 77
Poor tax.....
\$2,976 72
Superior Township.....\$2,047 02
State tax.....1,596 29
County tax.....
\$3,443 31
Sylvan Township.....\$2,753 17
State tax.....1,877 96
County tax.....
\$4,631 13
Webster Township.....\$893 04
State tax.....586 43
County tax.....96 20
Poor tax.....
\$1,575 67
York Township.....\$2,529 88
State tax.....1,725 88
County tax.....53 96
Poor tax.....
\$4,309 77
Chelsea Village.....\$3,000 00
Liquor tax.....2,500 00
Dexter Village liquor tax.....2,500 00
Manchester Village liquor tax.....3,500 00
Milan Village liquor tax.....2,000 00
Saline Village liquor tax.....1,500 00
\$12,500 00
Interest from F. & M. Bank County fund cash returned by Clerk.....204 27
Delinquent fund.....40 00
Primary school fund.....3,697 29
General fund, Chas. E. Brining change name.....7,203 60
Jurat fund from Justice Joseph.....3 00
Fine money.....6 00
Poor, from.....373 40
Teachers' Institute fund.....438 11
Witness fund from Justice Joslyn.....189 00
Tax sales.....4 20
Inheritance fund.....1,360 04
Redemption money.....597 80
Patrick Sullivan, unknown help fund.....201 88
Chloe Howard, unknown help fund.....100 00
Steven Voorhees, insane.....6 67
Ella Smith, insane.....16 52
Elliott & Cox drain.....414 03
Bishop & Cady drain.....186 30
Sugar Creek drain.....2,964 06
Bennet tile drain.....799 48
Murray drain.....22 06
Stony Creek and Stony Creek Ex. drain.....5 00
Mill Creek Ex. drain.....1,937 91
Furlong drain.....15 00
Keebe drain.....251 90
\$161,385 80
Money paid out from Jan. 1, 1903, to Oct. 1, 1903.
Ann Arbor City.....\$1,924 20
Primary school.....1,639 50
Delinquent tax.....8,296 10
Liquor tax.....
\$12,859 80
Ypsilanti City.....\$1,103 40
Primary school.....116 40
Delinquent tax.....9 12
Liquor tax.....3 14
\$128 66
Augusta Township.....\$328 20
Primary school.....280 80
Delinquent tax.....27 82
Liquor tax.....4 10
\$360 12
Bridgewater Township.....\$163 20
Primary school.....247 50
Liquor tax.....
\$410 70
Dexter Township.....\$96 00
Primary school.....92
Liquor tax.....
\$96 92
Freedom Township.....\$296 40
Primary school.....6 14
Liquor tax.....
\$242 54
Lima Township.....\$155 40
Primary school.....2 40
Liquor tax.....
\$157 80
Lodi Township.....\$128 40
Primary school.....5 02
Liquor tax.....247 50
\$441 42

London Township.....\$1,000 00
Primary school.....
Liquor tax.....
Manchester Township.....\$1,000 00
Primary school.....
Liquor tax.....
Northfield Township.....\$1,000 00
Primary school.....
Liquor tax.....
Pittsfield Township.....\$1,000 00
Primary school.....
Liquor tax.....
Saline Township.....\$1,000 00
Primary school.....
Liquor tax.....
Salem Township.....\$1,000 00
Primary school.....
Liquor tax.....
Selo Township.....\$1,000 00
Primary school.....
Liquor tax.....
Sharon Township.....\$1,000 00
Primary school.....
Liquor tax.....
Superior Township.....\$1,000 00
Primary school.....
Liquor tax.....
Sylvan Township.....\$1,000 00
Primary school.....
Liquor tax.....
Webster Township.....\$1,000 00
Primary school.....
Liquor tax.....
York Township.....\$1,000 00
Primary school.....
Liquor tax.....
Chelsea Village.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Dexter Village liquor tax.....
Manchester Village liquor tax.....
Milan Village liquor tax.....
Saline Village liquor tax.....
Selo Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Sharon Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Superior Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Sylvan Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Webster Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
York Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Chelsea Village.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Dexter Village liquor tax.....
Manchester Village liquor tax.....
Milan Village liquor tax.....
Saline Village liquor tax.....
Selo Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Sharon Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Superior Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Sylvan Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Webster Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
York Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Chelsea Village.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Dexter Village liquor tax.....
Manchester Village liquor tax.....
Milan Village liquor tax.....
Saline Village liquor tax.....
Selo Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Sharon Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Superior Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Sylvan Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Webster Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
York Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Chelsea Village.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Dexter Village liquor tax.....
Manchester Village liquor tax.....
Milan Village liquor tax.....
Saline Village liquor tax.....
Selo Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Sharon Township.....\$1,000 00
Liquor tax.....
Superior Township.....\$1,000

London Township	
Primary school	\$129 80
Library	1 34
	\$127 94
Manchester Township	
Primary school	\$349 80
Library	37 40
Delinquent tax	32 17
Liquor tax	11 06
	\$431 00

Northfield Township	
Primary school	\$100 80
Library	405 00
Delinquent tax	5 36
	\$601 16

Pittsfield Township	
Primary school	\$156 80
Library	19 10
Delinquent tax	5 22
	\$181 10

Saline Township	
Primary school	\$322 20
Library	10 16
	\$332 36

Salem Township	
Primary school	\$132 80
Library	1 96
Delinquent tax	3 78
	\$138 34

Scio Township	
Primary school	\$329 40
Library	7 52
	\$336 92

Sharon Township	
Primary school	\$173 40
Library	1 56
	\$174 96

Superior Township	
Primary school	\$186 60
Library	4 62
	\$191 22

Sylvan Township	
Primary school	\$383 40
Library	16 50
Delinquent tax	10 26
	\$410 16

Webster Township	
Primary school	\$90 60
Library	3 02
	\$93 62

York Township	
Primary school	\$350 40
Library	7 28
Delinquent tax	9 72
	\$367 35

Ypsilanti Township	
Primary school	\$129 60
Library	71 42
Delinquent tax	4 02
	\$205 04

Chelsea Village liquor tax	\$1,485 00
Detroit Village liquor tax	1,237 50
Manchester Village liquor tax	1,732 50
Saline Village liquor tax	742 50
Board of School Ex. fund	465 00
Contingent fund	5,599 80
Soldiers' Relief Com.	1,175 07
Deer license fund	34 00
County fund	14,094 83
Eastern Mich. Asylum	838 66
Fuel and light fund	1,418 51
General fund	2,780 92
Jail fund	2,962 60
Jury fund	3,631 28
Poor fund	246 11
Public bldg. fund	63,374 76
State of Mich. state tax and delinquent tax	5,603 26
Salary fund	16 53
St. Joseph's Retreat	338 43
Interest paid F. & M. Bank	131 97
Detroit House of Correction	88 00
Teachers' Institute fund	134 54
Death warrant fund	933 31
Witness fund	3,498 60
Seismographs' fund	259 10
Elliott & Cox drain	161 44
Sugar Creek drain	1,033 05
Chas. Harris drain	27 25
Pierce & Pierce drain	15 00
Bennet tile drain	780 40
Murray drain	15 26
York and Augusta drain	10 33
Comstock drain	150 00
Lower end Mill Creek drain	5 00
Stony Creek and Stony Creek Extension	1,957 91
Mill Creek Ex. drain	245 95
Furlong drain	3 33
Frank Marshall, unknown heir	414 03
Eliza Smith, insane	3 00
Total	\$144,115 18

Overdraft Jan. 1, 1903	12,328 34
Outstanding checks Jan. 1, 1903	88 42
Balance on hand Oct. 1, 1903	4,853 86
	\$161,385 80

Statement of fine money	
Wm. G. Doty, Justice of peace	\$136 00
A. A. City	10 00
O. A. Burgers, Justice of peace	10 00
Wesley Robinson, Justice of peace	15 00
W. E. McLeod, Justice of peace	190 00
John L. McDonnell, Detroit House of Correction	21 90
Julia Brennan	50
	\$373 40

REPORT OF DRAIN ACCOUNT, 1903.	
Sterling drain, Augusta	\$ 55
Marbee drain	1 58
Willow Marsh drain	23
Pittsfield, No. 3 drain	99
Saugwater, No. 2 drain	15 10
Saline, No. 1 drain	15 10
Koebe drain	1 55
Loney & Walsh drain	20 61
Clark Lake drain	11 95
Saline River drain	82 94
Done & Ferris drain	12
Henry Meier drain	19 37
Marion drain	76 50
Marby drain	3 13
Bishop & Cady drain	7 43
Jewel drain	1 03
General drain	12 37
Henry Heizerman drain	31 14
Brown & Heath drain	3 64
Saline, No. 1 drain	1 27
Kelley drain	6 73
Sugar Creek drain	1,031 39
A. Doty drain	1 45
Philerson drain	20 71
Joe Polop drain	12 11
Kelley drain	1 71
Charles Harris drain	19 80
Derbyshire & Ward drain	2 86
Fred Heizerman drain	20 50
Crippen Township drain	57
Malletts Creek drain, Pittsfield	6 96
Borgan Branch drain, Pittsfield	7 87
Pittsfield, No. 2 drain	12 15
Rose outlet drain	64
Sumner Branch drain	1 45
Pittsfield, No. 19 drain	2 37
Woods outlet drain	18 00
Lafin drain	10 00
Penman drain	15 25
Joelin Lake drain	62 91
Joelin Lake drain	12 15
Tuttle & Derbyshire drain	9 72
McCarty drain	13 92
Swan Creek and Flemming Har-	0 52
Griffin drain	1 16
Murray drain	10 73
York and Augusta drain	4 24
Comstock drain	148 53
Superior Township drain	6 28
Palk drain	6 50
Furlong drain	5 50
Stony Creek and Stony Creek Extension	11 10
	\$1,785 10

The undersigned committee to settle with county officers report that they carefully examined the books and vouchers in the office of the County Treasurer, and find the same correct, and that the balance \$4,853.86 was on	
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hand in bank and in cash.

JOHN R. MINER,
HENRY LANDWEHR,
M. McGuire,
Committee.

Adjourned until tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.

JOHN R. MINER,
Clerk Pro Tem.

GEO. WALTERS Chairman.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1903.

Board met at 10:30 a. m.

Roll called, quorum present.

Minutes of former meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Damon from Building Committee made a report of the operations for the past year. The report was accepted.

To the Honorable, the Board of Supervisors of Washtenaw County:

GENTLEMEN—Your Committee on Public Buildings would respectfully report their work from October, 1902, to October, 1903, as follows:

As per your order, we purchased carpet for the Circuit Judge's rooms at a cost of \$84.50, and further, as per your orders, new wind mill, pump and tank at County House, at a cost of \$454.22.

After the mill and tank were put up we found the wooden pipe which had been in the ground upwards of twenty-five years was so porous that it would not hold the pressure to fill the tank. Your committee concluded the only safe way was to lay an entire new line of pipe, which we did of 1¼ inch galvanized pipe, which we connected with the main building, also with the wash room, also

stables, the latter with ¾ inch pipe, all laid four and one-half feet deep, at a cost of \$283.05.

The following is a list of repairs of the different buildings:

Court House—	
Hutzel & Co., plumbing	\$30 61
Sutter & Son, repairs on boiler	8 85
Martin Haller, repairs on chairs	2 30
Wert & Co., disinfectant	74 48
	\$116 24

Jail—	
Martin Haller, linoleum and carpet	\$29 50
Martin Haller, desk and three chairs	19 75
Sutter & Son, repairs on boiler	13 80
Hutzel & Co., one two-inch flue cleaner	1 25
Frank Howard, hauling rubbish and ashes	4 50
John Heinemann, lawn grass	20 00
H. S. Le Furge, gas stove	110 70
Wm. Herz, painting, kalsomining	110 70
	\$200 00

RECAPITULATION.	
Court House	\$200 74
Jail	200 00
Poor House	703 05

All of which is respectfully submitted.

S. DAMON.

HENRY LANDWEHR.

EUGENE OESTERLIN.

Your committee has given the county work close supervision, and compensation as follows:

S. Damon	00
H. Landwehr	00
Eugene Oesterlin	00

A communication from the Auditor General was presented relating to the care of insane, also relating to rejected taxes. The communications were accepted and ordered filed.

An election for School Examiner was had. Miss Josephine Hoppe was unanimously two years.

A communication was received from the Columbus Machine Company relating to electric lighting plant was received and referred to Committee on Buildings.

Mr. Damon offered the following resolution:

Resolved, that the extra allowance heretofore made of four hundred dollars per annum for services as Clerk of Probate Court to the Probate Register be and is hereby rescinded and ordered to be discontinued.

The resolution was adopted.

Board adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Board met.

Roll called, quorum present.

Dr. Hinsdale, Health Officer of the city of Ann Arbor, called the attention of the Board to the desirability of building a county hospital for contagious and infectious diseases, and stated that the Regents of the University would without doubt co-operate in making such a hospital a success. Dr. Wessinger, chairman of the County Medical Society, also advocated the building of such a hospital.

On motion of Mr. Miner the Chairman was authorized to appoint a committee of five to investigate the matter and report to the Board at the present session. Carried.

Mr. Damon from the Committee on Printing reported that in the opinion of the committee the present method of procuring stationery and the Court Calendar is satisfactory and that no change be made; also requested the Board to fix the number of pamphlet proceedings.

On motion the recommendation of the committee was accepted and adopted, and the number of pamphlets was fixed at 500.

Mr. Raymond moved that the Clerk be instructed to distribute the proceedings of the Board to the various Supervisors by mail or express, prepaid.

On motion of Mr. Bilbie the Board adjourned.

JOHN R. MINER,
Clerk Pro Tem.

GEO. WALTERS Chairman.

support of her aged and infirm father.

Your petitioner therefore having exhausted every other means of relief and believing herself without any relief except at the hands of this honorable

Board, prays that it may pay or cause to be paid to William B. Hatch, her attorney, the said sum of \$132.56 less such sum as the statute allows for the safe keeping of the same.

And your petitioner will ever pray.

IDA STEPHENS.

WILLIAM B. HATCH,
Attorney for petitioner, Ypsilanti, Michigan.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Genesee, ss.

On this 12th day of October, A. D. 1903, before me a notary public in and for said county personally came the above named Ida Stephens and made oath that she read the foregoing petition by her subscribed and that she knows the contents thereof, that the same is true of her own knowledge except those matters stated to be on information and belief, and as to those matters she believes it to be true.

RICHARD MAGINN,
Notary public in and for Genesee County, Michigan.

My commission expires July 10th, 1905.

"Exhibit A."

STATE OF MICHIGAN—In the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw.

To the Honorable Willis L. Watkins, Judge of Probate:

Your petitioner, Ida Stephens, respectfully represents:

1. That she is upwards of twenty-one years of age and is a resident of the State of Michigan, County of Genesee, and village of Mt. Morris in said state.

2. Your petitioner further represents that she is the only child of Eliza Stephens and J. C. C. Stephens; that said Eliza Stephens was a daughter of Halsey Olds, deceased; that said Halsey Olds, deceased, was a brother of Levi E. Olds, deceased; that the said Eliza Stephens died in the asylum for the insane at Pontiac, in the month of July, 1893.

3. Your petitioner further represents that the said Levi E. Olds died on, to wit, the thirty-first day of March, A. D. 1884, and left certain real and personal property situate in the township of Pittsfield, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan.

4. Your petitioner further represents that the estate of the said Levi E. Olds, deceased, has been administered in this court, a record of the proceedings of which are found in Calendar nine (9), page 295, and that on the twenty-seventh day of June, 1894, the said estate was closed and the administrator thereof discharged.

5. Your petitioner further represents that at the time of the closing up of the estate of the said Levi E. Olds, in this court, and the distribution of the assets, it appears that the administrator was unable to locate the said Eliza Stephens, mother of your petitioner, and for that reason her share, amounting to one hundred thirty-two and fifty-six one-hundredths (132.56) was deposited with the Treasurer for Washtenaw County, Michigan, and receipt therefor taken on the second day of July, 1894.

6. Your petitioner further represents that said fund has ever since that time continued to remain with the Treasurer of Washtenaw County and is still held by said Treasurer.

7. Your petitioner further represents that she is entitled to said fund under the provision of Act No. 86 of the Public Acts of 1881, as amended, being section 9465-9468 inclusive of the compiled laws of the State of Michigan, for 1897.

8. Your petitioner therefore prays that she may have an order from this court, directing the County Treasurer to pay over the said sum of money to William B. Hatch, her attorney, upon satisfactory proof that your petitioner is entitled to the same.

9. Your petitioner further prays that if the court desires further proof than this sworn petition that the same may be taken by deposition since the father of your petitioner, with whom she lives, is aged and infirm and not able to come to this court to testify, and your petitioner cannot leave him to come herself.

IDA STEPHENS.

WILLIAM B. HATCH,
Attorney for Petitioner, Ypsilanti, Michigan.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Genesee, ss.

On this 25th day of April, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and three, before me, a notary public, in and for said county, personally came the above named Ida Stephens, and made oath that she has read the foregoing petition by her subscribed and that she knows the contents thereof, that the same is true of her own knowledge, except those matters stated to be on information and belief, and as to these matters she believes it to be true.

RICHARD MAGINN,
Notary Public in and for Genesee County, Michigan.

[Notarial Seal.]

"Exhibit B."

STATE OF MICHIGAN—In the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw.

In the matter of the petition of Ida

Stephens for an order requiring the Washtenaw County Treasurer to pay over to the petitioner the money in his hands belonging to Eliza Stephens or her heirs.

It appears by testimony this day taken in the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw in chancery in a cause therein pending in which Jennie M. Wilkinson et al. are complainants and George Inman et al. are defendants, being cause No. 824 in said court, in which cause it is sought to partition and distribute certain real estate belonging to the late Levi E. Olds; that Ida Stephens, of Mount Morris, Michigan, is the only surviving heir of said Eliza Stephens; that said Eliza Stephens is dead and that said Ida Stephens, as her heir, is entitled to that portion of the real estate which her mother, the said Eliza Stephens, would have been entitled to were she now living, and it being understood by the parties hereto that there is now on deposit with the Treasurer of Washtenaw County a certain sum of money placed there to the credit of Eliza Stephens or her heirs out of the personal estate of the said Levi E. Olds, deceased, when the same was distributed among the other heirs entitled thereto:

It is further hereby stipulated and agreed by and between all of the heirs of the said Levi E. Olds, deceased, through their respective counsels, that the said funds now in the hands of the said County Treasurer may, with the approval and upon the order of the Probate Court for Washtenaw County, be paid to the said petitioner or her attorney of record in said cause.

WILLIAM B. HATCH,

Attorney for said Petitioner, Ida Stephens and Solicitor for George H. Olds, Jennie M. Wilkinson and William Campbell, administrators of the estate of Anna G. Reed, deceased, who are named as heirs of the said Levi E. Olds, deceased.

(Signed) JOHN P. KIRK,
Solicitor for Albert L. Olds and Lewis M. Olds, certain heirs of Levi E. Olds, deceased.

(Signed) CAVANAUGH & WEDEMEYER,
Solicitors for Jane Olds Murray, one of said heirs.

(Signed) D. C. GRIFFIN,
Solicitor for Sarah Hinkley, Frances E. Bartells, Joshua E. Chase, Helen Cady, Philo R. Chase, Locetta Chase Martin, Gertrude Martin Arnold, Melissa Kanouse, James L. Chase, A. F. Chase, Harry P. Chase, Benjamin Martin, Melissa Kerr, Minnie McGlogan, Mary J. Sisson, Jennie Martin Taft, Harriet Badger, Jane Martin, and William Campbell, as guardian for the estate of Elva S. Rogers, an incompetent, the remaining heirs of the said Levi Olds, deceased.

Dated at Ann Arbor, Michigan, this 24th day of July, A. D. 1903.

"Exhibit C."

STATE OF MICHIGAN—In the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw.

Before Honorable Willis L. Watkins, Probate Judge.

In the matter of the petition of Ida Stephens for an order requiring the County Treasurer to pay over certain funds in his hands to the said petitioner.

This matter having come on to be heard upon the sworn petition of Ida Stephens and by stipulation and consent of all of the heirs of Levi E. Olds, through their respective counsel and the evidence of the parties and the court being fully advised in the premises, doth order, adjudge and decree that the Treasurer of Washtenaw County is hereby ordered to pay to William B. Hatch, attorney for Ida Stephens, all funds, if any, now in the hands of the said Treasurer, to the credit of Eliza Stephens, deceased, mother of the said Ida Stephens, after deducting the fee allowed by the statute for the County Treasurer as custodian of the said funds.

Given under my hand and the seal of this court this 24th day of July, A. D. 1903.

(Signed) WILLIS L. WATKINS,
Judge of Probate.

A communication was received from the Board of Supervisors of Jackson County relating to contagious diseases, accepted and placed on file.

A communication was received from the Board of Supervisors of Wayne County relating to the State Tax Commission, accepted and placed on file.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Board met at 1:30 p. m. Roll called. Quorum present.

Mr. Raymond from Special Committee made a report.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Washtenaw County:

GENTLEMEN—Your committee appointed to visit the County Farm have the honor to report as follows: First, as to the condition of the general appearance. The farm is looking better and brighter on account of a few improvements in the nature of new fencing and better cultivation; that there has been erected by the building committee a new pumping wind mill with 12 foot wheel. The large tower supply tank has been put in first-class condition and a connecting pipe 1¼ inches has been laid between the two and put in ground 4½ feet deep. This connecting

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1903.

Board met at 10:30 a. m.

Roll called, quorum present.

Minutes of former meetings were read and approved.

The Chairman announced the following special committee on County Hospital: Messrs. Miner, Landwehr, Damon, Mettling and Lawson.

Board adjourned until Friday, 10:30 a. m.

JOHN R. MINER,
Clerk Pro Tem.

GEO. WALTERS Chairman.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1903.

Board met at 10:30 a. m.

Roll called, quorum present.

Minutes of former meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Oesterlin was elected Chairman Pro Tem.

The Prosecuting Attorney called the attention of the Board to the controversy between the townships of Scio and Lodi, and the Board ordered that the matter be taken up Tuesday next at 3 p. m.

Board adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Board met at 1:30 p. m.
Roll called, quorum present.
An election was held for Janitor and Marvin Davenport was declared elected.
The following resolution was adopted:
Resolved, that the Chairman and Clerk of this Board be and hereby are directed to sign in behalf of this Board a petition to sign in behalf of North Fourth avenue between Huron and Ann streets lying east of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor whenever the owners of one-half of the frontage on the east side of said street have signed such a petition.
Which resolution was adopted.
The roll of persons having charge of the burial of deceased soldiers and sailors was called and following appointments were made:
Ann Arbor City, 1st Ward, Henry S. Dean.
Ann Arbor City, 2d Ward, Conrad Noll.
Ann Arbor City, 3d Ward, Michael Donahue.
Ann Arbor City, 4th Ward, William Walsh.
Ann Arbor City, 5th Ward, William Acton.
Ann Arbor City, 6th Ward, A. T. Martin.
Ann Arbor City, 7th Ward, H. P. Danforth.
Ann Arbor Township, John T. Fuller.
Ann Arbor Township, Peter S. Blackmer.
Ann Arbor Township, Richard Whalen.
Ann Arbor Township, John Neelberg.
Ann Arbor Township, G. L. Waltrous.
Ann Arbor Township, Edward Gorman.
Ann Arbor Township, H. Kirchoff.
Ann Arbor Township, James Brokaw.
Ann Arbor Township, J. D. Haywood.
Ann Arbor Township, A. E. Phelps.
Ann Arbor Township, T. Quackenbush.
Ann Arbor Township, John A. Palmer.
Ann Arbor Township, John A. Cushing.
Ann Arbor Township, N. B. Tuttle.
Ann Arbor Township, 1st Ward, E. E. Trim.
Ann Arbor Township, 2d Ward, C. Carr.
Ann Arbor Township, 3d Ward, P. Allen.
Ann Arbor Township, 4th Ward, John Chapman.
Ann Arbor Township, 5th Ward, David Carpenter.
Mr. Landwehr from Committee on Salaries respectfully report that the salaries of all county officers having been fixed at the last annual session of this Board, the salaries so fixed cannot be changed during the term of said officers.
We recommend that the allowance for board of prisoners at the County Jail be fixed as follows: During the month when the average number of prisoners has been ten or less, sixteen and two-thirds cents per meal; no charge for lodging. During a month when the average number of prisoners has been more than ten and not more than twenty, twelve and one-half cents per meal; no charge for lodging. During the months when the average number of prisoners has been more than twenty, ten cents per meal; no charge for lodging.
We also recommend that the janitor be paid five hundred dollars per year; also fifty dollars for services at the jail in the winter months.
The report was accepted and adopted.
A communication was received from the Auditor General as follows:
AUDITOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.
LANSING, Mich., Sept. 30, 1903.
To the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Washtenaw, Ann Arbor, Mich.:
Sir—You are hereby notified that a State tax has been apportioned to the several counties of the State according to the last returns of the aggregate valuation of taxable property therein made to this office, and as equalized and determined by the State Board of Equalization, at their session in August, 1903.
The amount of State tax apportioned to your county under various Acts of the Legislature is as follows, to-wit:

General Statement.	Col. No.	
University of Michigan—Sec. 1, Act 102, 1899.	2	\$9,250 00
University of Michigan—Sec. 2, Act 203, 1897.	3	70 34
State Agricultural College—Sec. 4, Act 232, 1901.	4	2,344 59
Michigan State Normal College—Sec. 6, Act 200, 1903.	5	2,597 92
Central Michigan Normal School—Sec. 6, Act 200, 1903.	6	1,560 56
Northern State Normal School—Sec. 6, Act 200, 1903.	7	1,207 11
Northern State Normal School—Sec. 3, Act 112, 1903.	8	3 67
Western State Normal School—Sec. 4, Act 160, 1903.	9	703 40
Michigan College of Mines—Sec. 4, Act 146, 1903.	10	2,730 28
State Library—Sec. 4, Act 80, 1903.	11	328 24
State Library—Sec. 2, Act 92, 1903.	12	117 23
Michigan Soldiers' Home—Sec. 4, Act 52, 1903.	13	3,361 56
Michigan Home for Feeble Minded and Epileptic—Sec. 5, Act 214, 1903.	14	3,788 86
State Public School—Sec. 4, Act 64, 1903.	15	1,280 91
Michigan School for the Deaf—Sec. 4, Act 23, 1903.	16	2,453 62
Michigan School for the Deaf—Sec. 3, Act 2, 1903.	17	43 37
Michigan School for the Blind—Sec. 4, Act 111, 1903.	18	1,134 78
Michigan Employment Institute for the Blind—Sec. 1, Act 160, 1903.	19	1,902 98
Michigan Home for the Incurable—Sec. 3, Act 109, 1903.	20	1,584 04
Michigan Asylum for the Insane—Sec. 3, Act 201, 1903.	21	98 79
Michigan Asylum—Sec. 3, Act 151, 1903.	22	1,467 95
W. P. Hospital for Insane—Sec. 3, Act 151, 1903.	23	1,840 95
State Asylum—Sec. 3, Act 151, 1903.	24	325 94
State Prison—Sec. 3, Act 151, 1903.	25	4,066 34
Michigan Reformatory—Sec. 3, Act 88, 1903.	26	213 86
The House of Correction and Branch Prison—Sec. 3, Act 186, 1903.	27	174 20
The Industrial School for Boys—Sec. 4, Act 174, 1903.	28	1,813 54
The Industrial School—Sec. 3, Act 15, 1903.	29	83 79
The Industrial School for Boys—Sec. 3, Act 220, 1903.	30	211 01
The State Industrial Home for Girls—Sec. 6, Act 122, 1903.	31	1,905 25
State Board of Fish Commission—Sec. 4, Act 106, 1903.	32	1,080 45
Compiling and copying records, Adjutant General's Office—Sec. 3, Act 131, 1903.	33	20 31
Dairy and Cattle Commission—Sec. 11, Act 230, 1903.	34	530 15
Michigan Dairywomen's Association—Sec. 3, Act 146, 1903.	35	7 03
State Board of Library Com-		

mission—Sec. 3, Act 146, 1903.
Michigan State Naval Brigade—Sec. 3, Act 6, 1903.
Michigan State Board of Health—Sec. 2, Act 140, 1901.
Michigan State Board of Health—Sec. 2, Act 241, 1891.
Michigan State Board of Health—Sec. 2, Act 142, 1897.
Michigan State Board of Health—Sec. 2, Act 246, 1905.
Michigan State Agricultural Society—Sec. 4, Act 85, 1903.
Michigan State Horticultural Society—Sec. 4, Act 85, 1903.
Michigan State Forestry Reserve—Sec. 5, Act 175, 1903.
Michigan State Forestry Reserve—Sec. 5, Act 178, 1903.
Michigan State Park—Sec. 3, Act 158, 1903.
Michigan Pioneer and Historical Society—Sec. 6, Act 128, 1903.
Andersonville Monument—Sec. 3, Act 103, 1903.
Memorial Place Monument—Monroe—J. R. 17, 1903.
Michigan Soldiers and Sailors' Records—Sec. 6, Act 147, 1903.
Board of Managers Louisiana Purchase Exposition—Sec. 4, Act 196, 1903.
State Highway Department—Sec. 9, Act 203, 1903.
Taxes for Prisoners—Current—1903—Sec. 1, Act 161, 1903.
Taxes for Asylums—Current—1903—Sec. 1, Act 160, 1903.
General Purposes—Sec. 1, Act 253, 1903.
Total State Tax.....\$93,854 58
There is also to be levied, as a portion of the county taxes, as required by Section 35, Act 206, laws of 1893, (unless paid prior to October first, 1903,) the indebtedness of your county to the State on the first day of July, 1903, then amounting to \$746.57.
The indebtedness of the county must not be added to the State tax.
You will cause the above to be laid before the Board of Supervisors of your county at this session in October, 1903.
Please acknowledge immediately the receipt of this notice.
Very respectfully,
PERRY F. POWERS,
Auditor General.
Mr. Warner from the Committee on Equalization reported the following as the footings of the various rolls of assessing districts of the county, and recommended that the equalized value be placed at the same sum as the assessed value:
The Committee on Equalizing make the following report for year 1903:
Real. Per. Total. Inc. Dec.
Ann Arbor City.....\$2,242.45 \$2,770.43 \$10,012.87 \$208.140
Ann Arbor Township.....903.890 114.210 1,017.900 21.690
Augusta Township.....694.150 117.200 811.350 4.300 (1902)
Bridgewater Township.....795.610 117.200 912.810 11.160
Dexter Township.....476.800 72.500 549.300 8.400
Freedom Township.....206.250 206.250 909.050 4.880
Lima Township.....773.290 278.240 1,051.530 4.685
Lodi Township.....913.450 101.320 1,014.770 4.550
Manchester Township.....1,152.965 295.910 1,448.875 98.270
Northfield Township.....142.950 106.050 249.000 8.870
Pittsfield Township.....1,019.350 260.700 1,280.050 4.850
Pittsfield Township.....1,089.079 104.145 893.224 2.680
Saline Township.....1,109.450 101.320 1,210.770 10.950
Salem Township.....1,040.030 258.310 1,298.340 3.910
Sharon Township.....1,040.500 154.770 1,195.270 3.010
Sylvan Township.....1,038.750 617.905 1,656.655 30.550
Webster Township.....744.120 152.210 896.330 12.410
York Township.....1,104.450 302.540 1,406.990 5.345
Ypsilanti Township.....1,976.475 1,176.790 3,153.265 42.090
Ypsilanti, 1st District.....754.850 229.790 1,014.640 4.500
The report was accepted and adopted.
Mr. Jedele from the Committee on Finance reported recommending that the amount to be raised as county tax be fixed at \$46,200, as follows:
County and contingent fund.....\$34,000 00
Public building fund.....4,000 00
Jury fund.....400 00
Witness fund.....1,800 00
Board of School Examiner's fund.....1,600 00
Stenographer fund.....1,700 00
Poor fund.....2,000 00
Fuel and light.....2,000 00
Asylum.....3,000 00
Salaries county officers.....6,700 00
Salary of circuit judge.....2,500 00
Total.....\$62,200 00
Estimated amount of liquor tax 16,000 00
Total.....\$46,200 00
Which report was accepted and adopted.
Mr. Raymond moved that the resolution giving additional salary to Judge Kinne be re-considered, which was carried as follows:
Yeas—Bilbie, McGuire, Detting, Haist, Grosshans, Gorman, Taylor, Munn, Lutz, Raymond, Shankland, Wheeler, Holmes, Damon, McCullough, Hutzel—16.
Nays—Miner, Oesterlin, Donnelly, Weeks, Kitson, Schumacher, Lawson, Walter, Landwehr, Jedele, Sweetland, Warner—12.
Mr. Raymond moved that the additional salary of the Hon. E. D. Kinne be fixed at fifteen hundred dollars, which was carried as follows:
Yeas—Miner, Bilbie, McGuire, Detting, Haist, Grosshans, Gorman, Taylor, Munn, Lutz, Jedele, Raymond, Shankland, Wheeler, Holmes, Damon, McCullough—18.
Nays—Oesterlin, Donnelly, Weeks, Kitson, Schumacher, Lawson, Landwehr, Hutzel, Sweetland, Warner—10.
The Board adjourned until tomorrow.
JOHN R. MINER,
Clerk pro tem.
GEO. WALTERS Chairman.
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1903.
Board met at 10:30 a. m.
Roll called, quorum present.
Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.
Mr. Damon from special committee reported as follows:
Your committee to whom was referred the matter of inspecting the copy of the transcript in the Register of Deeds' office have had the matter under due consideration and respectfully report that we find the work has been done in an elegant manner and has been subscribed and sworn to by the Register of Deeds as being a true and correct copy, and we would recommend that the sum of \$100 as agreed be paid for the same.
S. DAMON.
E. OESTERLIN.
M. MCGUIRE.
Which report was accepted and adopted.
A communication was read from the State Board of Corrections and Charities, which was received and placed on file.
Mr. Landwehr offered the following:
Resolved, that an allowance and appropriation of \$400 be and is hereby made for the Probate Register so that the salary of that officer will amount to \$1,000, the sum at which this allowance has been heretofore fixed, and an appropriation made accordingly in former years. Which resolution was lost as follows:
Yeas—Miner, Oesterlin, Weeks, Schumacher, Bilbie, Walter, Detting, Haist, Grosshans, Landwehr, Lutz, Jedele, Raymond, Sweetland—14.
Nays—Fischer, Donnelly, Kitson, Lawson, McGuire, Gorman, Hutzel, Taylor, Munn, Shankland, Wheeler, Warner, Holmes, Damon, McCullough—15.
Mr. Schumacher from Committee on Apportionment of State and County Tax reported that said apportionment be made as follows:
State Tax County Tax
Ann Arbor City.....\$26,852 16 \$13,217 82
Ann Arbor Town.....2,703 00 1,330 56
Augusta.....2,158 65 1,062 60
Bridgewater.....2,534 06 1,247 40
Dexter.....1,464 13 720 72
Freedom.....2,412 05 1,187 34
Lima.....2,796 85 1,376 76
Lodi.....2,796 85 1,376 76
Lyndon.....1,267 03 623 70
Manchester.....3,381 16 1,709 16
Northfield.....1,989 71 979 44
Pittsfield.....3,359 98 1,653 98
Salem.....2,374 51 1,168 86
Saline.....3,453 83 1,709 16
Scho.....3,444 44 1,695 54
Sharon.....2,430 82 1,196 58
Superior.....2,975 17 1,464 54
Sylvan.....2,401 75 1,196 58
Webster.....2,383 89 1,173 48
York.....3,735 89 1,838 76
Ypsilanti.....3,397 52 1,672 44
Ypsilanti, 1st Dist.....3,381 16 1,672 44
Ypsilanti, 2d Dist.....2,093 61 1,025 94
Total.....\$93,854 58 \$46,200 00
Which report was accepted and adopted.
Mr. Miner from Committee to Settle with County Officers reported as follows:
The undersigned Committee to Settle with County Officers report that they have carefully examined the books and vouchers in the office of the County Treasurer and find the same correct and that the balance of \$4,853.86 was on hand in bank and in cash October 1, 1903. Signed,
JOHN R. MINER.
HENRY LANDWEHR.
M. MCGUIRE.
Which report was accepted and adopted.
Also the Committee to Settle with County Officers report the following account which they have examined and found correct:
Washtenaw County, In account with Philip Blum:
To recording 546 births at 6c.....\$32 76
To recording 675 deaths at 6c.....39 12
To recording 356 marriages at 2c 21 36
To recording 83 divorce proceedings.....41 50
To 108 tax cases.....309 00
Total.....\$443 74
By entry fees collected.....\$164 00
By jury fees collected.....72 00
By telephone receipts.....208 00
By fines and costs collected.....208 00
Total.....\$443 74
Due clerk.....\$443 74
Due county.....\$ 56
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1903.
Board met at 10:30 a. m.
Roll called, quorum present.
Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.
Mr. Grosshans from the Committee on Per Diem and Mileage reported the following amounts due the several Supervisors as compensation for attendance at this session:
Miles Days Am't Due
John R. Miner.....1 12 \$36 12
Eugene Oesterlin.....1 12 36 12
John C. Fischer.....1 12 36 12
Joseph Donnelly.....1 12 36 12
Geo. W. Walters.....1 12 36 12
Arthur J. Kitson.....1 12 36 12
Bert F. Schumacher.....1 12 36 12
Frank Sweetland.....1 12 36 12
John Lawson.....16 12 576 00
Geo. Walter.....38 12 1368 00
M. E. McGuire.....20 12 720 00
Fred C. Haist.....14 12 504 00
M. F. Grosshans.....9 12 324 00
Edward Gorman.....22 12 792 00
Henry Landwehr.....17 12 612 00
T. Frank Taylor.....10 12 360 00
W. Alfred Hutzel.....4 12 144 00
John Munn.....15 12 540 00
John Tetz.....14 12 504 00
Jacob Jedele.....9 12 324 00
M. L. Raymond.....25 12 900 00
Robt. Shankland.....5 12 180 00
Frank Wheeler.....10 12 360 00
Edward D. Warner.....16 12 576 00
Edgar D. Holmes.....12 12 432 00
Ruben Damon.....10 12 360 00
Elmer B. McCullough 10 12 360 00
Which report was accepted and adopted, and the Clerk was directed to

draw orders on the Treasurer for the same.
The matter of prize for prisoners' board, postponed yesterday, was taken up and on motion the action had October 22 was ordered stricken from the records and the price of prisoners' board to remain as fixed in 1902 and to so remain for the term for which the Sheriff has been elected.
Mr. Raymond moved that Supervisor Damon be authorized to correct the description of what is known as the Hawkins House property and the Klock property, so that they shall be properly described. Carried.
Mr. Warner moved to reconsider the vote adopting the report of the special committee on County Hospital, which motion was lost by a rising vote. Yeas, 7; nays, 14.
Mr. Miner offered the following resolution:
Resolved, that the County Clerk is hereby instructed to take all necessary steps to submit to the qualified voters of the county at the election to be held on the first Monday in April, 1904, the question of issuing bonds of the county for \$30,000 for the purchase of land and to build a County Hospital.
Which resolution was adopted.
Mr. Sweetland moved to appropriate the sum of \$100,00 in addition to the present allowance to the Commissioner of Schools for clerk hire, which motion was lost by the following vote:
Yeas—Miner, Weeks, Schumacher, McGuire, Gorman, Sweetland—6.
Nays—Oesterlin, Fischer, Donnelly, Kitson, Bilbie, Lawson, Walters, Detting, Haist, Grosshans, Landwehr, Hutzel, Jedele, Raymond, Shankland, Wheeler, Warner, Holmes, Damon, McCullough—20.
Board adjourned sine die.
GEORGE WALTERS,
Chairman.
JOHN R. MINER,
Clerk Pro Tem.
JINGLES AND JESTS.
The Maid and the Mirror.
A looking glass was looking
For some one to pass the glass,
And a maiden who was passing
Saw a distorted figure pass.
So the glass cast some reflections
Not pleasing to the maid,
For the picture in the mirror
Was not the maid as made.
—Cincinnati Tribune.
VARIAG CAPTAIN'S REQUEST.
Russian Cruiser's Commander Asked British Officer to Sink His Ship.
The Seoul correspondent of the London Mail in the course of a descriptive narrative of the Chemulpo battle between the Japanese and Russian fleets says that before the fight the captain of the Russian cruiser Variag held a conference with the British, French and Italian captains aboard the British cruiser Talbot, in which he asked for the protection of a foreign warship in leaving the harbor. The request was refused.
The British launch delivered a protest to the Japanese admiral immediately before the action. The Americans present refrained from attending the naval conference or partaking in the demonstration, although some of the Russian wounded were received on board the United States gunboat Vicksburg.
While the Variag was being sunk her captain, fearing that the Japanese would reach the vessel before she settled down, requested the captain of the Talbot to fire at her water line. This request was also refused.
The cruiser Iwate had her three decks pierced by a shell, and the battleship Tuli's smokestack was destroyed. No ship, however, was injured to the extent of necessitating drydocking.
A Hard Winter on the Farmers.
There is little doubt that many of the residents of the rural communities of Vermont are enduring hardships as the result of the unusually severe winter, says the Rutland (Vt.) News. An evidence of this fact is the report that fewer cattle are being shipped from Vermont than for many years as the result of the extreme difficulty in getting the cattle from the remote places to the railroads. As many farmers depend to a large extent for their winter revenue upon the sale of cattle, especially calves, the fact that they are unable to get them to market must make a scarcity of money in many families.
Big Frog Farm on Swamp Land.
A Marshall (Mich.) man will engage in frog farming, starting with about 300 acres of swamp as an experiment, says the Detroit Tribune. H. L. Conklin is the man. He figures that by feeding the batrachians so as to get them fat in the fall just before they bury themselves in the mud for their winter nap they can be dug up and marketed during cold weather at remunerative prices. Michigan has some splendid froggeries, and if Conklin succeeds to any great extent it will be a long jump in the direction of cheaper meats.
Mountain Climbing in an Automobile.
Inspired by the success of Captain Denay in a Martini automobile in making the ascent of a Swiss mountain last fall, Harvey Du Cros, Jr., a well known English automobilist, recently attempted the ascent of Mount Snowden in a fifteen horsepower Ariel, following the line of a mountain railway, says the New York Herald. The distance is five miles, and the grade averages one in five. More than three-fourths of the climb was made when huge snowdrifts prevented further progress. The car was specially geared for the trial.

A SAFE DIET RULE.
Eat the Smallest Amount of Food That Will Preserve Health.
How shall one determine how much food to eat? Too much mystery has been thrown about this subject. Let your sensations decide. It must be kept in mind that the entire function of digestion and assimilation is carried on without conscious supervision or concurrence. It should be entirely unfeeling and unknown, excepting by the feeling of bien etre which accompanies and follows its normal accomplishment. Satiety is bad. It implies a sensation of fullness in the region of the stomach, and that means that too much food has been taken. The exact correspondence in a healthy animal between the appetite and the amount of food required is extraordinary. As a rule, the meal, unless eaten very slowly, should cease before the appetite is entirely satisfied, because a little time is required for the outlying organs and tissues to feel the effects of the food that has been ingested. If too little has been taken, it is easy enough to make it up at the next meal, and the appetite will be only the better and the food more grateful.
No one was ever sorry for having voluntarily eaten too little, while millions every day repent having eaten too much. It has been said that the great lesson homeopathy taught the world was this—that whereas physicians had been in the habit of giving the patient the largest dose he could stand, they have been led to see that their purpose was better subserved by giving him the smallest dose that would produce the desired effect. And so it is with food. Instead of eating, as most people unfortunately do, as much as they can, they should eat the smallest amount that will keep them in good health.—Roger S. Tracy in Century.
THE MINISTER'S WIFE.
She Has Her Trials and Sorrows, but Also Her Reward.
The minister's wife exercises the statesmanship necessary to maintain a well ordered and cultured home on a small income—a home constantly under inspection by the whole parish. She sets a fashion in becoming dress which tones up the taste of many of her parishioners whose husbands' incomes are two or three times as large as the minister's salary. She is the pastor and the actual head of the too numerous women's and children's organizations in the church, and she manages to keep most of the jealousies of their leaders from coming to the surface. She listens sympathetically to the confidences of the young women of the congregation, and the small wedding fees which occasionally fall into her lap are meager wages for all the time and thought she has given and the teas she has served to bring about these weddings—services which her neighbors may laugh at, but which are the most delicate and valuable of all ministries when they issue in happy homes.
She knows the pains, the joys and the sorrows of motherhood, and she has strengthened the courage of many a shrinking wife faltering on the threshold of an unknown realm. When she has closed the eyes of the darling of her heart in the last sleep she goes out to cheer weary watchers by sick beds and to give her silent sympathy to mourners who will not be comforted. She holds her queenly way in poverty, trial and not seldom under unkind and unjust criticism, and as she grows older a light radiates from her patient face which moves discerning friends who otherwise would pity her to say, "Verily, she has her reward!"—Congregationalist.
She Was Too Enthusiastic.
"Teaching to me," said an enthusiastic young schoolmistress, "is a holy calling. To sow in the young mind the seeds of future knowledge and watch them as they grow and develop is a pleasure greater than I can tell. I never weary of my work. My thoughts are only of—"
"I am very sorry," interrupted the young man to whom she was talking, "that you are so devoted to your profession, Miss Clara. I had hoped that some day I might have asked you—in fact, I called tonight—but I hardly dare go on, in the light of what you say."
"You may go on, Mr. Smith," said the young lady softly. "I am a little too enthusiastic at times perhaps."
She Had to Forgive.
Mrs. Winks—Mrs. Ayres and her husband have had a dreadful quarrel just because she gave him a letter to mail and he carried it around in his pockets for a week. Isn't it too silly of her? Mr. Winks—Maybe that would make you mad too. Mrs. Winks—Oh, John, I wouldn't lose my temper over a little thing like that. Mr. Winks—I'm glad to hear you say it, my dear. I just recall that I've still got that letter you gave me last Wednesday.—Philadelphia Press.
Escaped Her Notice.
"How did you like the way the minister almost adverted upon our colloquialisms last Sunday?" asked Mrs. Oldcastle.
"I didn't notice it," replied her hostess. "Me and Josiah were crowded out of our own pew and had to set where we couldn't see him when he wasn't standin' up."—Chicago Record-Herald.
The Spinster Aunt's Opinion.
Carrie—Do you think a woman is justified in marrying a man she doesn't know? Aunt Jane—She certainly wouldn't be justified in marrying a man she did know.—Boston Transcript.
Nothing in It.
"I understand, professor, that Miss Squawker is coming to you to cultivate her voice. Is there anything in it?"
"Not for her."—Houston Post.

of Deeds as being a true and correct copy, and we would recommend that the sum of \$100 as agreed be paid for the same.
S. DAMON.
E. OESTERLIN.
M. MCGUIRE.
Which report was accepted and adopted.
A communication was read from the State Board of Corrections and Charities, which was received and placed on file.
Mr. Landwehr offered the following:
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Nays—Fischer, Donnelly, Kitson, Lawson, McGuire, Gorman, Hutzel, Taylor, Munn, Shankland, Wheeler, Warner, Holmes, Damon, McCullough—15.
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Lodi.....2,796 85 1,376 76
Lyndon.....1,267 03 623 70
Manchester.....3,381 16 1,709 16
Northfield.....1,989 71 979 44
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Salem.....2,374 51 1,168 86
Saline.....3,453 83 1,709 16
Scho.....3,444 44 1,695 54
Sharon.....2,430 82 1,196 58
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Sylvan.....2,401 75 1,196 58
Webster.....2,383 89 1,173 48
York.....3,735 89 1,838 76
Ypsilanti.....3,397 52 1,672 44
Ypsilanti, 1st Dist.....3,381 16 1,672 44
Ypsilanti, 2d Dist.....2,093 61 1,025 94
Total.....\$93,854 58 \$46,200 00
Which report was accepted and adopted.
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JOHN R. MINER.
HENRY LANDWEHR.
M. MCGUIRE.
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To recording 83 divorce proceedings.....41 50
To 108 tax cases.....309 00
Total.....\$443 74
By entry fees collected.....\$164 00
By jury fees collected.....72 00
By telephone receipts.....208 00
By fines and costs collected.....208 00
Total.....\$443 74
Due clerk.....\$443 74
Due county.....\$ 56
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1903.
Board met at 10:30 a. m.
Roll called, quorum present.
Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.
Mr. Grosshans from the Committee on Per Diem and Mileage reported the following amounts due the several Supervisors as compensation for attendance at this session:
Miles Days Am't Due
John R. Miner.....1 12 \$36 12
Eugene Oesterlin.....1 12 36 12
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Arthur J. Kitson.....1 12 36 12
Bert F. Schumacher.....1 12 36 12
Frank Sweetland.....1 12 36 12
John Lawson.....16 12 576 00
Geo. Walter.....38 12 1368 00
M. E. McGuire.....20 12 720 00
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M. F. Grosshans.....9 12 324 00
Edward Gorman.....22 12 792 00
Henry Landwehr.....17 12 612 00
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John Munn.....15 12 540 00
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Frank Wheeler.....10 12 360 00
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Edgar D. Holmes.....12 12 432 00
Ruben Damon.....10 12 360 00
Elmer B. McCullough 10 12 360 00
Which report was accepted and adopted, and the Clerk was directed to